

Problem 12:

$$K(q'', q', t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_e e^{i\ell(q'' - q')} e^{-\frac{i\hbar t}{2m\ell^2} (\ell - \phi/\phi_0)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_e e^{2\pi i z \ell} e^{i\pi \tau (\ell - \phi/\phi_0)^2}$$

wik  $z := \frac{q'' - q'}{2\pi}$ ,  $\tau := -\frac{\hbar t}{2m\ell^2 \pi}$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} e^{i\pi \tau \frac{\phi^2}{\phi_0^2}} \sum_e \underbrace{e^{2\pi i z \ell} e^{-2\pi i \tau \frac{\phi}{\phi_0} \ell}}_{\exp\{2\pi i \ell (z - \tau \frac{\phi}{\phi_0})\}} e^{i\pi \tau \ell^2} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} e^{i\pi \tau \frac{\phi^2}{\phi_0^2}} \Theta\left(z - \tau \frac{\phi}{\phi_0} \mid \tau\right) \quad \tilde{z} := z - \tau \frac{\phi}{\phi_0}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} e^{i\pi \tau \frac{\phi^2}{\phi_0^2}} \sqrt{\frac{i}{\tau}} e^{-i\pi \frac{\tilde{z}^2}{\tau}} \Theta\left(\frac{\tilde{z}}{\tau} \mid -\frac{1}{\tau}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \exp\left\{i\pi \tau \left(\frac{\phi^2}{\phi_0^2} - \frac{\tilde{z}^2}{\tau^2}\right)\right\} \sqrt{\frac{i}{\tau}} \sum_n \exp\left\{i\pi n^2 \left(-\frac{1}{\tau}\right) + 2\pi i n \frac{\tilde{z}}{\tau}\right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \exp\left\{i\pi \tau \left(\frac{\phi^2}{\phi_0^2} - \frac{\tilde{z}^2}{\tau^2} + 2\frac{\tilde{z}}{\tau} \frac{\phi}{\phi_0} - \frac{\phi^2}{\phi_0^2}\right)\right\} \sqrt{\frac{i}{\tau}} \sum_n \exp\left\{-\frac{i\pi}{\tau} (n^2 - 2n\tilde{z})\right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{i}{\tau}} \exp\left\{i\pi \tau \left(2\frac{\tilde{z}}{\tau} \frac{\phi}{\phi_0} - \frac{\tilde{z}^2}{\tau^2}\right)\right\} \sum_n \exp\left\{-\frac{i\pi}{\tau} \left(\frac{n^2}{2} - \frac{2n\tilde{z}}{2} + \frac{2n\tilde{z}}{1} \frac{\phi}{\phi_0}\right)\right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{i}{\tau}} \sum_n \exp\left\{-\frac{2\pi i n}{1} \frac{\phi}{\phi_0}\right\} \exp\left\{-\frac{i\pi}{\tau} \left(\frac{n^2}{2} - \frac{2n\tilde{z}}{2} + \frac{\tilde{z}^2}{4}\right) + \frac{2\pi i \tilde{z}}{5} \frac{\phi}{\phi_0}\right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{i}{\tau}} \sum_n \exp\left\{i(q'' - q' - 2\pi n) \frac{\phi}{\phi_0}\right\} \exp\left\{-i\frac{\pi}{\tau} (n - \tilde{z})^2\right\}$$

$$= \sum_{n \rightarrow -\infty} \sqrt{\frac{m\ell^2}{2\pi i \hbar t}} e^{i(q'' - q' + 2\pi n) \frac{\phi}{\phi_0}} \exp\left\{\frac{i}{\tau} \frac{m\ell^2}{2\hbar t} (q'' - q' + 2\pi n)^2\right\}$$

Problem 13:  $z := \hbar\omega\beta$  small,  $\omega^2 = \frac{1}{m}V''(x)$

$$S(x, x, \beta) = \sqrt{\frac{m\omega}{2\pi\hbar\sinh z}} \exp\left\{-\frac{m\omega}{\hbar} \frac{V'}{V''} \frac{\cosh z - 1}{\sinh z}\right\} e^{-\beta(V - \frac{V'^2}{2V''})}$$

$$\sinh z \approx z + \frac{1}{3!}z^3 = z\left(1 + \frac{z^2}{6}\right) \approx \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sinh z}} \approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}}\left(1 - \frac{z^2}{12}\right)$$

$$\frac{\cosh z - 1}{\sinh z} \approx \frac{\frac{1}{2}z^2 + \frac{1}{4!}z^4}{z\left(1 + \frac{z^2}{6}\right)} \approx \frac{z}{2} \frac{1 + \frac{z^2}{12}}{1 + \frac{z^2}{6}} \approx \frac{z}{2}\left(1 - \frac{z^2}{12}\right)$$

$$S(x, x, \beta) = \sqrt{\frac{m\omega}{2\pi\hbar z}} \left(1 - \frac{z^2}{12}\right) \exp\left\{-\frac{m\omega}{\hbar} \frac{V'}{V''} \frac{z}{2}\left(1 - \frac{z^2}{12}\right)\right\} e^{-\beta(V - \frac{V'^2}{2V''})}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{m}{2\pi\hbar^2\beta}} \left(1 - \frac{z^2}{12}\right) \exp\left\{-\frac{m\omega z}{2\hbar} \frac{V'}{V''}\left(1 - \frac{z^2}{12}\right)\right\} e^{-\beta(V - \frac{V'^2}{2V''})}$$

$$\exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2} \frac{V'^2}{V''}\left(1 - \frac{z^2}{12}\right)\right\}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{m}{2\pi\hbar^2\beta}} e^{-\beta V} \left(1 - \frac{z^2}{12}\right) \exp\left\{+\frac{\beta}{2} \frac{V'^2}{V''} \frac{z^2}{12}\right\}$$

$$\approx \sqrt{\frac{m}{2\pi\hbar^2\beta}} e^{-\beta V} \left(1 - \frac{z^2}{12}\right) \left(1 + \frac{\beta V'^2}{24V''z^2}\right)$$

$$1 - \frac{\hbar^2\beta^2\omega^2}{12} + \frac{\beta V'^2}{24} \frac{\hbar^2\beta^2\omega^2}{\hbar^2\beta^2} = 1 - \frac{\hbar^2\beta^2}{12m} \left(V''(x) - \frac{\beta}{2}V''(x)\right)$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{m}{2\pi\hbar^2\beta}} e^{-\beta V(x)} \left(1 + \frac{\hbar^2\beta^2}{24m} (\beta V'^2(x) - 2V''(x))\right)$$

with  $\int dx e^{-\beta V(x)} V''(x) = -\int dx (-\beta V') e^{-\beta V} V' = \int dx \beta V'^2 e^{-\beta V}$

Partition function:

$$Z(\beta) = \int dx g(x, x_1(\beta))$$

$$\approx \int dx \sqrt{\frac{m}{2\pi\hbar^2\beta}} e^{-\beta V(x)} \left(1 - \frac{\hbar^2\beta^3}{24m} V'(x)^2\right)$$

$$\approx \int dx \sqrt{\frac{m}{2\pi\hbar^2\beta}} e^{-\beta V(x)} \left(1 - \frac{\hbar^2\beta^2}{24m} V''(x)\right)$$

$$\leadsto Z(\beta) = \sqrt{\frac{m}{2\pi\hbar^2\beta}} \int dx e^{-\beta V_{\text{eff}}(x)}$$

with

$$V_{\text{eff}}(x) = V(x) + \frac{\hbar^2\beta^2}{24m} V'(x)^2 = V(x) + \frac{\hbar^2\beta}{24m} V''(x)$$



See Feynman-Hellmann

Problem 10-2