

1. Homework in "Group Theory for Physicists"

SoSe 22

Let $Z_2 := \{\sigma \mid \sigma = \pm 1\}$ form a group of order 2 with group composition law being the usual multiplication of its elements.

Problem 1: Cayley's theorem

Show that for arbitrary well-behaved finite values $f(\pm 1) \in \mathbb{C}$, i.e. $|f(\pm 1)| < \infty$,

$$f : \begin{array}{l} Z_2 \rightarrow \{f(1), f(-1)\} \\ \sigma \mapsto f(\sigma) \end{array} ,$$

Cayley's theorem (rearrangement theorem) is valid, that is,

$$\sum_{\sigma \in Z_2} f(\sigma\sigma_0) = \sum_{\sigma \in Z_2} f(\sigma), \quad \forall \sigma_0 \in Z_2.$$

Calculate the sum for $f(\sigma) = \sigma$ and $f(\sigma) = \sigma^2$ and show that

$$\exp\{\alpha\sigma\} = \cosh(\alpha) + \sigma \sinh(\alpha), \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Problem 2: The one-dimensional Ising model

Now we assume to have a one-dimensional lattice consisting of $(N + 1)$ sites enumerated by i , i.e. $i \in \{1, 2, \dots, N + 1\}$. To each site is attached a "spin" degree of freedom (Ising model) $\sigma_i \in Z_2$. The total energy of this system shall be given by

$$H := -J \sum_{i=1}^N \sigma_i \sigma_{i+1}, \quad J \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Calculate the partition function (by using the results of Problem 1)

$$Z(\beta) := \sum_{\sigma_1 \in Z_2} \cdots \sum_{\sigma_{N+1} \in Z_2} \exp\{-\beta H\}, \quad \beta = 1/k_B T.$$

Compare this with the result for periodic boundary conditions, i.e.

$$Z_{PB}(\beta) := \sum_{\sigma_1 \in Z_2} \cdots \sum_{\sigma_N \in Z_2} \exp\{-\beta H\} \quad \text{with} \quad \sigma_{N+1} = \sigma_1.$$