GHOSTS Probing the Outskirts of Disk Galaxies

Roelof de Jong (AIP)

Galaxy Halos Outer Disks Substructure Thick Disks Star Olusters **GHOSTS Survey team: PI: Roelof de Jong (AIP) Jeremy Bailin (UM) Eric Bell (UM)** Tom Brown (STScI) **James Bullock (UC Irving) Stephane Courteau (Queens) Julianne Dalcanton (UW)** Harry Ferguson (STScI) Paul Goudfrooij (STScl) Sherie Holfeltz (STScl) **Benne Holwerda (ESA)** Antonela Monachesi (UM) **Chris Purcell (Pittsburgh)** Anil Seth (CfA/Utah) **Jonathan Sick (Rice) David Streich (AIP) David Radburn-Smith (UW)** Marija Vlajic (AIP) Dan Zucker (Macquarie/AAO)



GHOSTS The Survey

- GHOSTS samples the resolved stellar populations in the outskirts of 16+ nearby disk galaxies with a large HST ACS/WFPC2/WFC3 survey
- HST allows us to go to larger distances (more galaxies), denser regions (disk outskirts) and larger radii (less contamination)
- Science goals of GHOSTS:
 - Structure, substructure and metallicities of stellar halos
 - Stellar age/metallicity distributions in disk outskirts (scaleheigth/length, disk heating, truncations, warps)
 - Globular cluster systems

NGC 0247 NGC 0253 **NGC 0891 NGC 2403** NGC 3031 **NGC 4945** NGC 4244 **NGC 4565** NGC 4631 NGC 4736 NGC 5023 IC 5052 NGC 5236 **NGC 5907 NGC 7793** NGC 7814





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GHOSTS Resolved Stars - NGC 253



GHOSTS Resolved Stars - NGC 253

IMACS (Magellan)



Bailin et al. (2011)

GHOSTS Resolved Stars - NGC 253

IMACS (Magellan)

GHOSTS (HST)





Blank (high-z) field from archive

GHOSTS Stellar Halo Field







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GHOSTS Sample Overview

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NGC 7793

NGC 7814



• Most galaxies fitted with single Sersic spheroid and exponential disk Roelof de Jong (AIP)





- Larger galaxies have fractionally larger envelopes (Purcell et al 2009)
- Profiles correlate more with bulge-to-disk ratio than V_{rot}
- Inner halos are compact (Sersic n~5) and flat (c/a~0.3)

GHOSTS Stellar Minor Axis Profiles



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GHOSTS Stellar Halo Metallicities





NGC 5907

NGC 7793

NGC 7814



NGC 7793

NGC 7814



Monachesi et al., in prep.

GHOSTS MW Globular Clusters





- Most galaxies no significant color gradients between 20-80 kpc
- RGB halos of small galaxies bluer than most metal-poor MW globulars, probably younger population



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GHOSTS Stellar Streams

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GHOSTS M83: A new dwarf companion?



GHOSTS M83: A new dwarf companion?



- M83 surrounded by large HI streams
- Possible origin:
 - primordial accretion
 - gas rich satellite
 - tidal stripping



4MOST - 4m Multi-Object Spectroscopic Telescope

- Next generation spectroscopic survey facility selected for the VISTA telescope of ESO
- Specs:
 - 2.5 degree diameter Field-of-View
 - 2400 fibres
 - Resolution R~5000 and R~20,000
 - Wavelength 390-930 nm
- Permanent survey mode for 5 years with many surveys in parallel starting in 2019
- Will observe >20 million objects in 5 years
- Ideal for complement Gaia mission for MW halo studies, eROSITA galaxy cluster dark halos, lensing imaging surveys, etc.



4MOST MW halo survey

- Obtaining spectra of >10⁶ halo stars allows:
 - Determining the Milky Way 3D potential from streams to ~100 kpc
 - Measuring the effect of baryons:
 - has there been significant adiabatic contraction?
 - is there a disk-like DM component?
 - does the DM respond to the bar?
 - \bullet Determine the mass spectrum of Dark Matter halo substructure by the kinematic effects on cold streams of $10^3 \text{---} 10^5$ M $_{\odot}$



Cooper+ (2010)



GHOSTS Summary

GHOSTS Summary

- Stellar halos are very compact (Sersic index 4-6)
- Inner halos (<25 kpc) are very flattened (c/a ~ 0.3–0.4)
- Substructure in stellar halos is diverse
 streams, young & old dwarfs
- RGB stars show no significant color gradient (i.e. metallicity gradient) between 20 and 80 kpc
- RGB halo stars of small galaxies are bluer than the most metalpoor MW globular clusters (hence younger)

http://archive.stsci.edu/prepds/ghosts