# Secular evolution in the green valley

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## **Bimodality in colors**



Willmer+06

### The mass flux density



 $\Phi(M_r, NUV - r) = \Phi_B(M_r) \langle \tau(M_r, NUV - r; \xi) \rangle$ 

- Stellar mass
- Number density
- Transition timescales

## Spectroscopic indices to determine star formation history of galaxies



#### Kauffmann+03







Martin+07



## The universe was forming stars more at a faster rate in the past



Hopkins+06

#### Downsizing!!



# The CM diagram and the Luminosity function at z~0.8



Luminosity functions are systematically shifted conça towards brighter magnitudes at higher redshift

#### D<sub>n</sub>(4000) vs H<sub>d,A</sub>





Deepest spectra ever taken of green valley galaxies (8-9hr Keck)

Galaxies move across the green valley more rapidly at z~0.8



#### Gonçalves+12



Mass flux density happens in fainter, less massive galaxies in recent times

The mass flux density evolution agrees with the growth of the red sequence (Faber et al. 2007)



"Top-down" scenario for the evolution of the red sequence:

- Massive red galaxies form earlier from quenching of star formation in massive spirals
- This process moves to low-mass galaxies in the local universe
  - Downsizing!



## Evolution of the CM diagram



## Physical processes?



#### Peng+10

### Bars and secular evolution



#### Nogueira-Cavalcante+, in prep

EGS, HST/ACS, z~0.8 Lotz+08



Ellipticity determination (Menéndez-Delmestre+07)





## Summary

- Through deep spectroscopy, we can estimate the star formation history of galaxies at z~0.8
- The evolution of the mass flux density: at earlier times, faster transtion happening in more massive galaxies
- "Top-down" scenario: more massive galaxies in the red sequence were formed earlier, and less massive objects fill in at later times
  - Bars appear to indicate slow quenching. More secular evolution at low-z?

## **Correcting for extinction**

#### **Contamination:**

Up to 70% of the green valley galaxies are dusty starbursts detected in MIPS 24um



#### Extinction-corrected CM diagram

## Star formation acceleration (SFA)

#### GALAXY PHYSICAL PARAMETERS (GPP) ACROSS THE UVOCMD.





Martin, Gonçalves et al. 2013

#### Example spectra

#### Spectral features are distinguishable down to r~24



Gonçalves+12

## Bars come AFTER quenching? Increased bar fraction in the red sequence



Masters+12



No evolution in central density or velocity dispersion after quenching

We will be able to correlate quenching timescales with bar properties - at low AND high redshift

Fang+13