

GRBs as Cosmological Probes: Cosmic Chemical Evolution

Sandra Savaglio
MPE – Garching

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Hsiao-Wen Chen (*U. of Chicago*)
David Crampton (*NRC, Victoria*)
Mike Fall (*STScI*)
Karl Glazebrook (*Hopkins University*)
Stéphanie Juneau (*Steward Observatory*)
Damien Le Borgne (*Saclay, Paris*)
Pat McCarthy (*Carnegie Observatories*)

Background

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① Light elements formed during Big Bang

→ 75% hydrogen, 25% deuterium, 0.01% helium, <0.01% lithium

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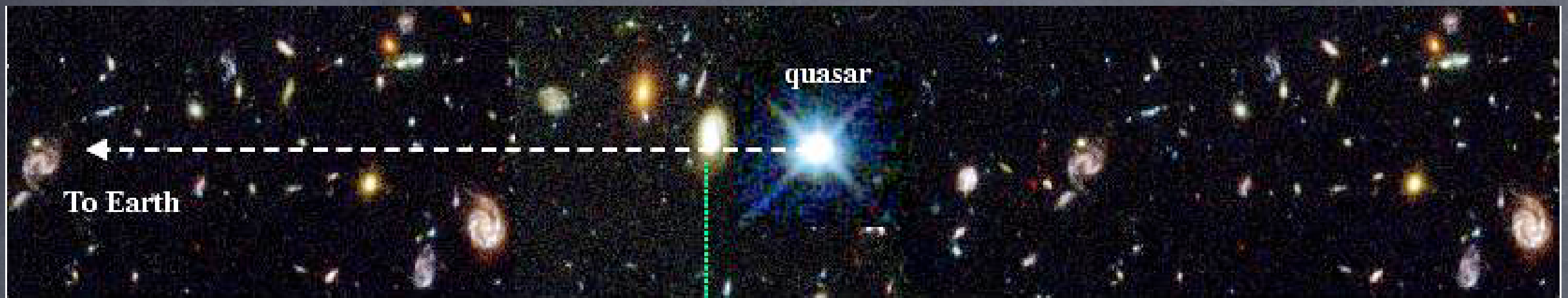
② Elements heavier than lithium formed later

→ Stars, supernovae of different types

③ Today in the solar neighborhood (13.5 billions years later):

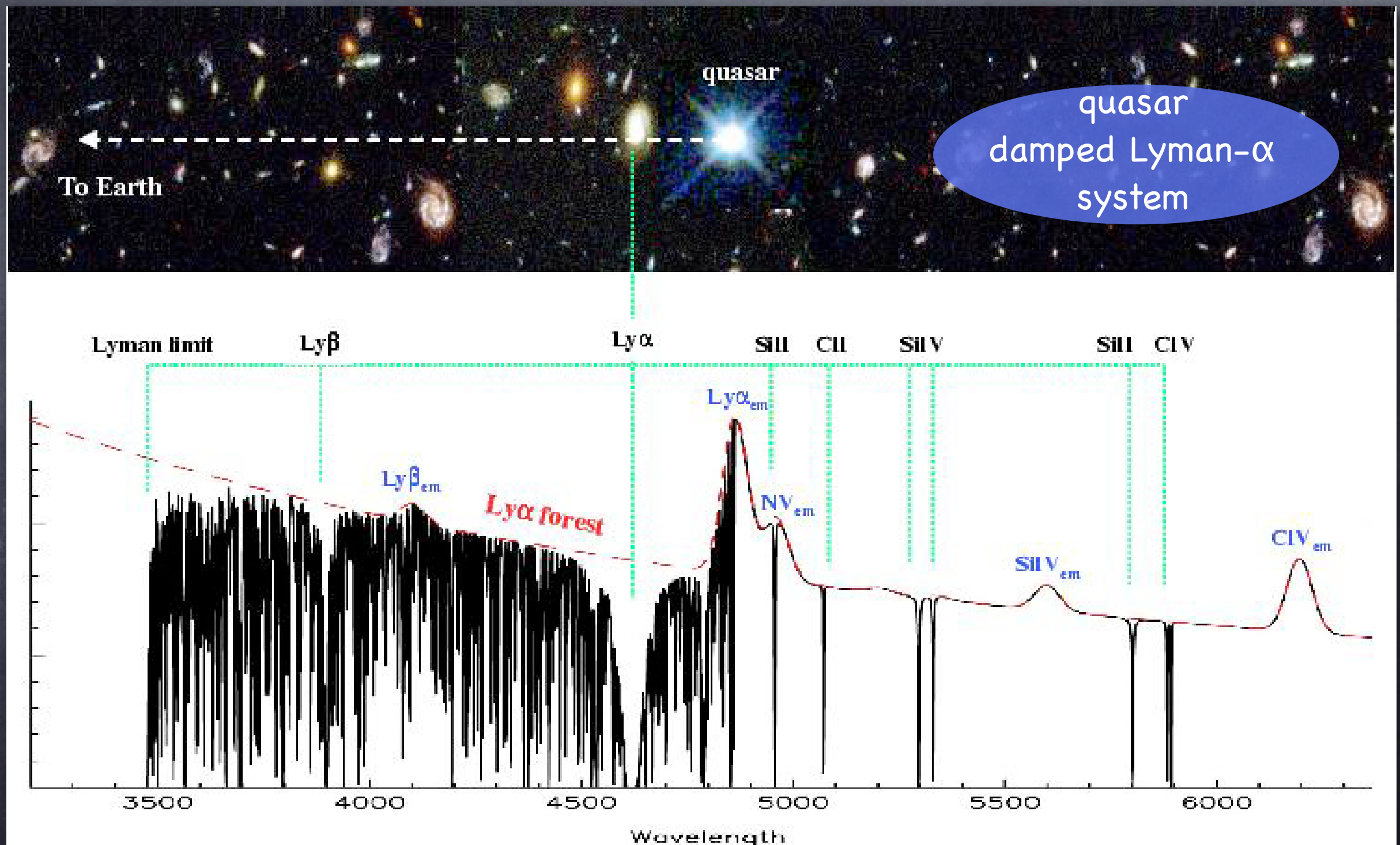
→ 71% hydrogen, 27% helium + 2% all other elements

Chemical enrichment of the interstellar medium



(Courtesy of John Webb)

Chemical enrichment of the interstellar medium



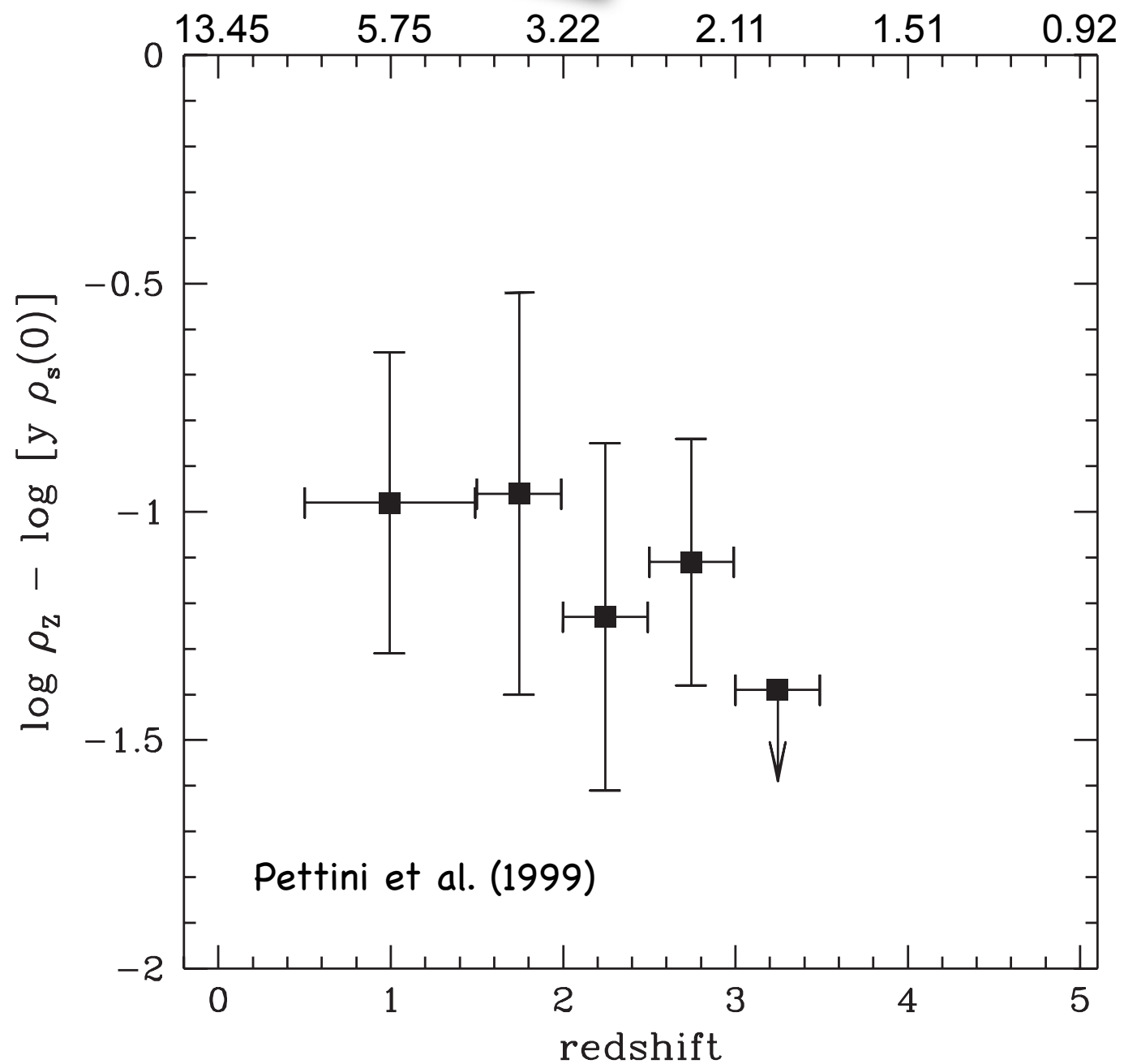
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Age of the universe (Gyr)



Chemical enrichment

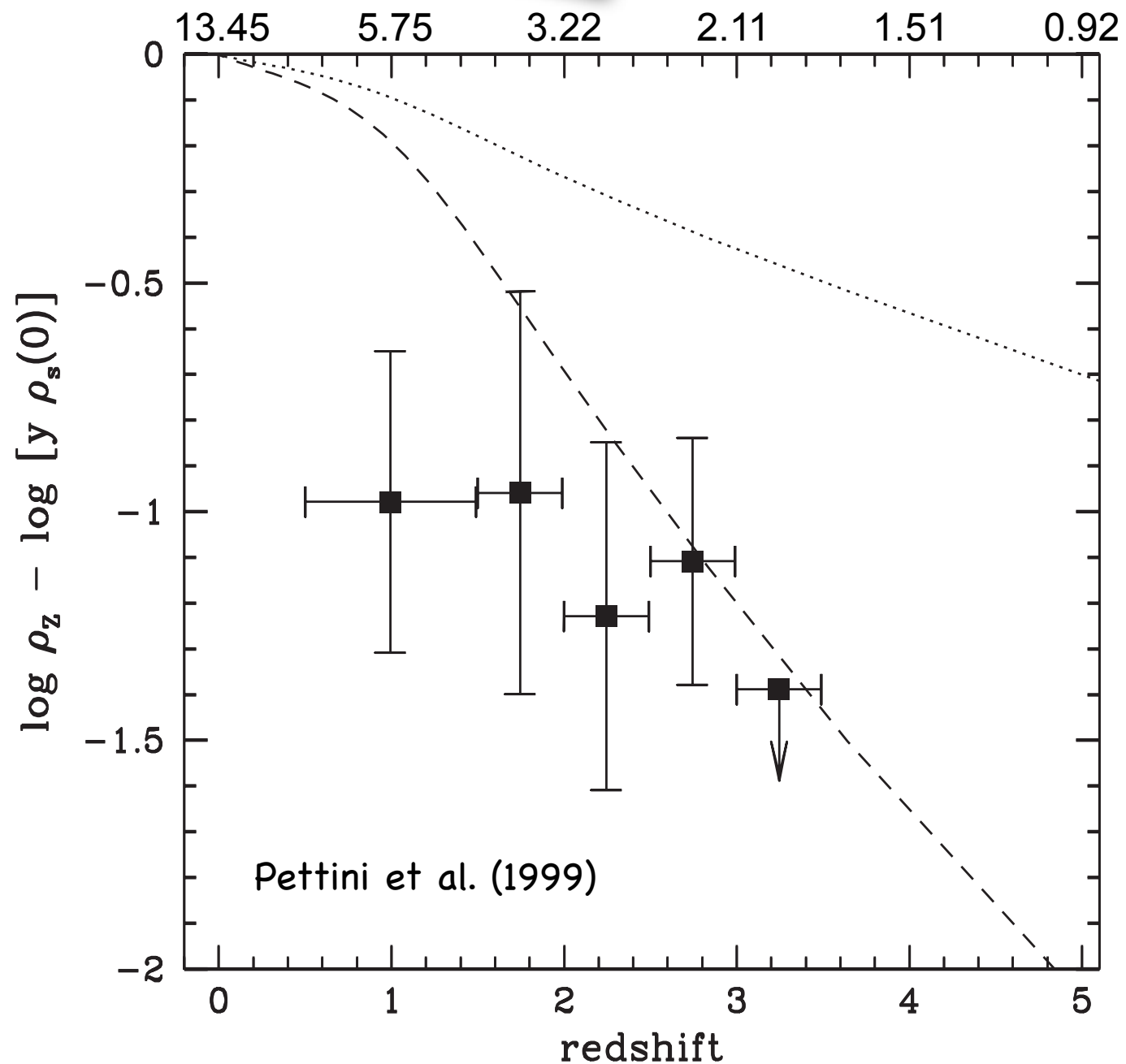


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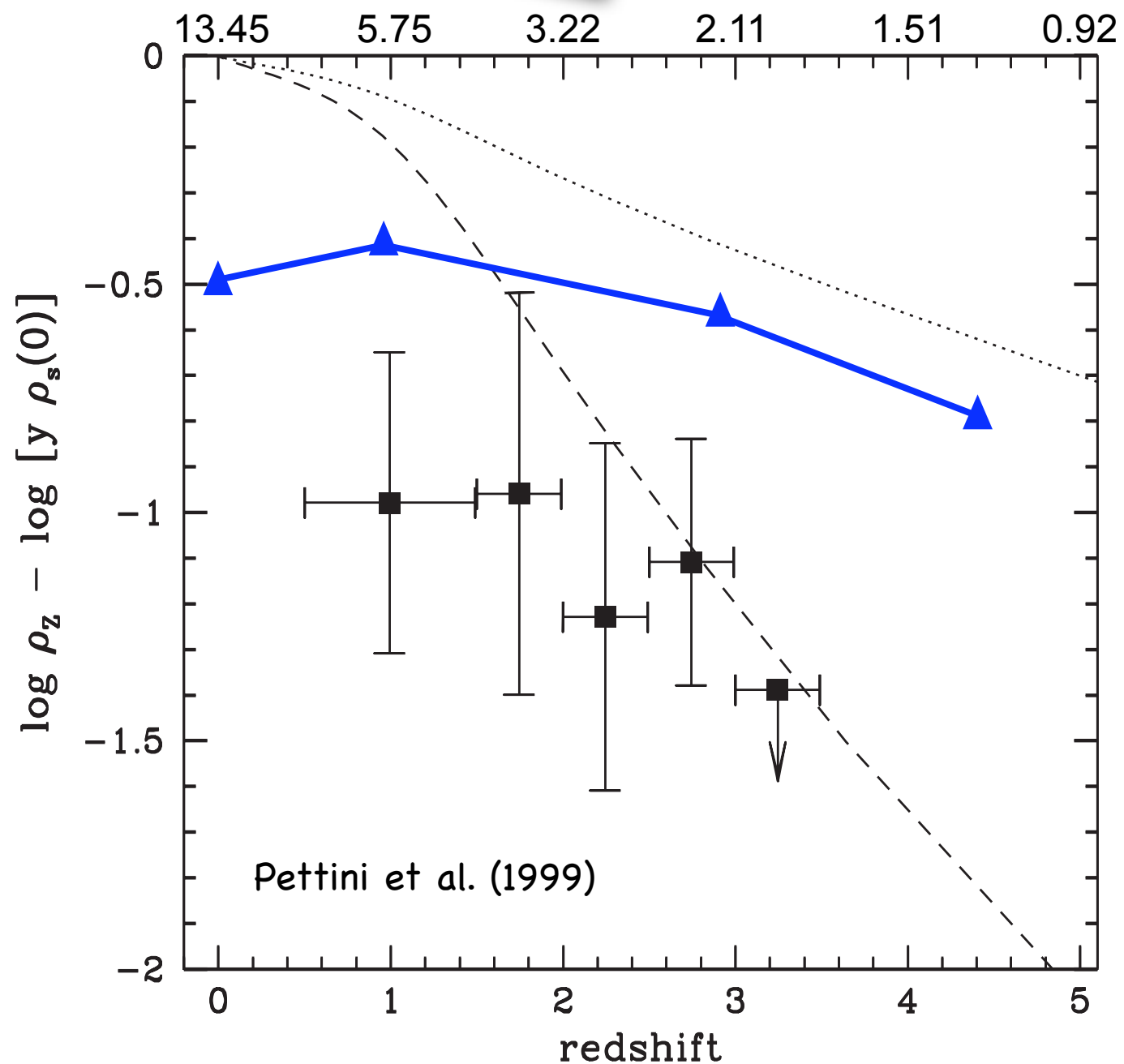
From the Madau plot (Madau, Pozzetti & Dickinson 1998)

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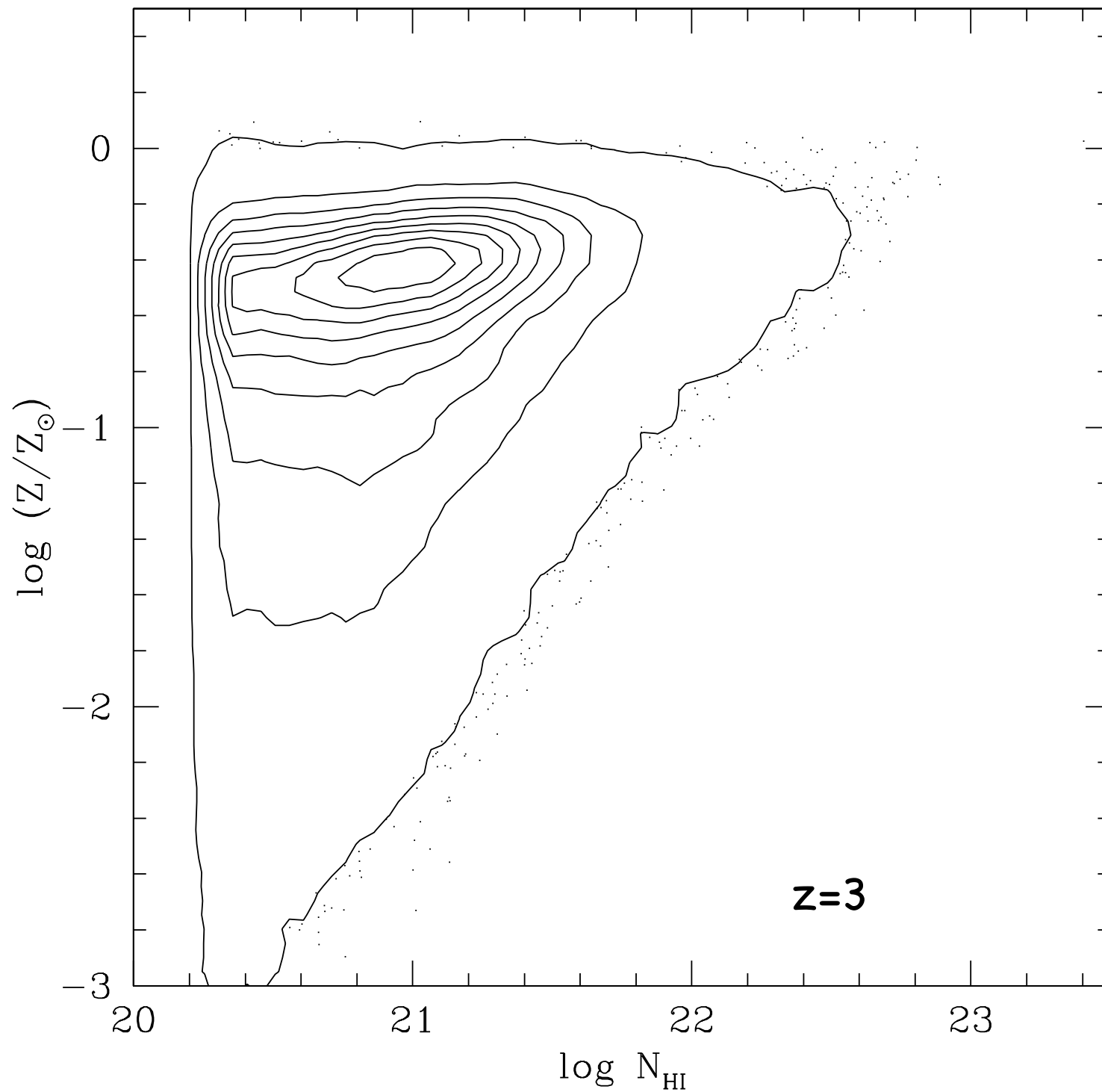
From the Madau plot (Madau, Pozzetti & Dickinson 1998)

Cosmological Simulations (Nagamine, Springel & Hernquist 2004)

Background

Gas content →

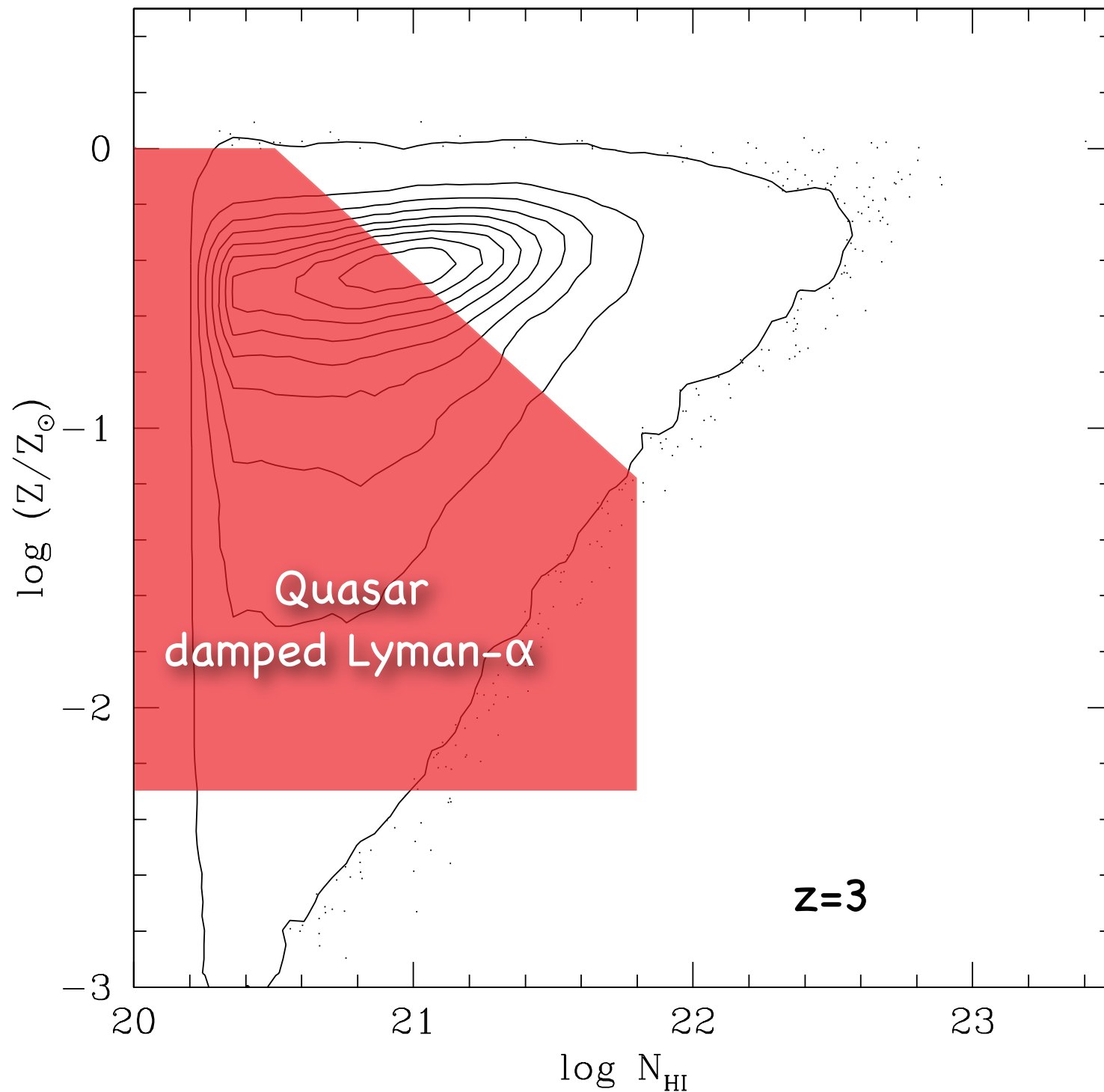
↑
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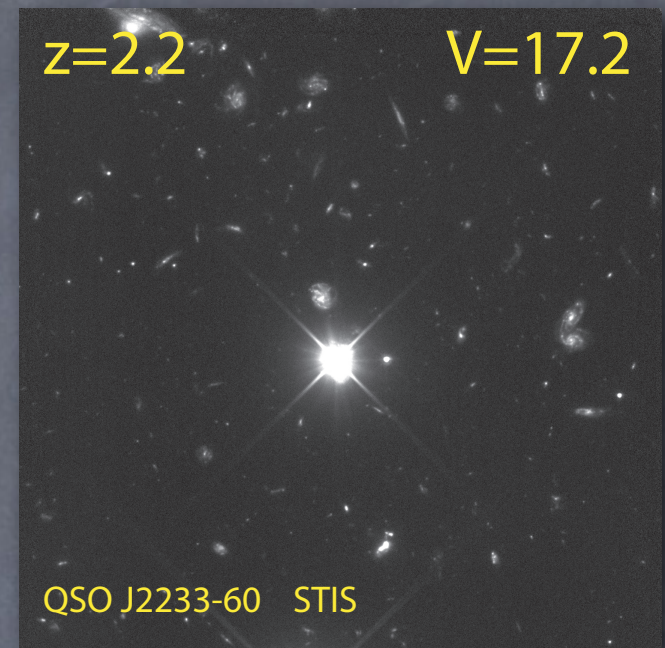


Outline

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① Better understanding of QSO-DLA selection

→ Dust effects



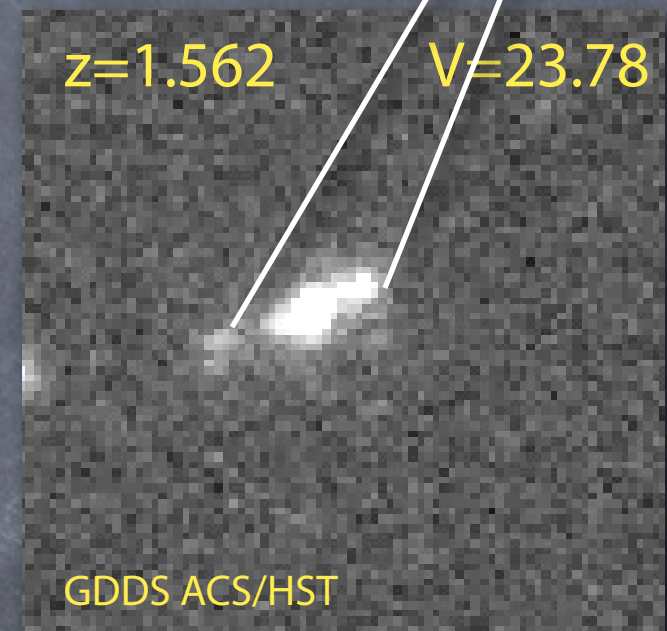
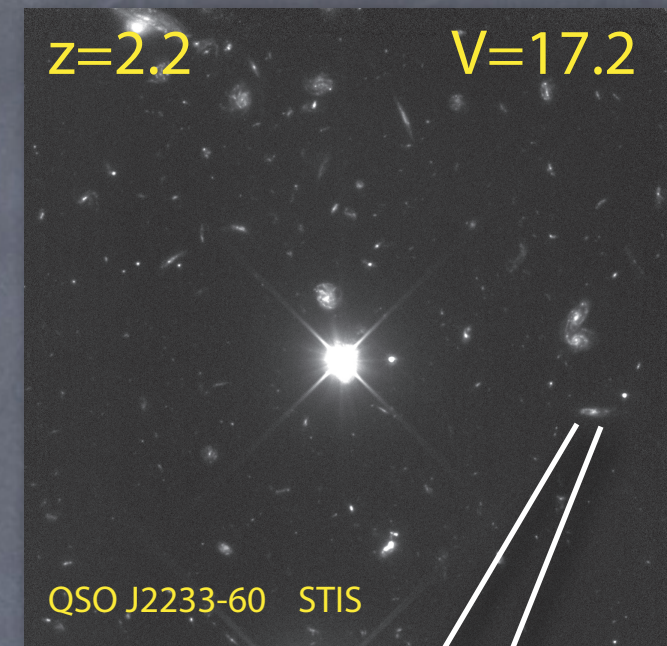
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② Directly observe high redshift galaxies

→ Deep NIR galaxy surveys



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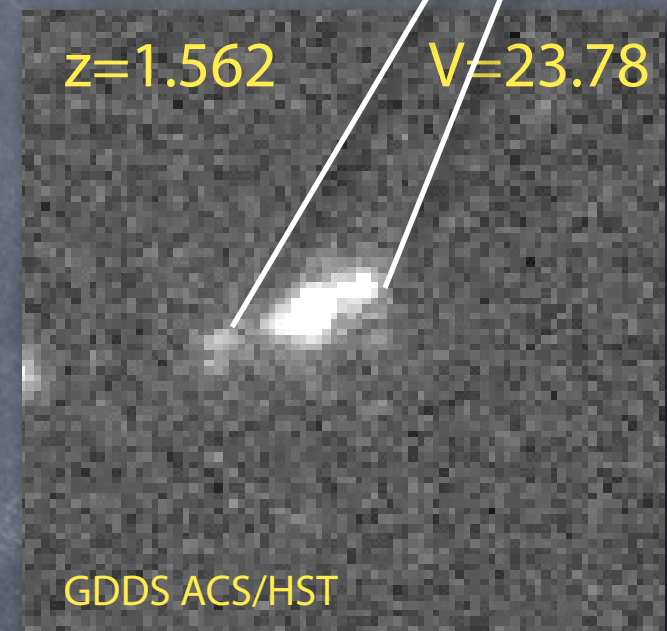
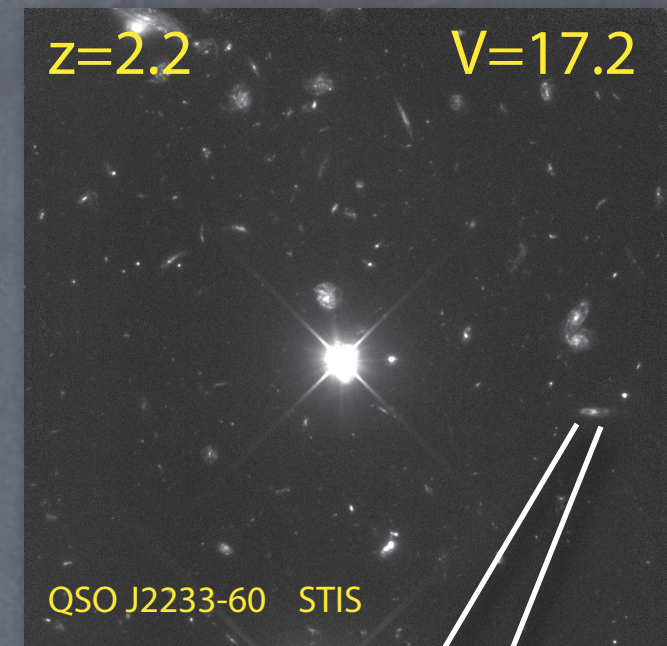
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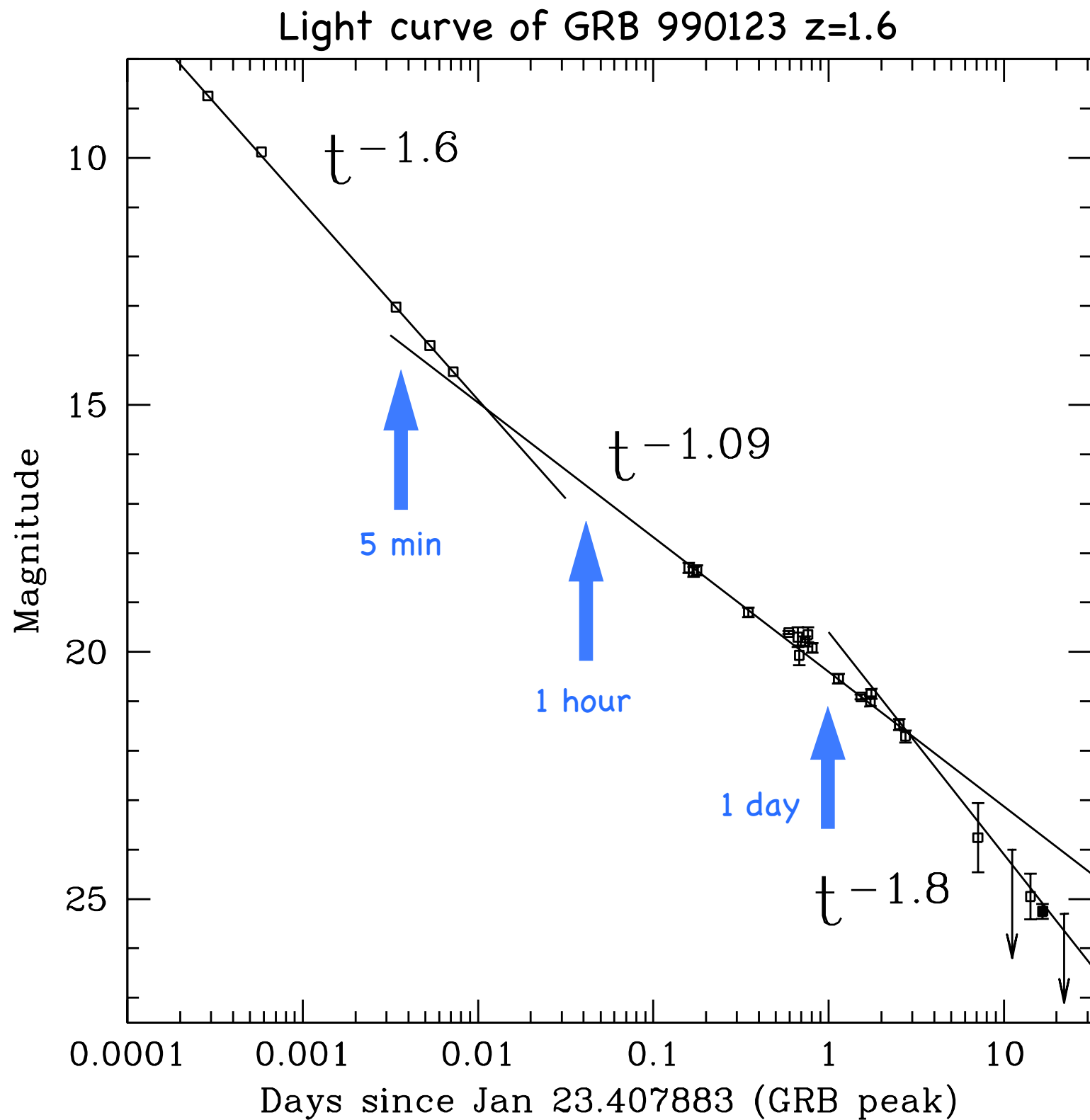
→ Deep NIR galaxy surveys

③ New probes for cosmology: gamma-ray bursts

→ Very steep light curve !

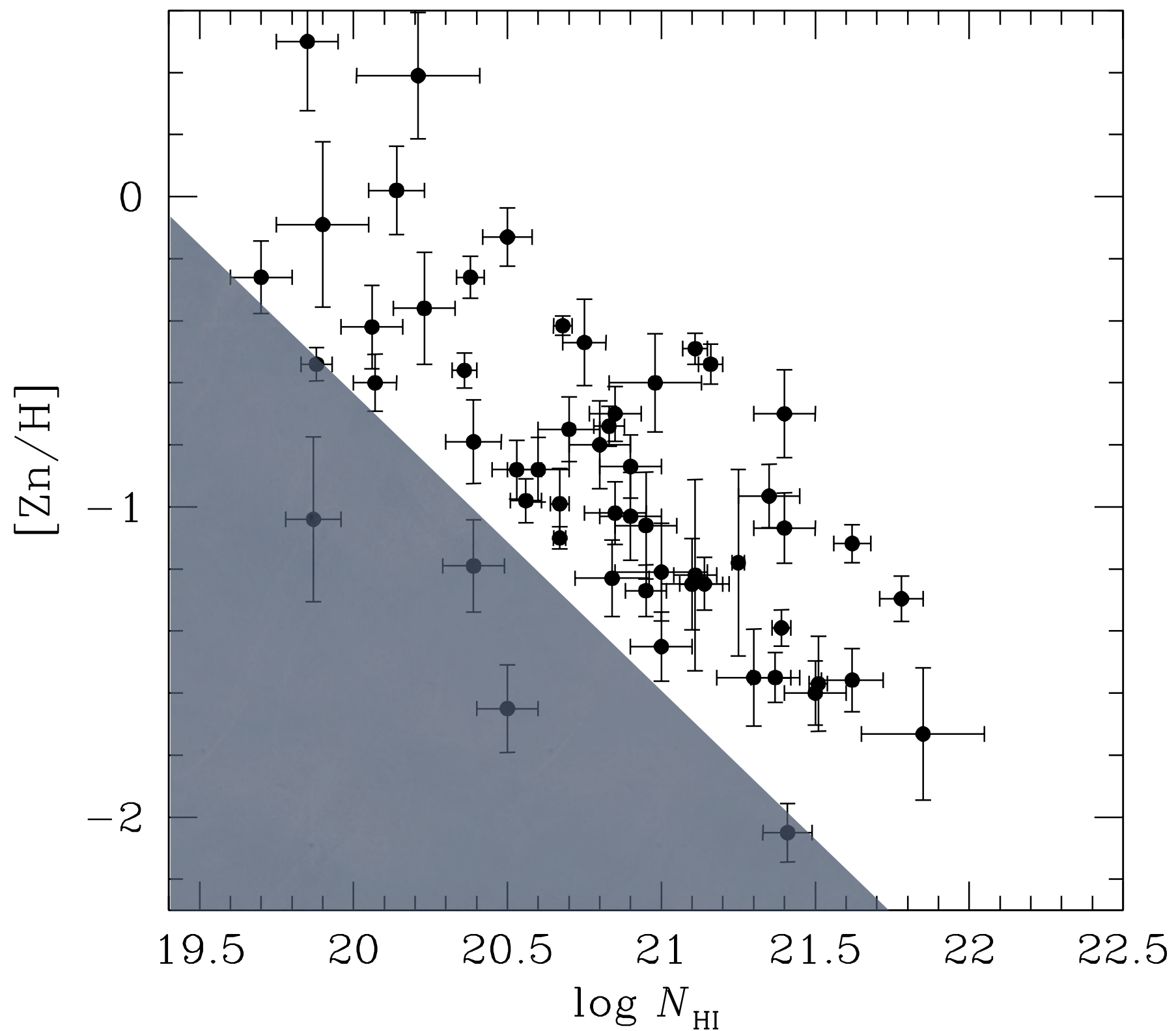


GRB afterglows to study the high- z ISM

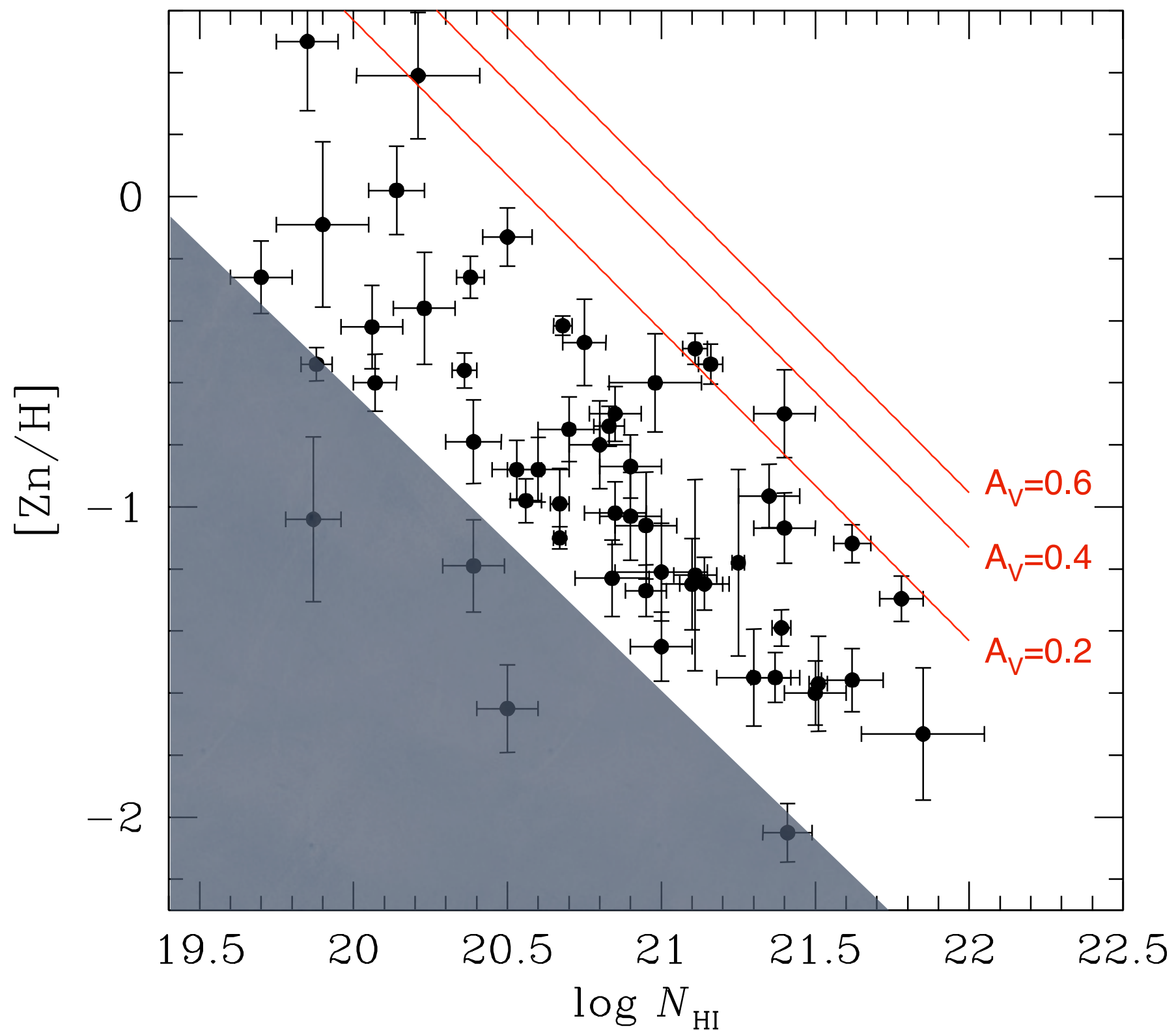


Fruchter et al. (1999)

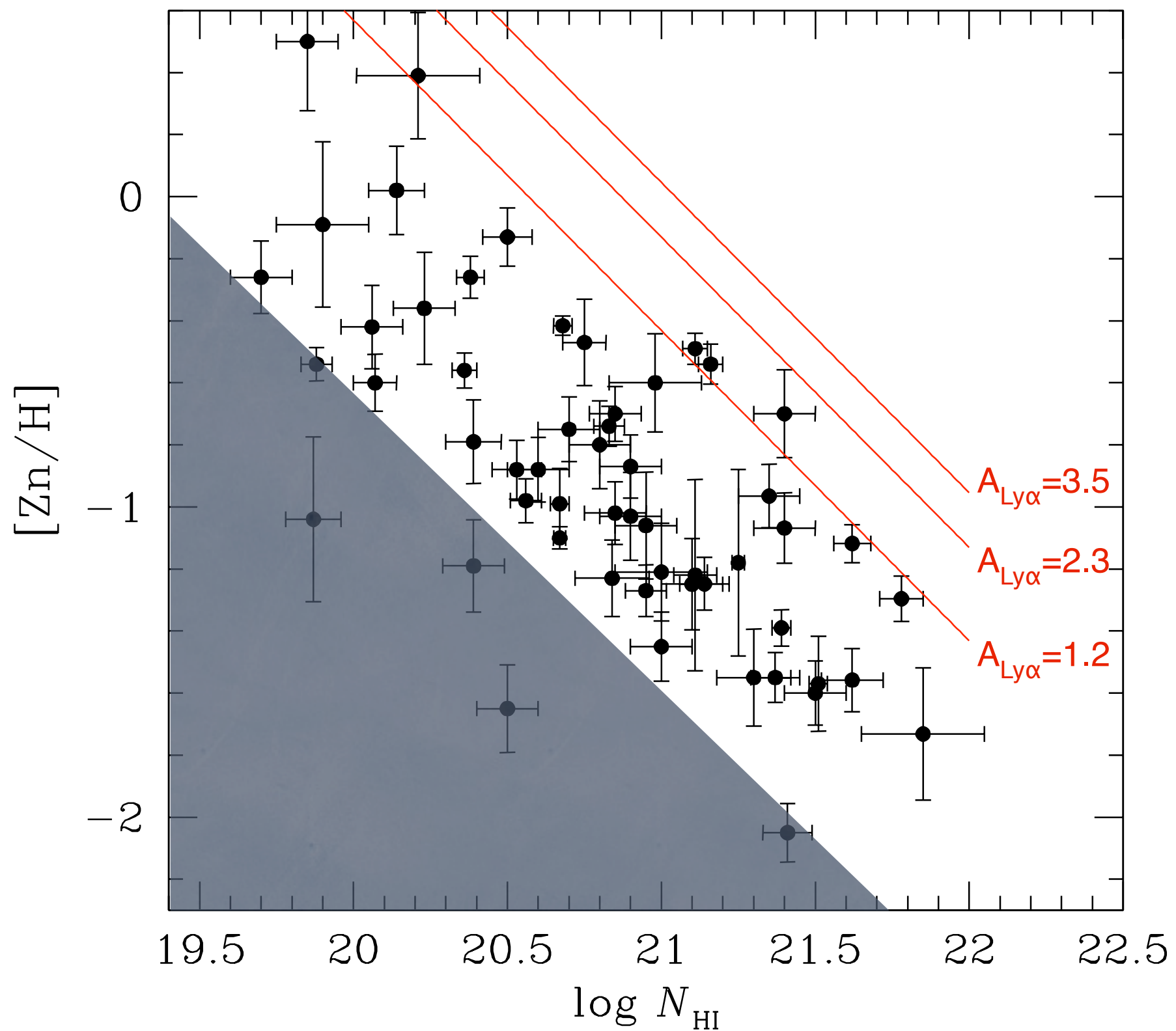
Dust extinction in QSO-DLAs



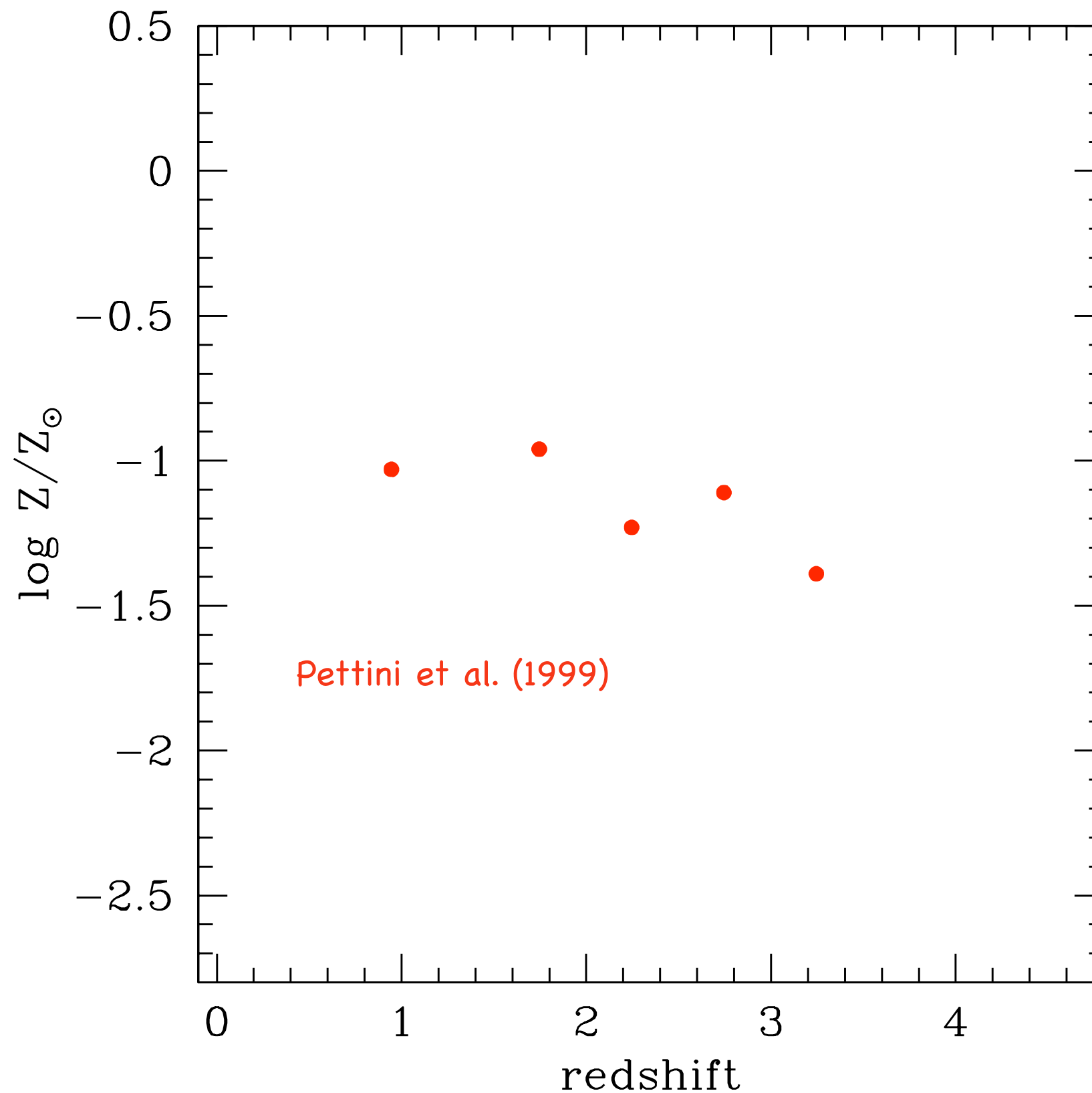
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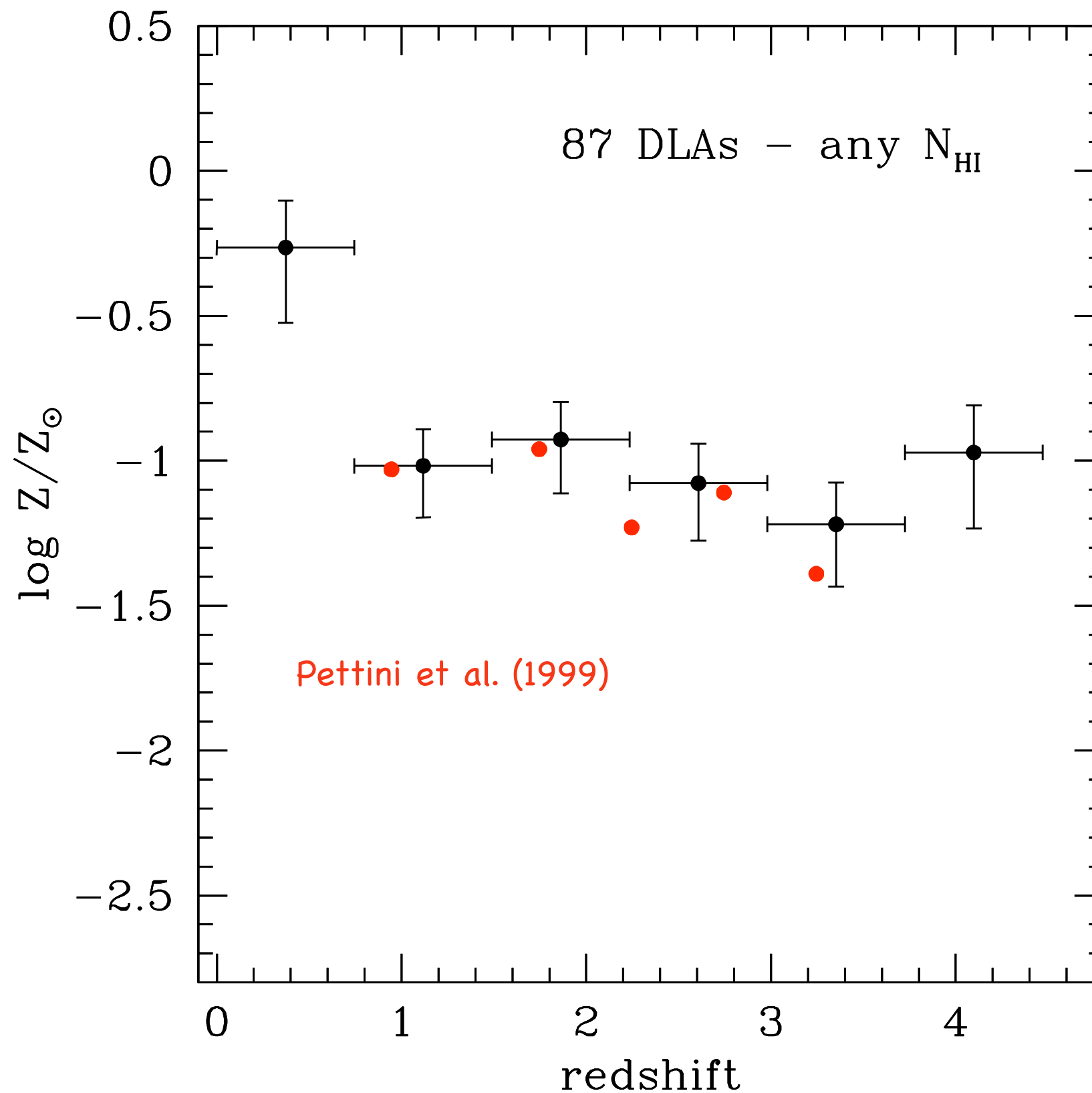
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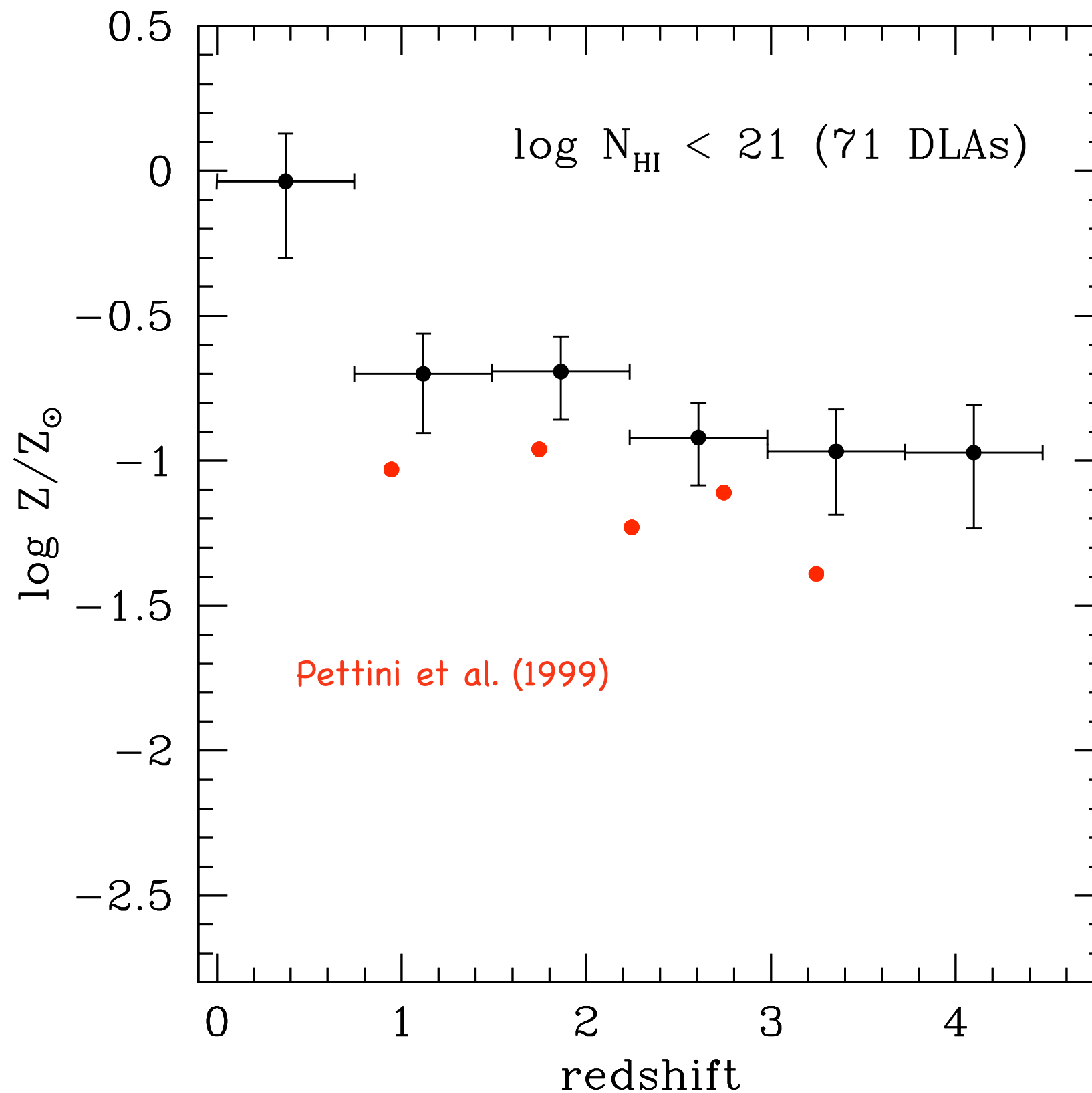
Metallicity evolution of QSO-DLAs



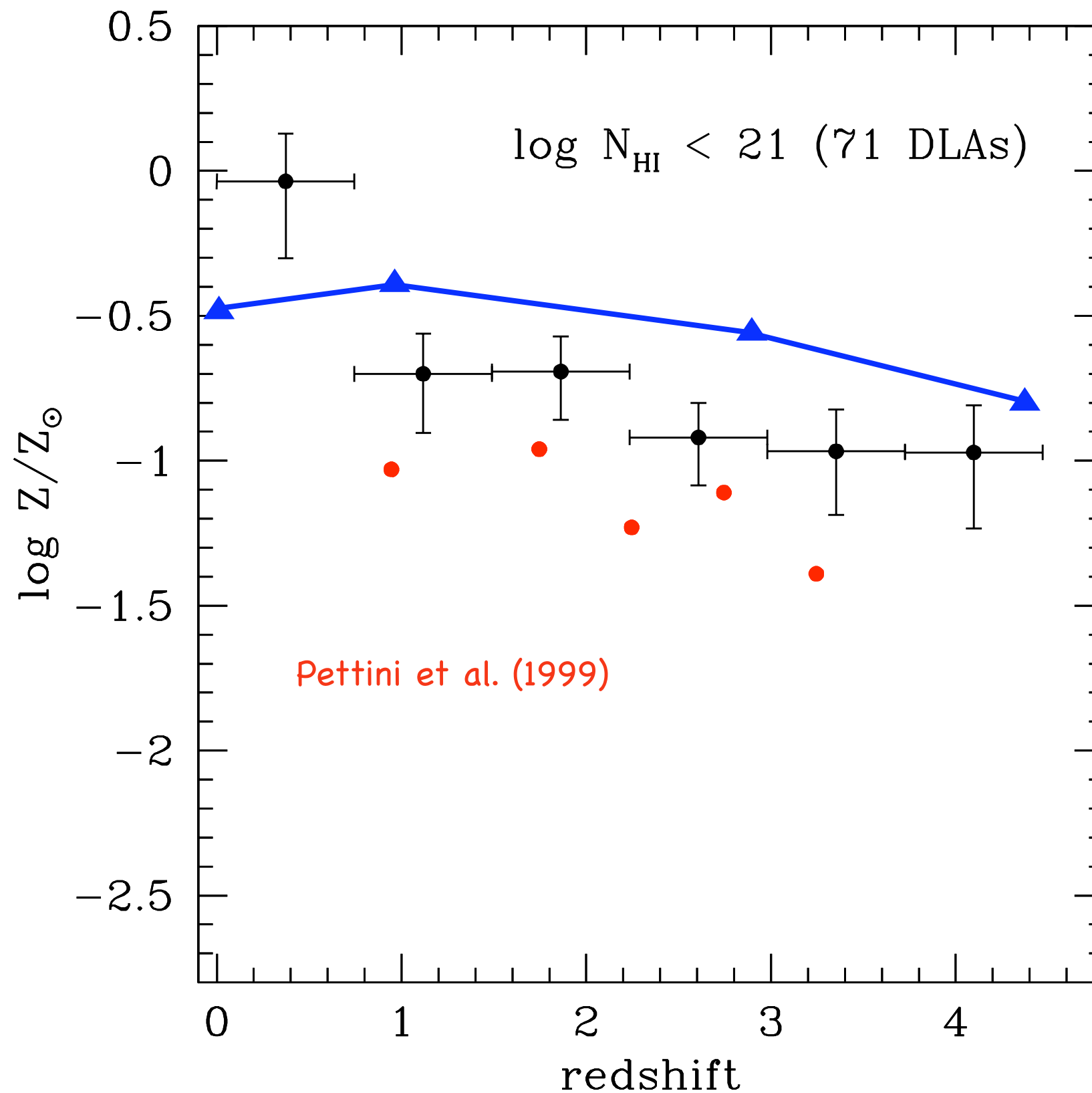
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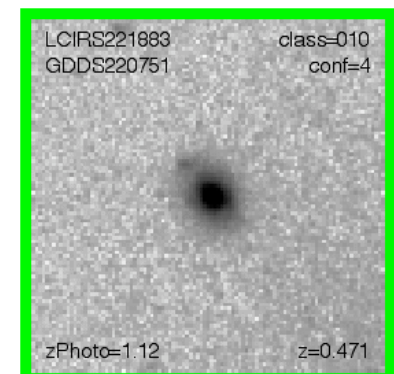
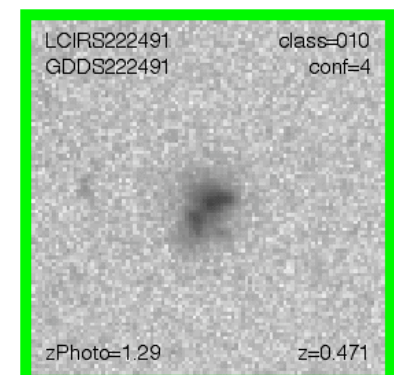
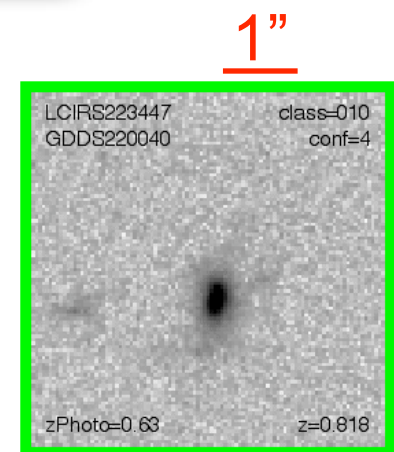
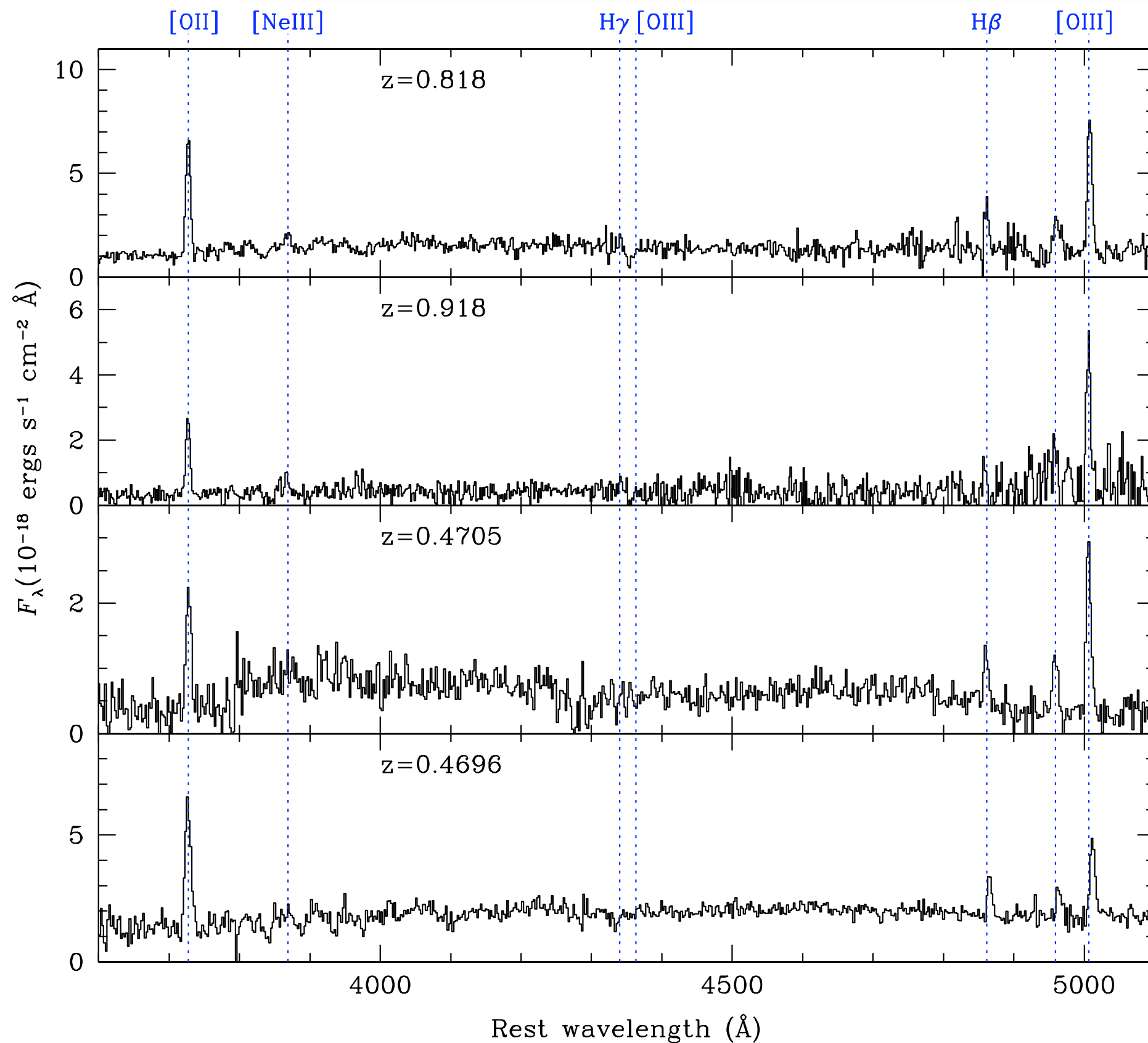
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ISM in starforming galaxies



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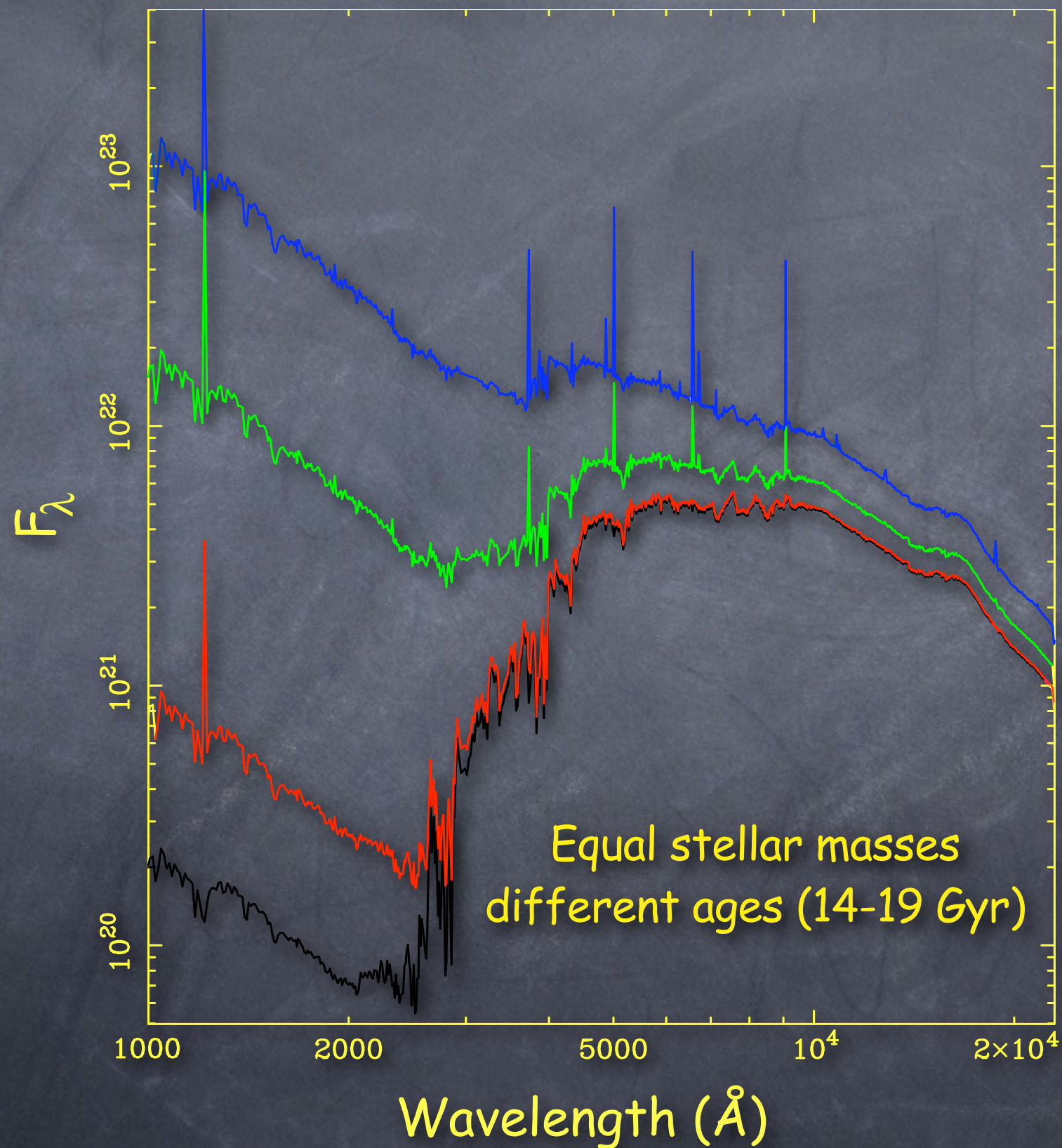
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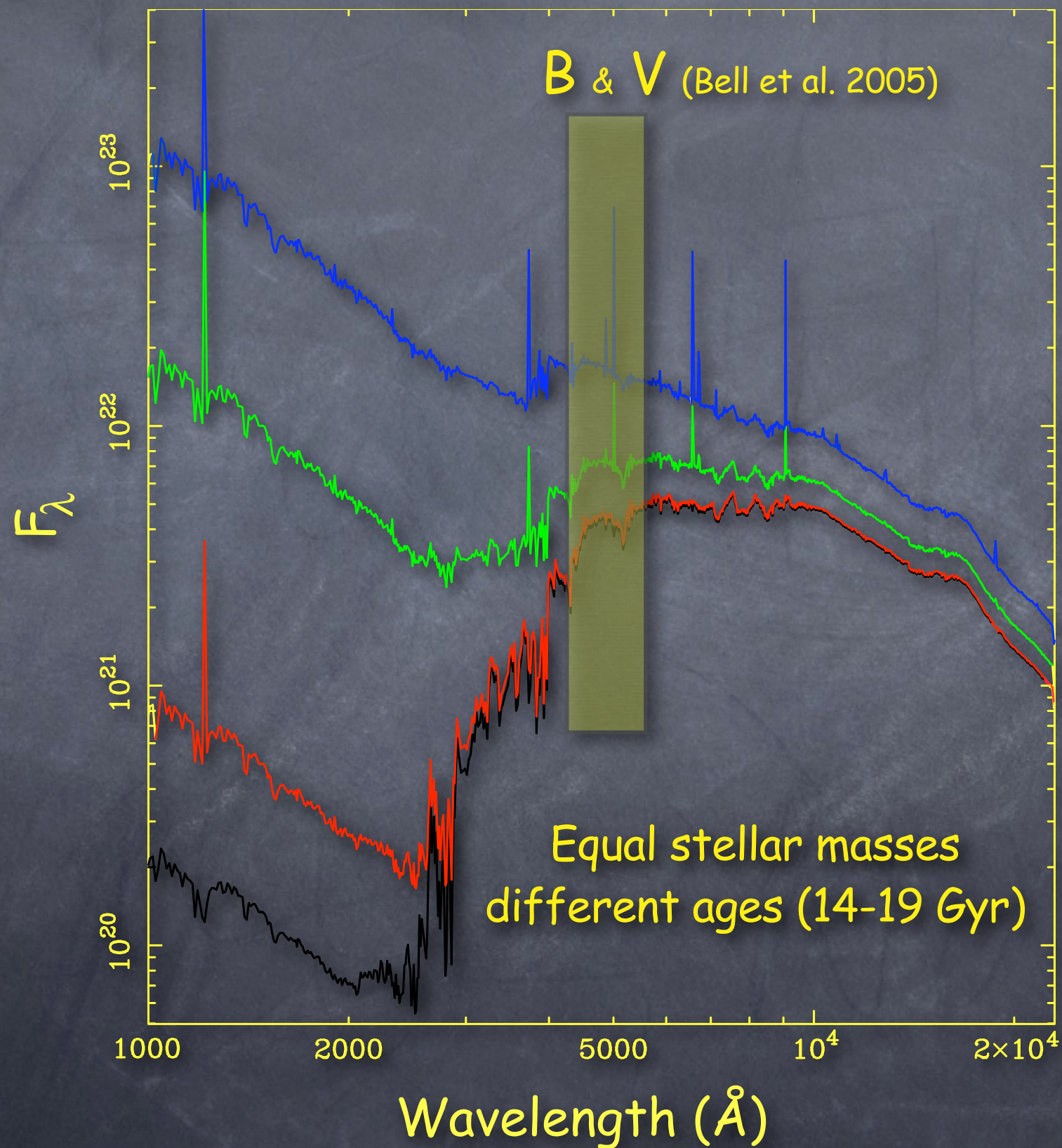
Total stellar mass for 56 galaxies $\langle z \rangle = 0.7$

$$M_\star = 10^{8.1} - 10^{10.8} M_\odot$$

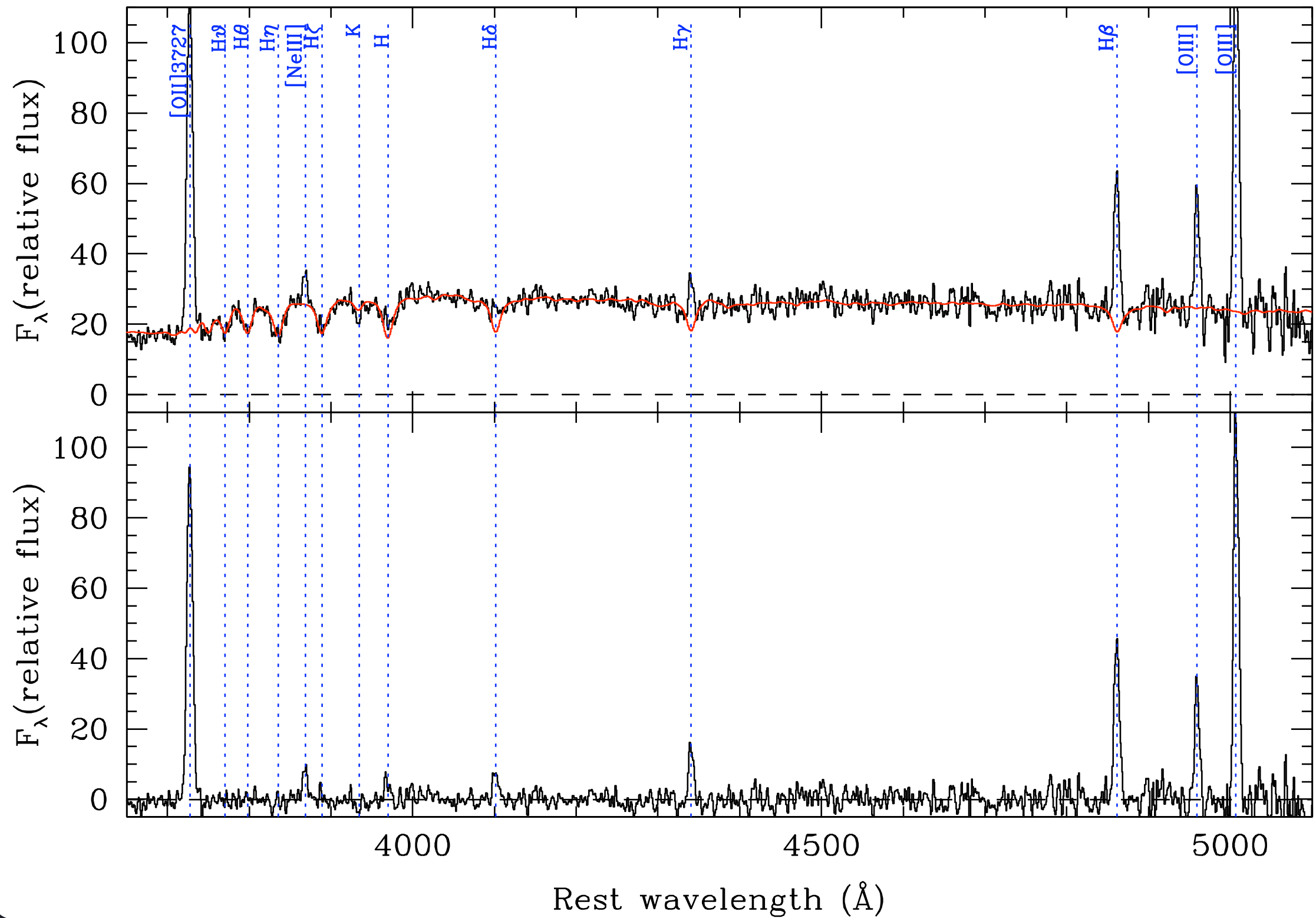
Stellar masses from SEDs



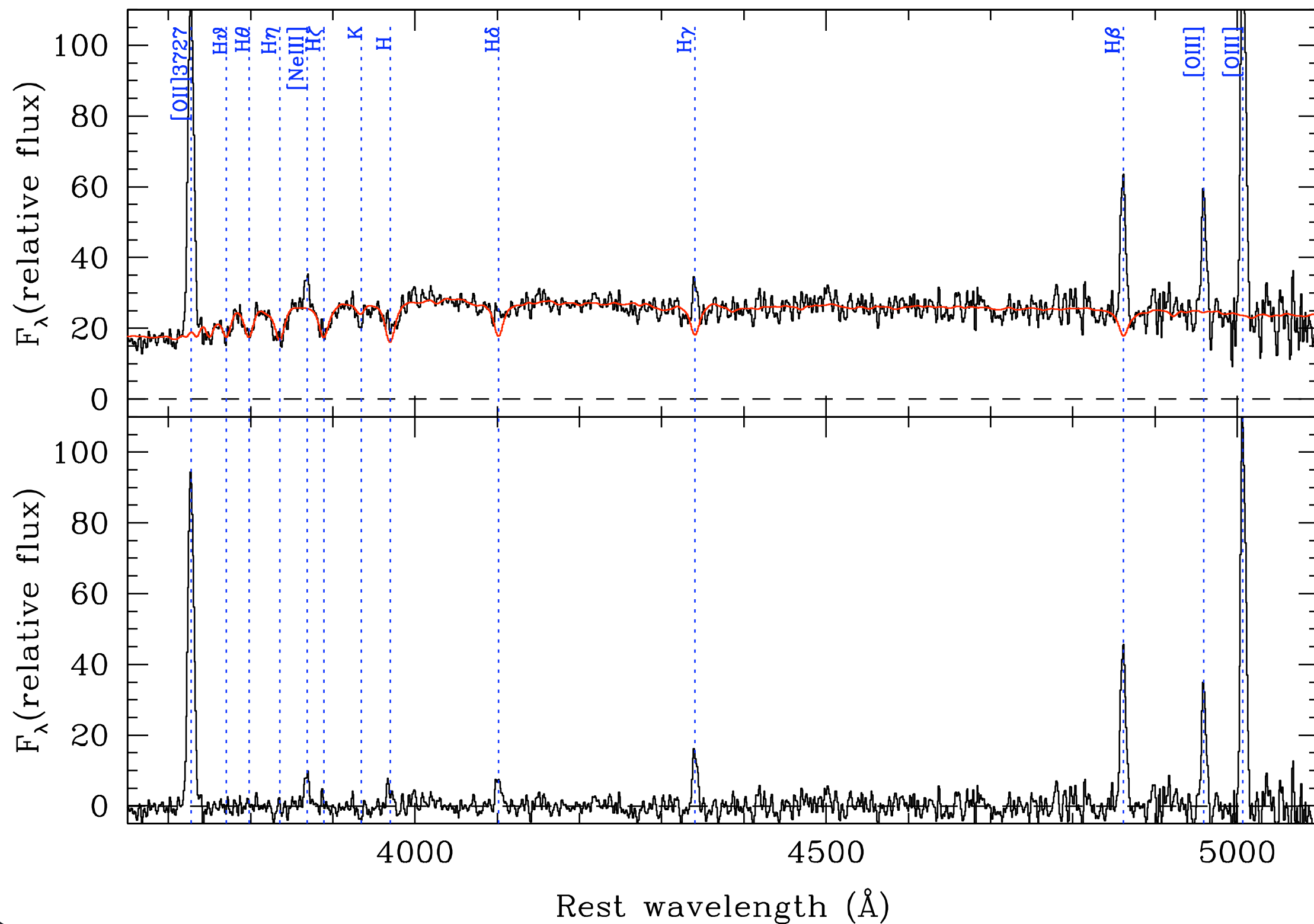
Stellar masses from SEDs



GDDS composite spectrum

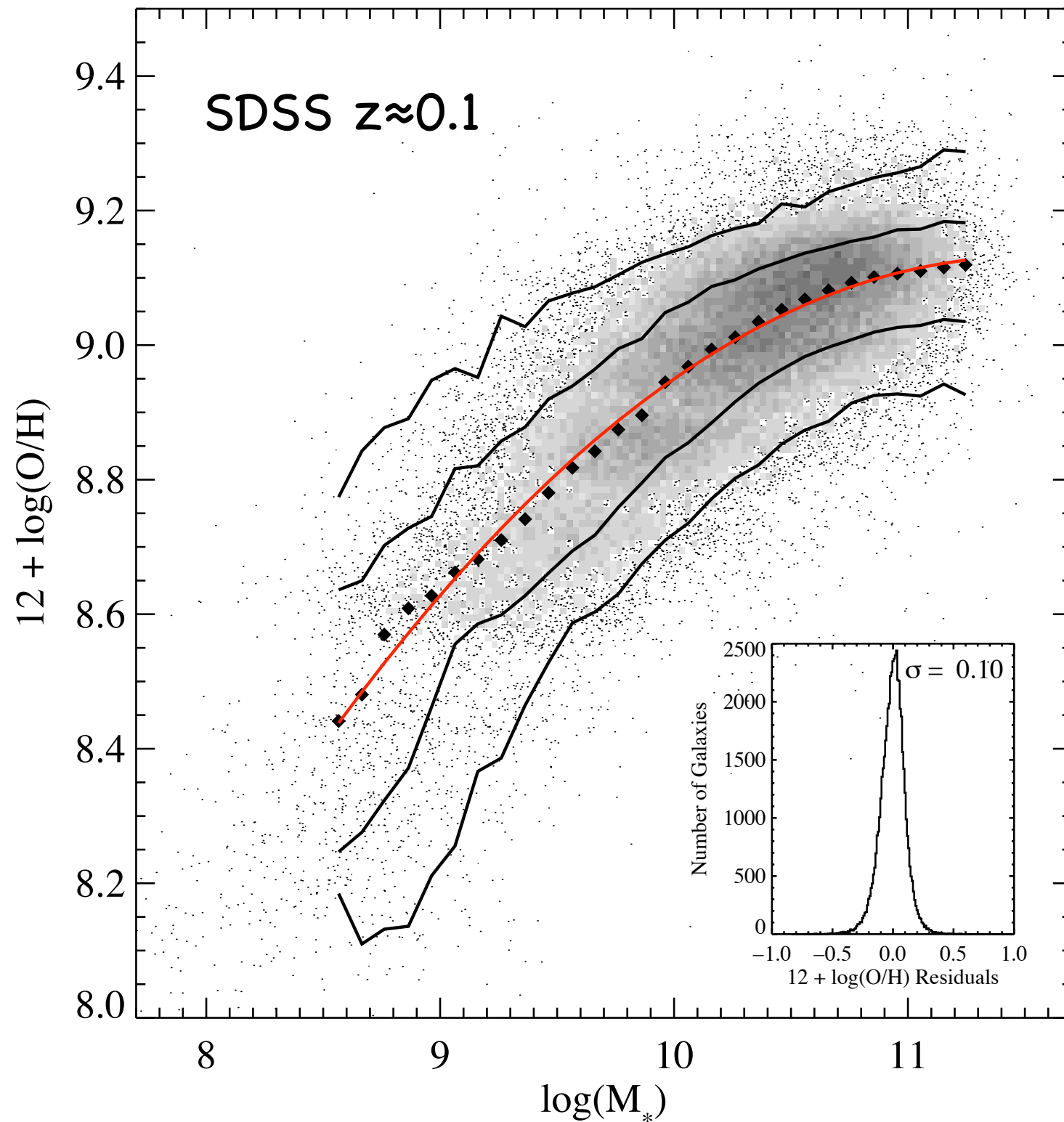


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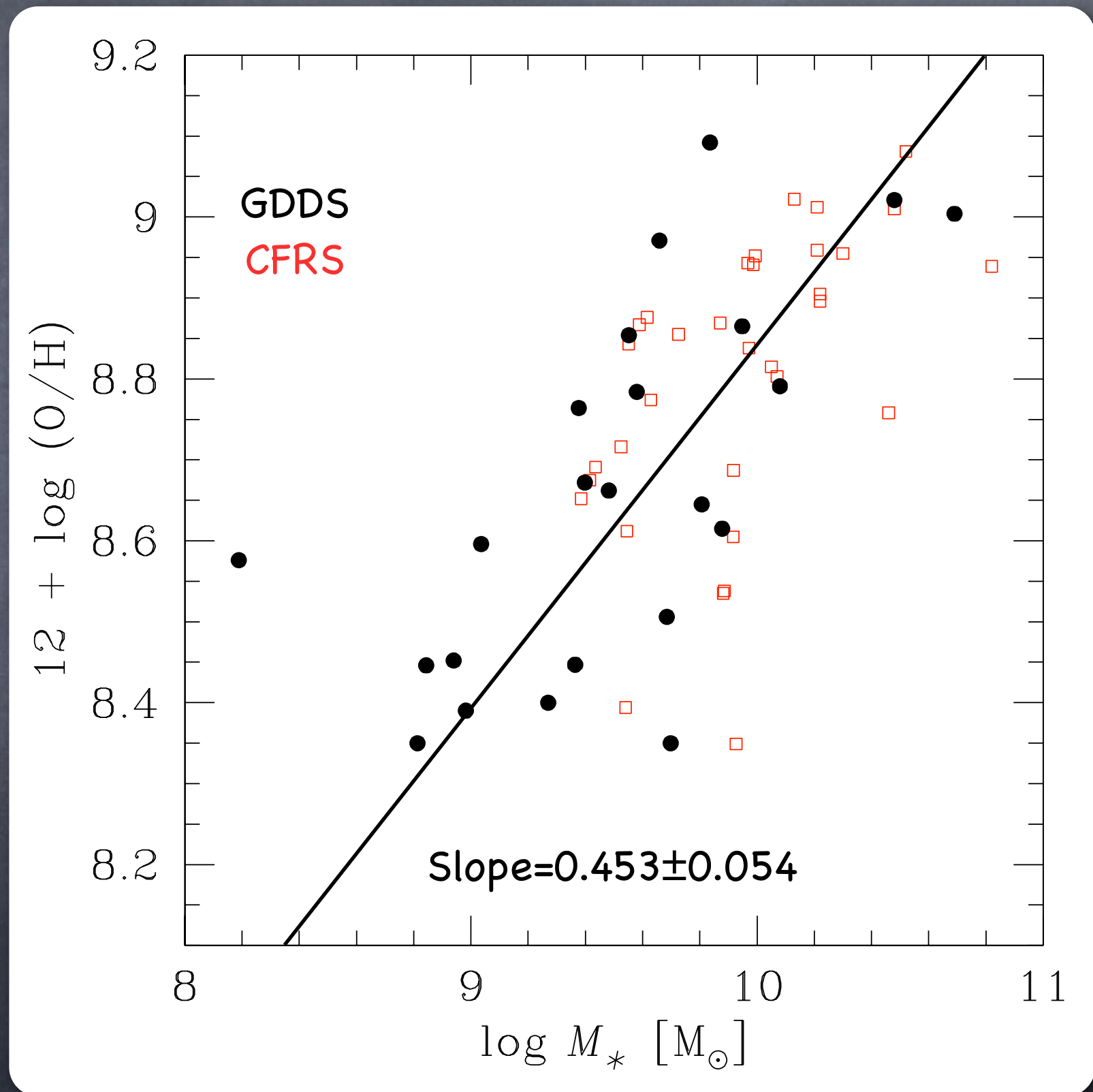


► Mean optical extinction $A_V = 2.20 \pm 0.34$

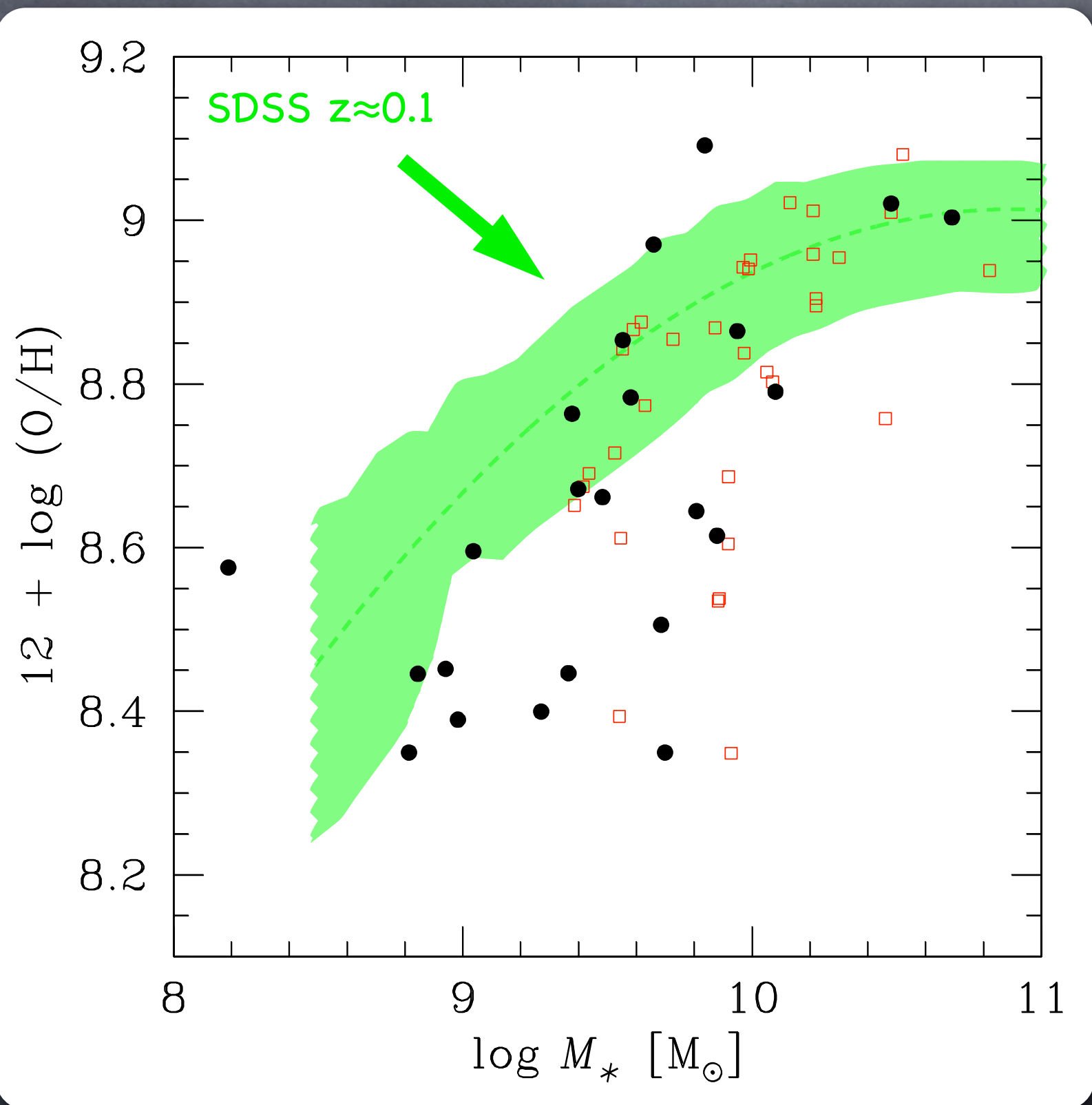
Mass-metallicity relation



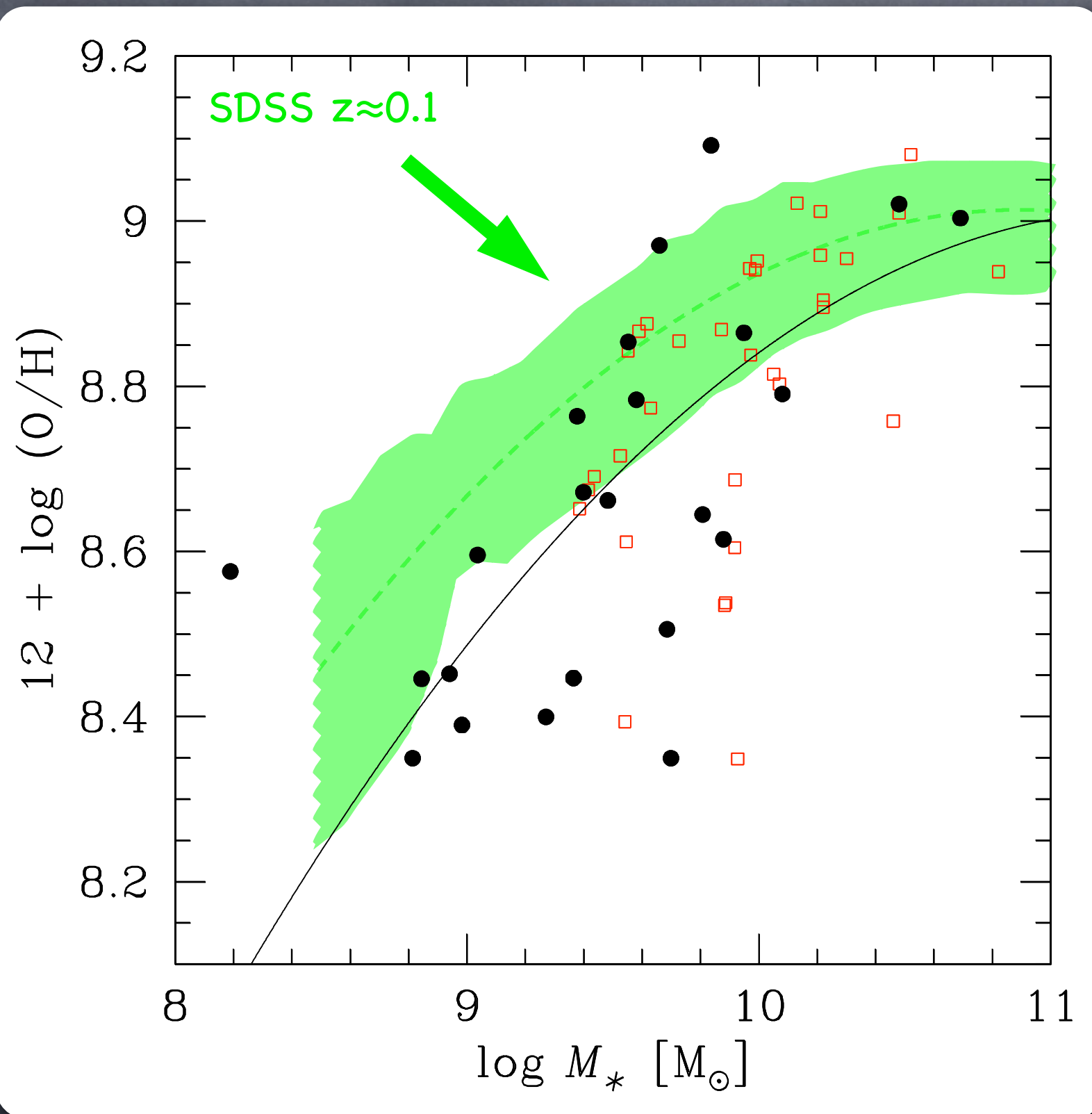
Mass-metallicity relation at $z \sim 0.7$



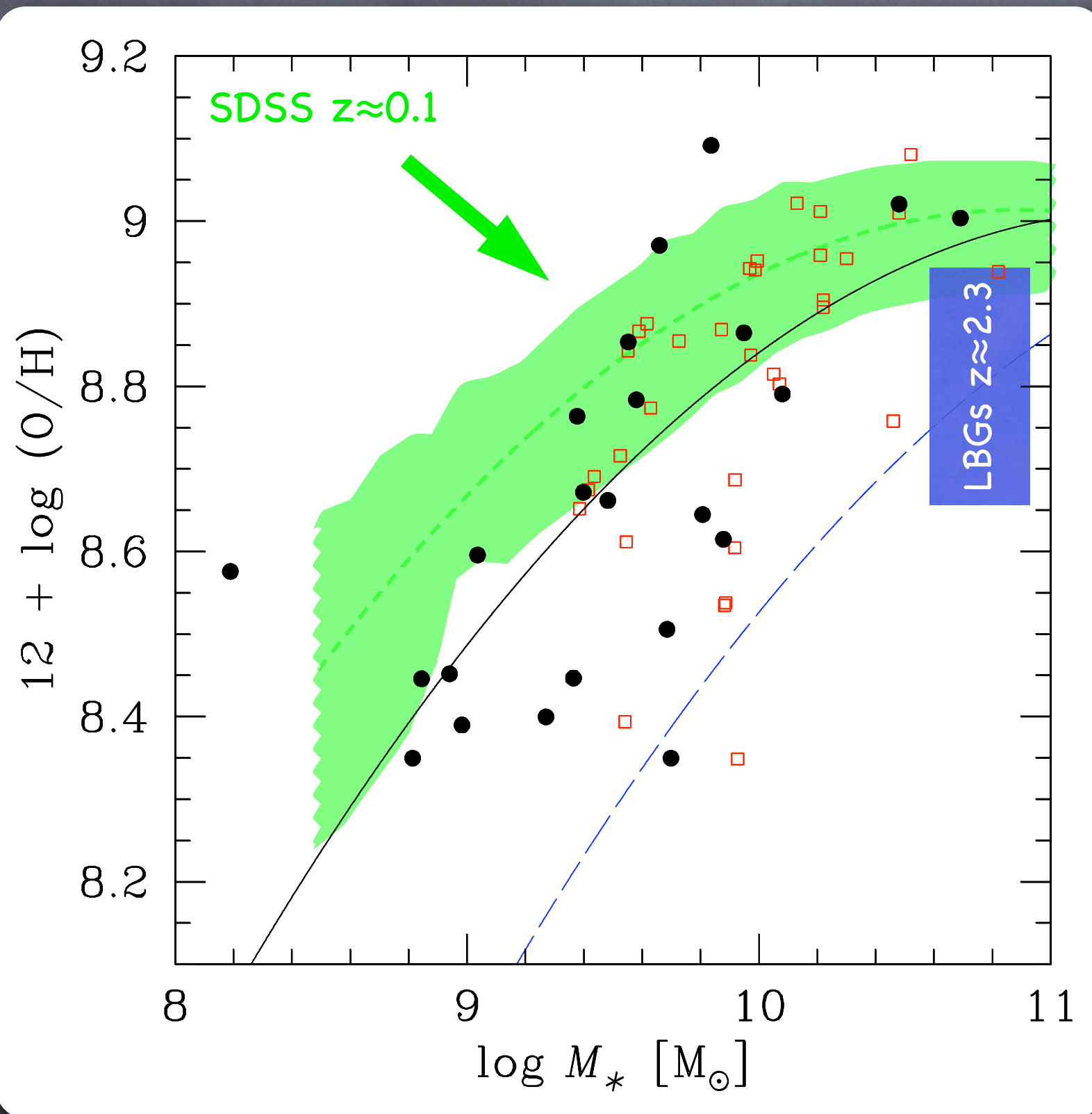
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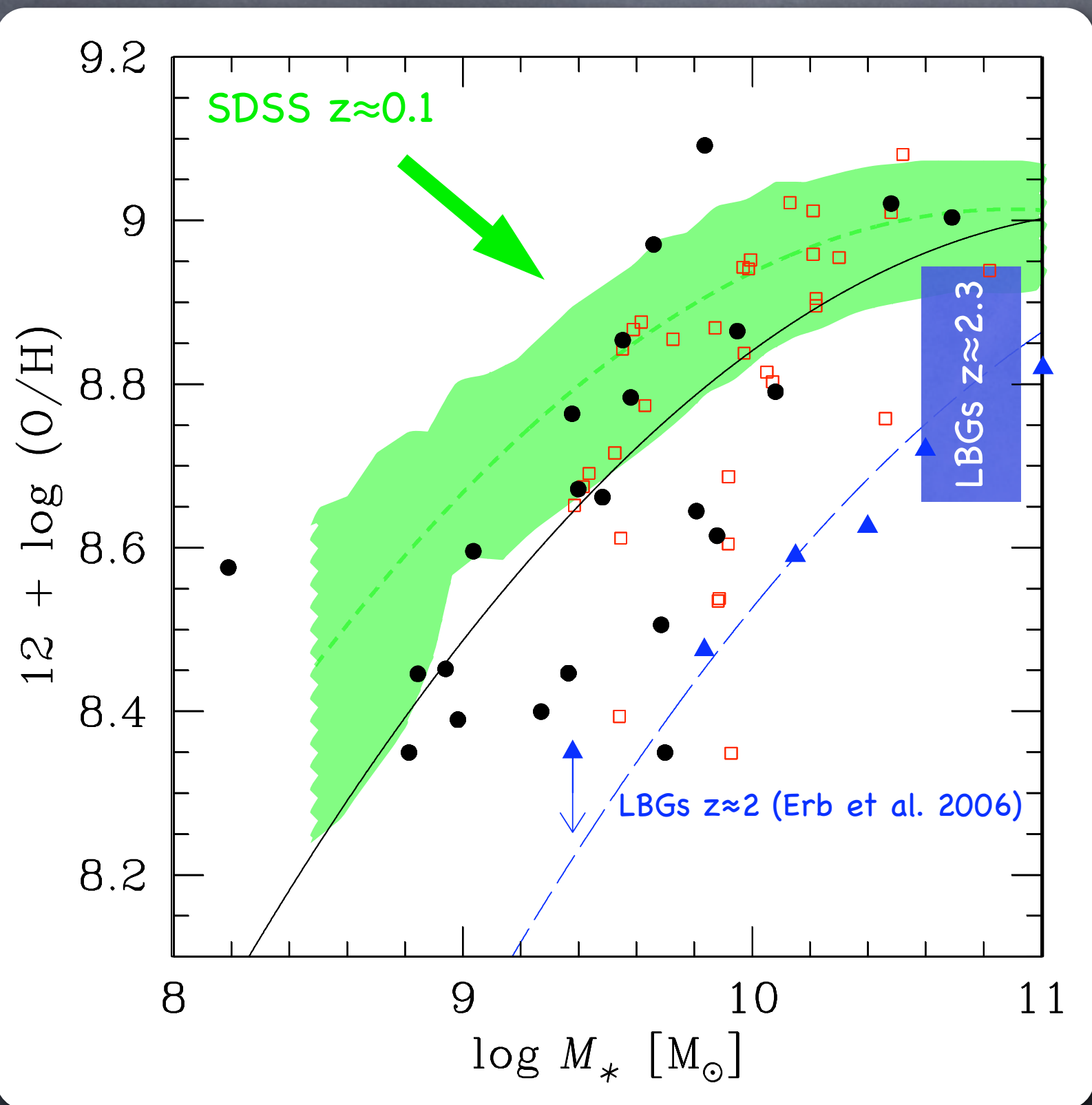
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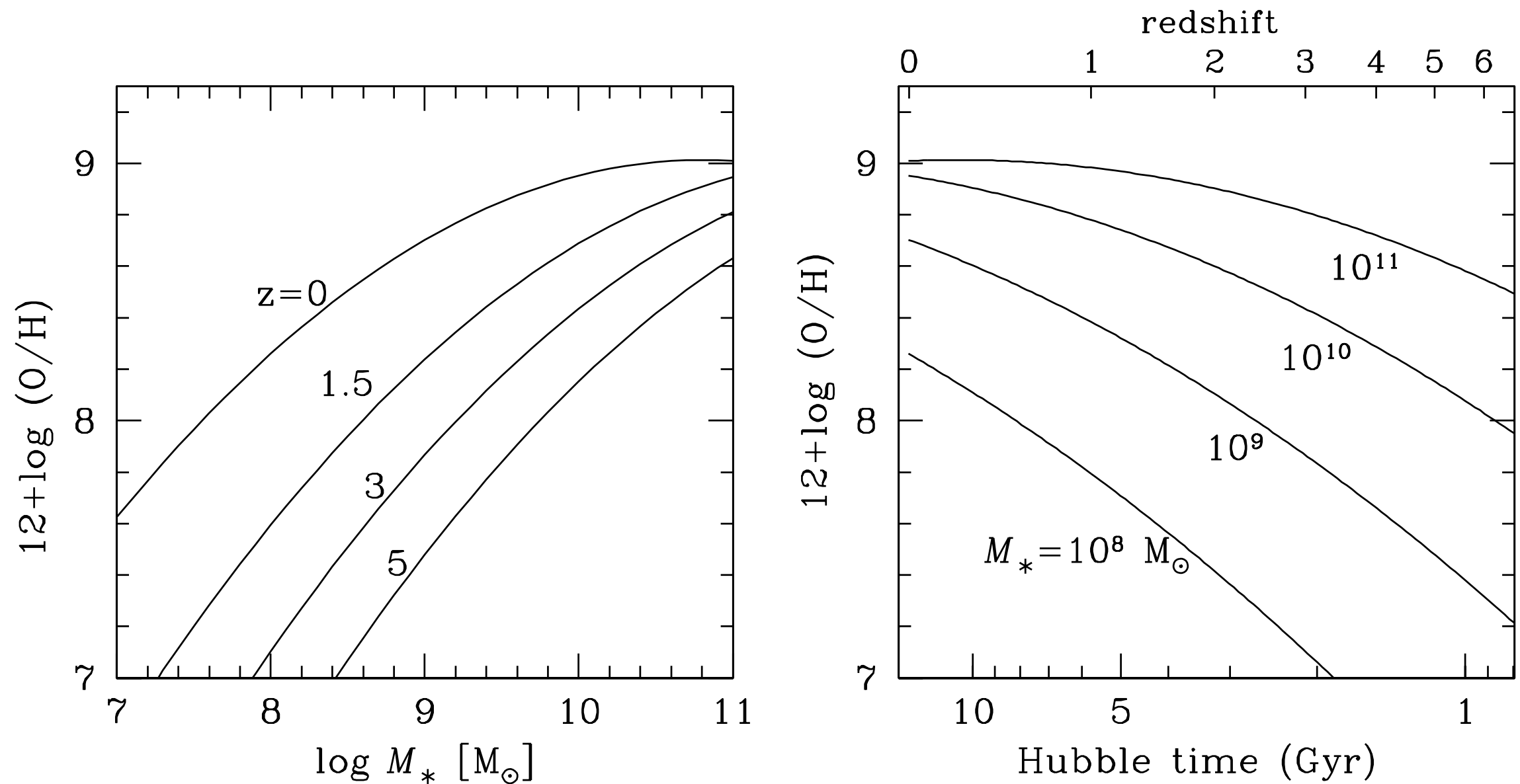
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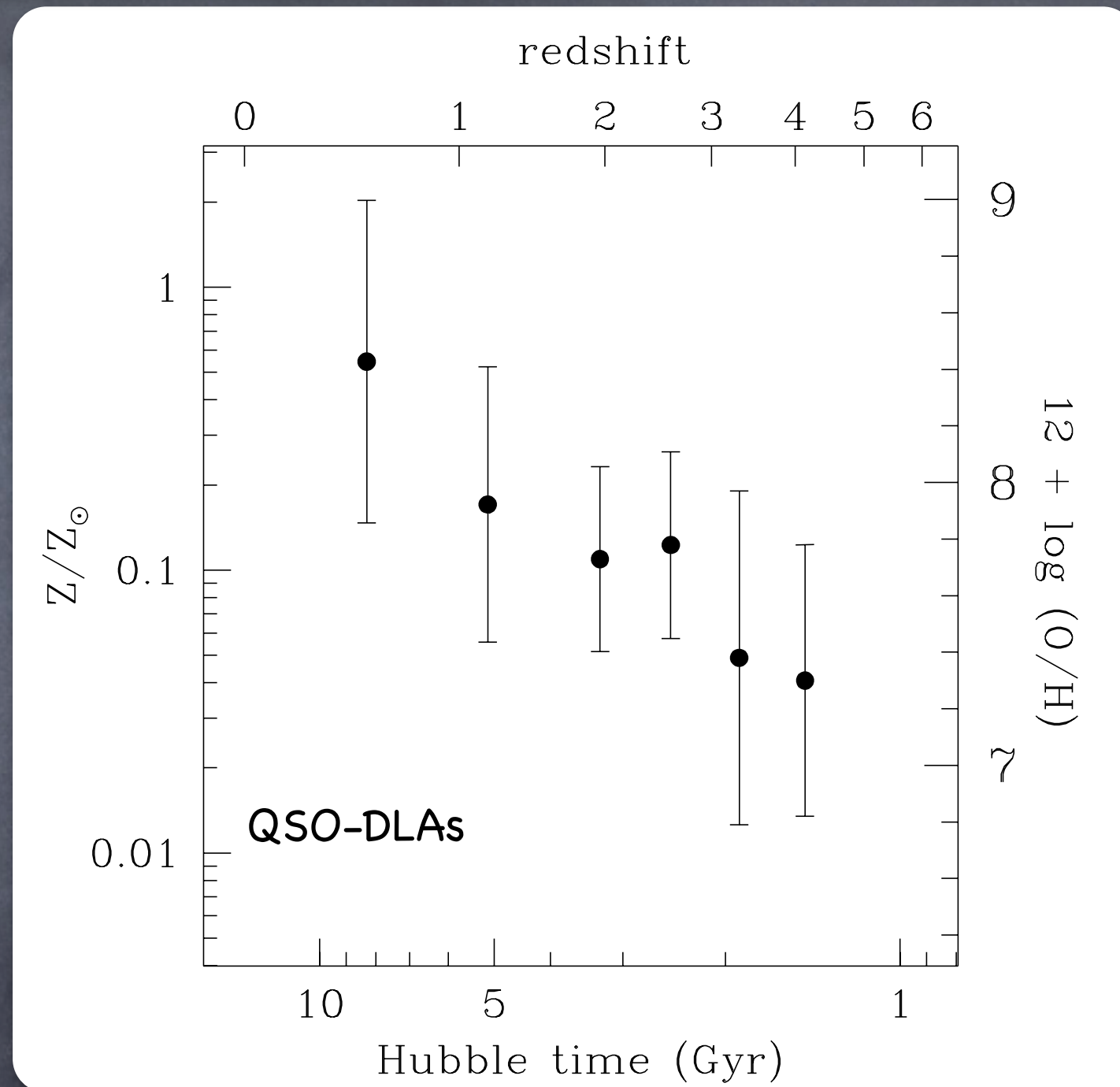


Redshift evolution of mass-metallicity relation



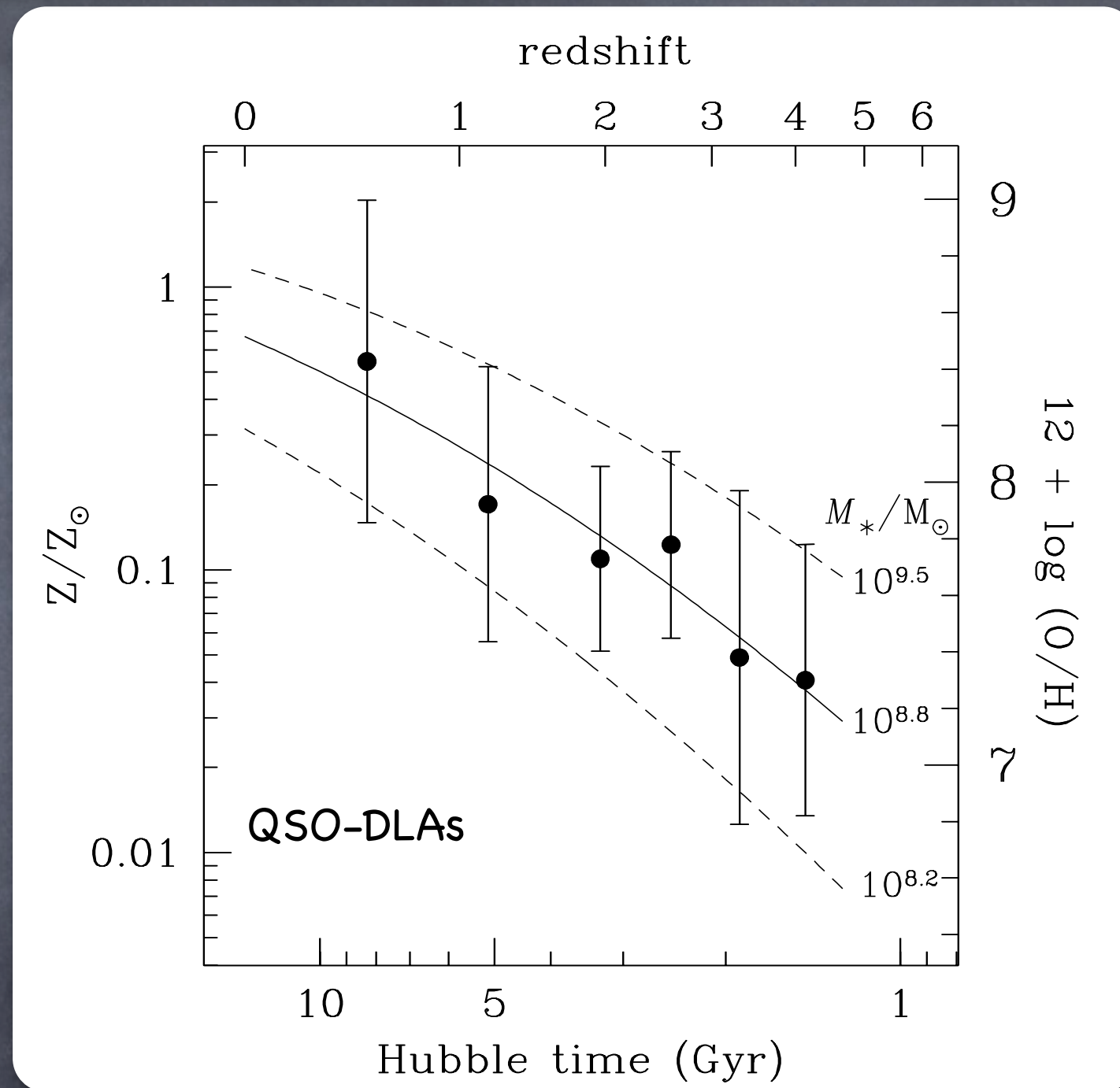
$$12 + \log(\text{O}/\text{H}) = -7.58 + 2.53 \log M_* - 0.096 \log^2 M_* + 5.20 \log t_H - 0.41 \log^2 t_H - 0.40 \log t_H \log M_*$$

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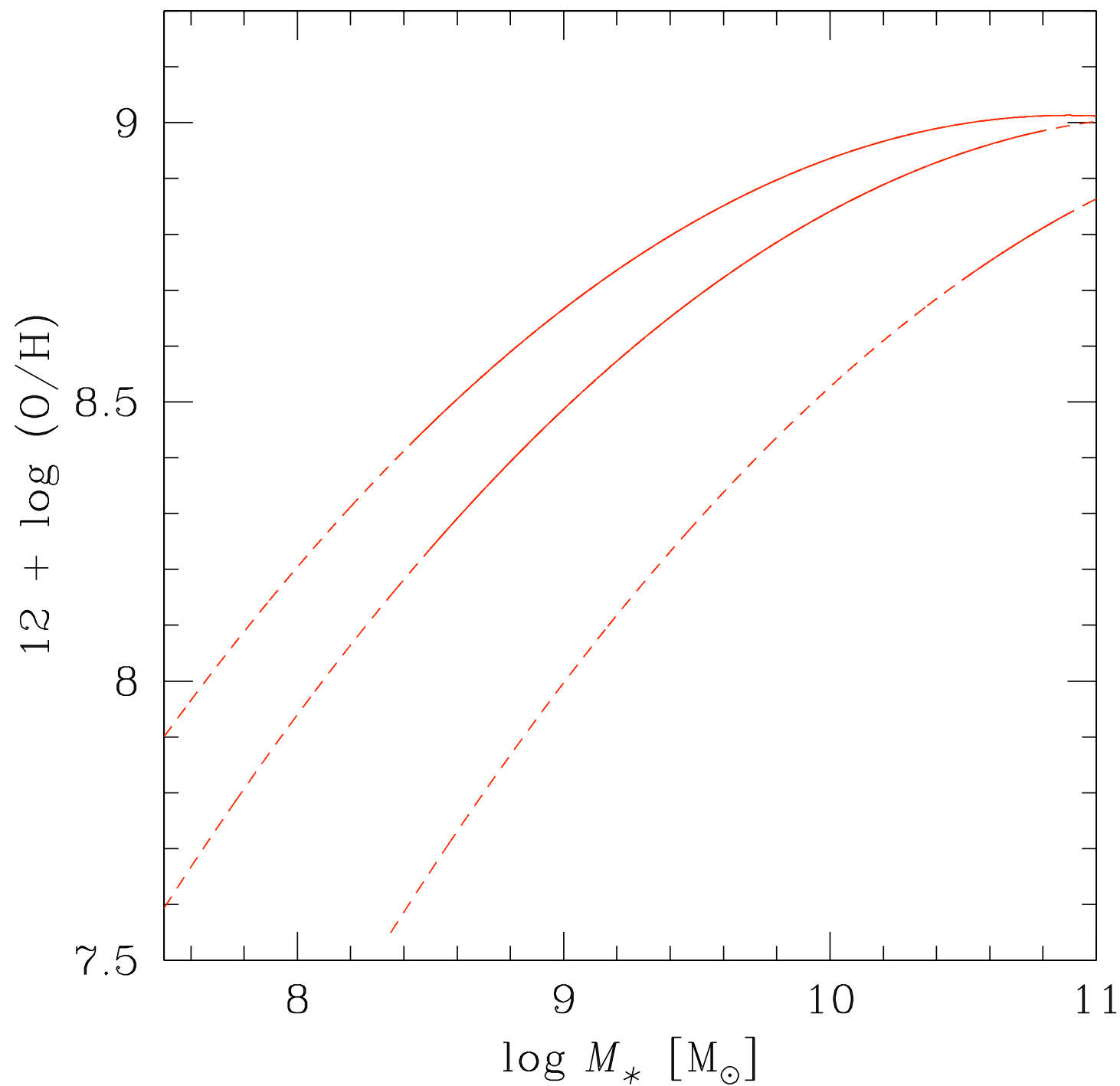
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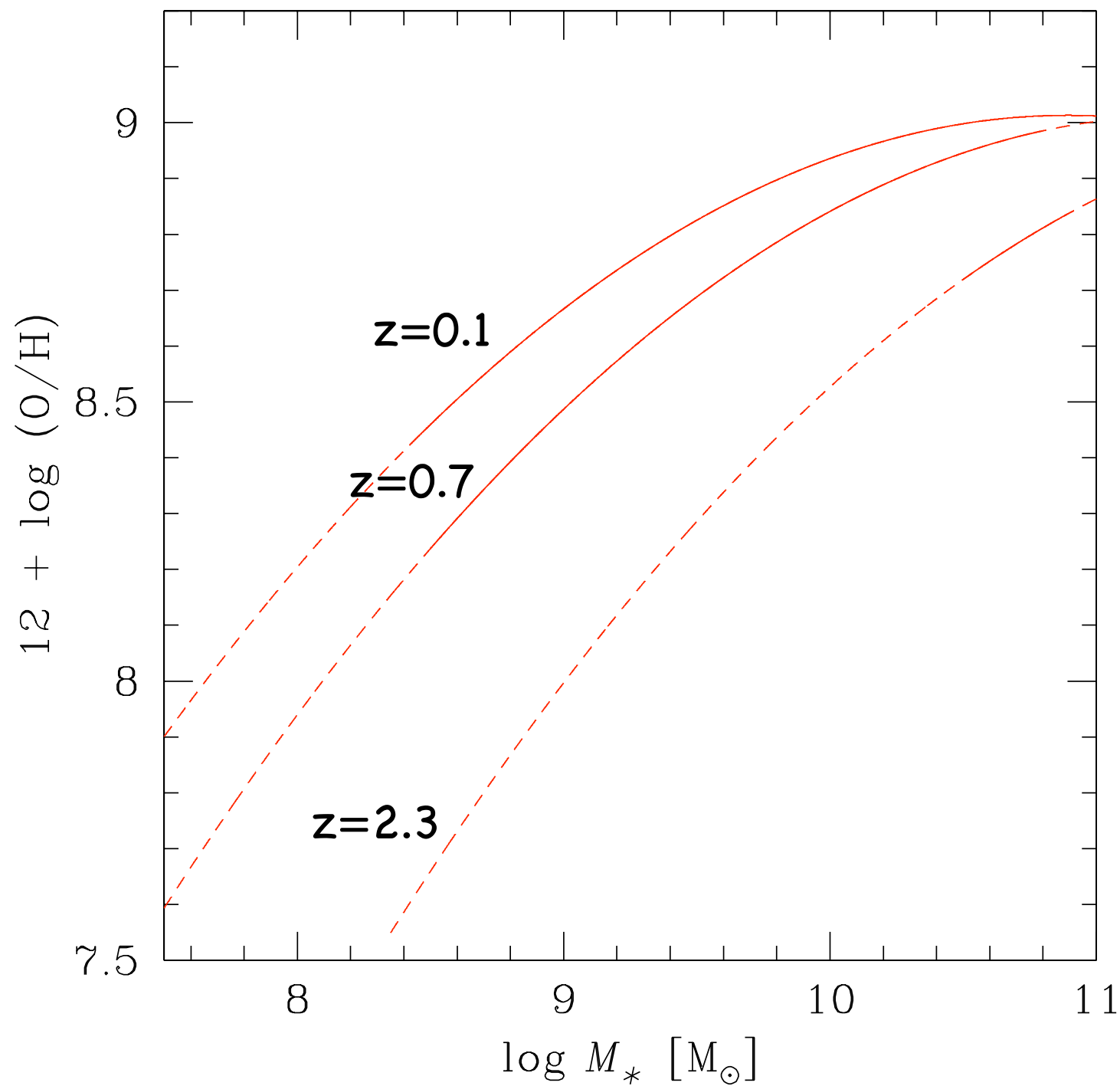


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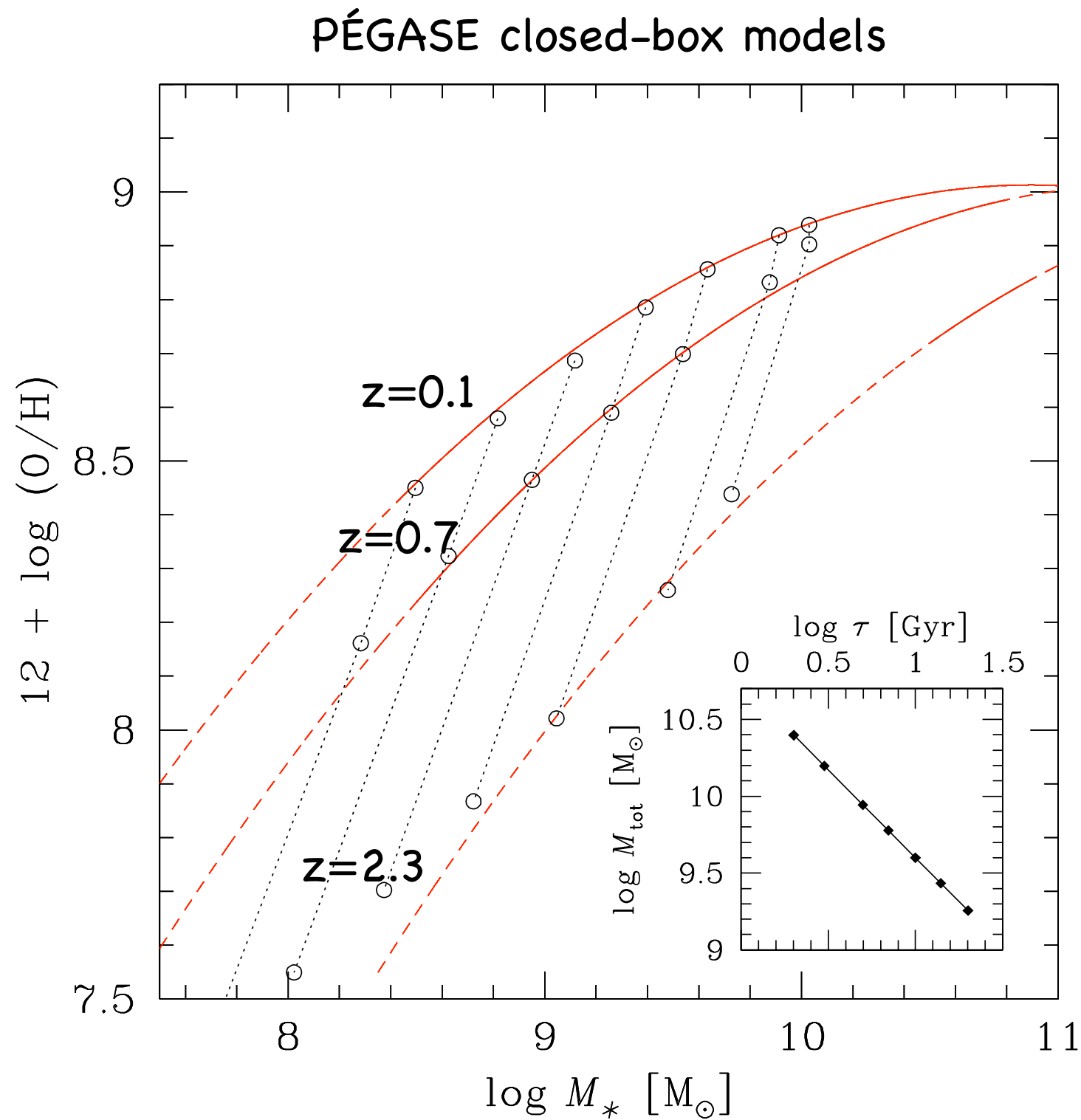
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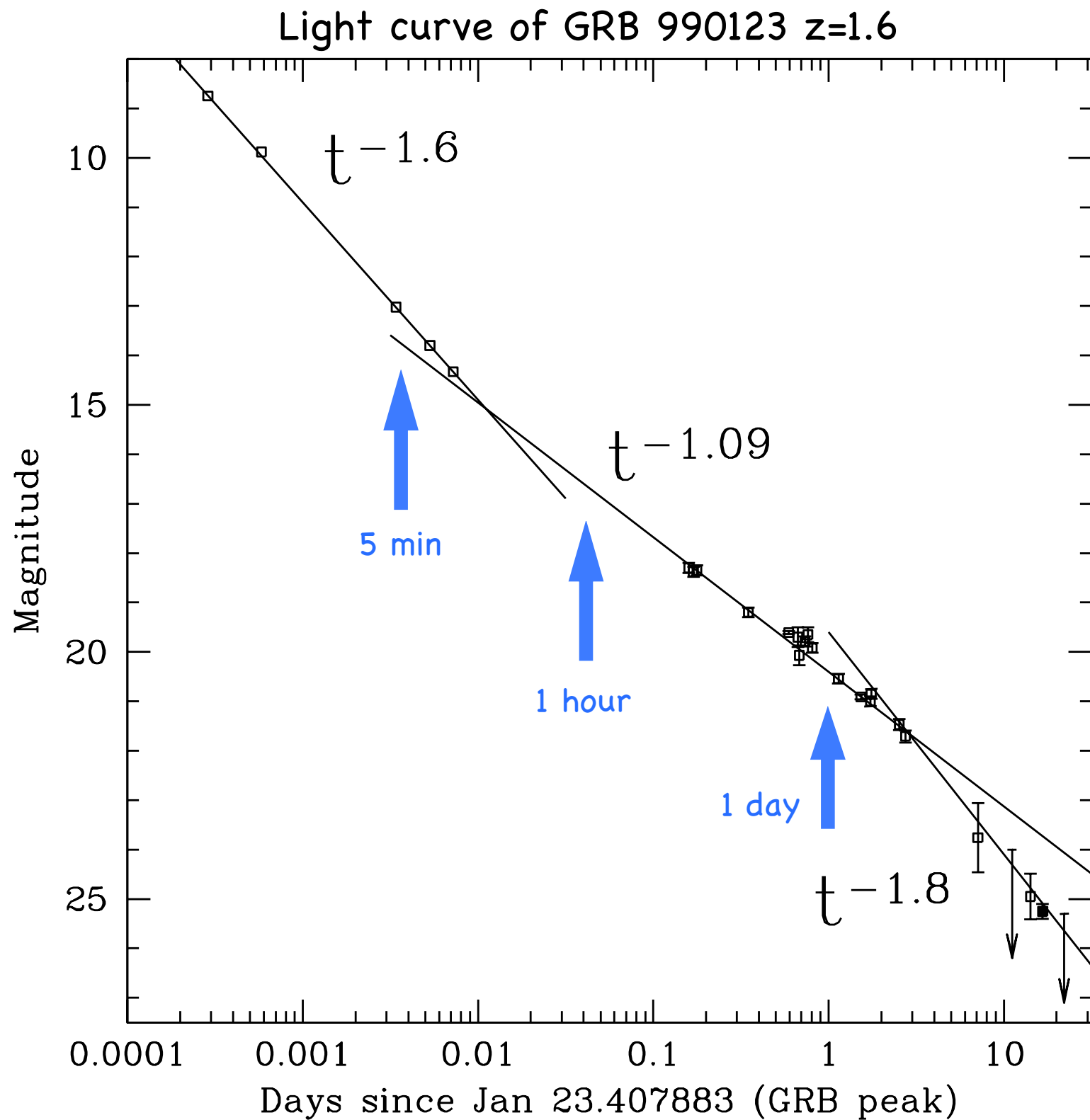
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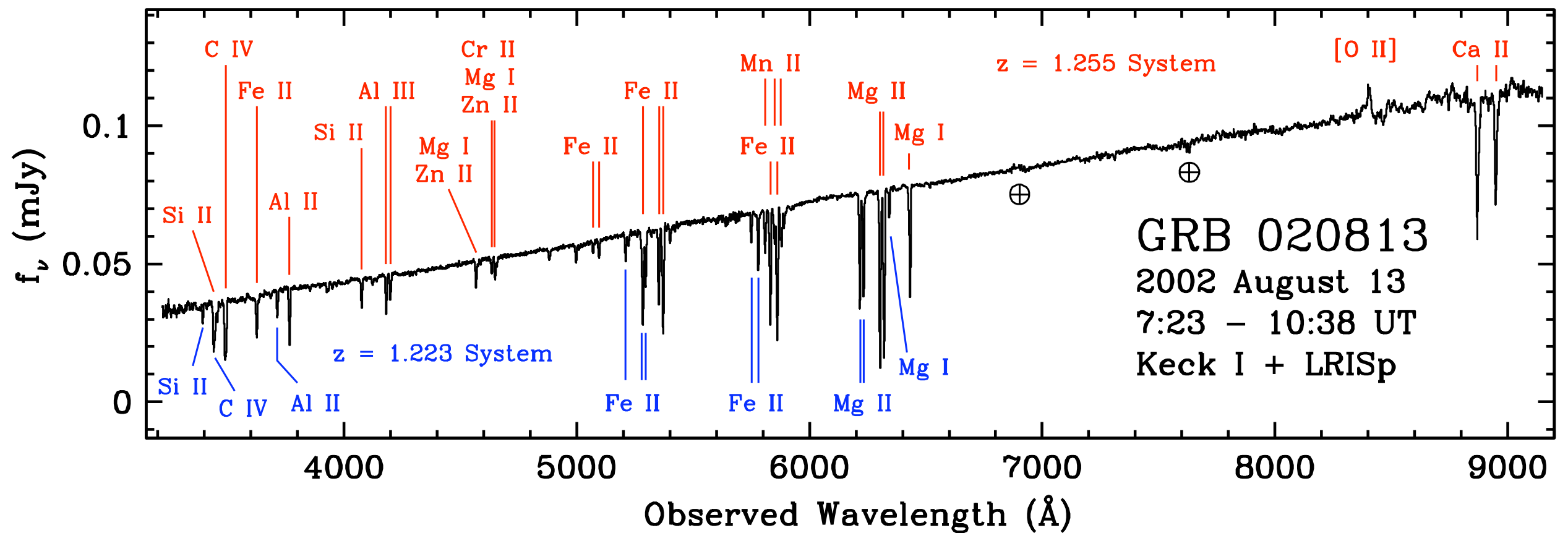
GRB afterglows to study the high- z ISM



Fruchter et al. (1999)

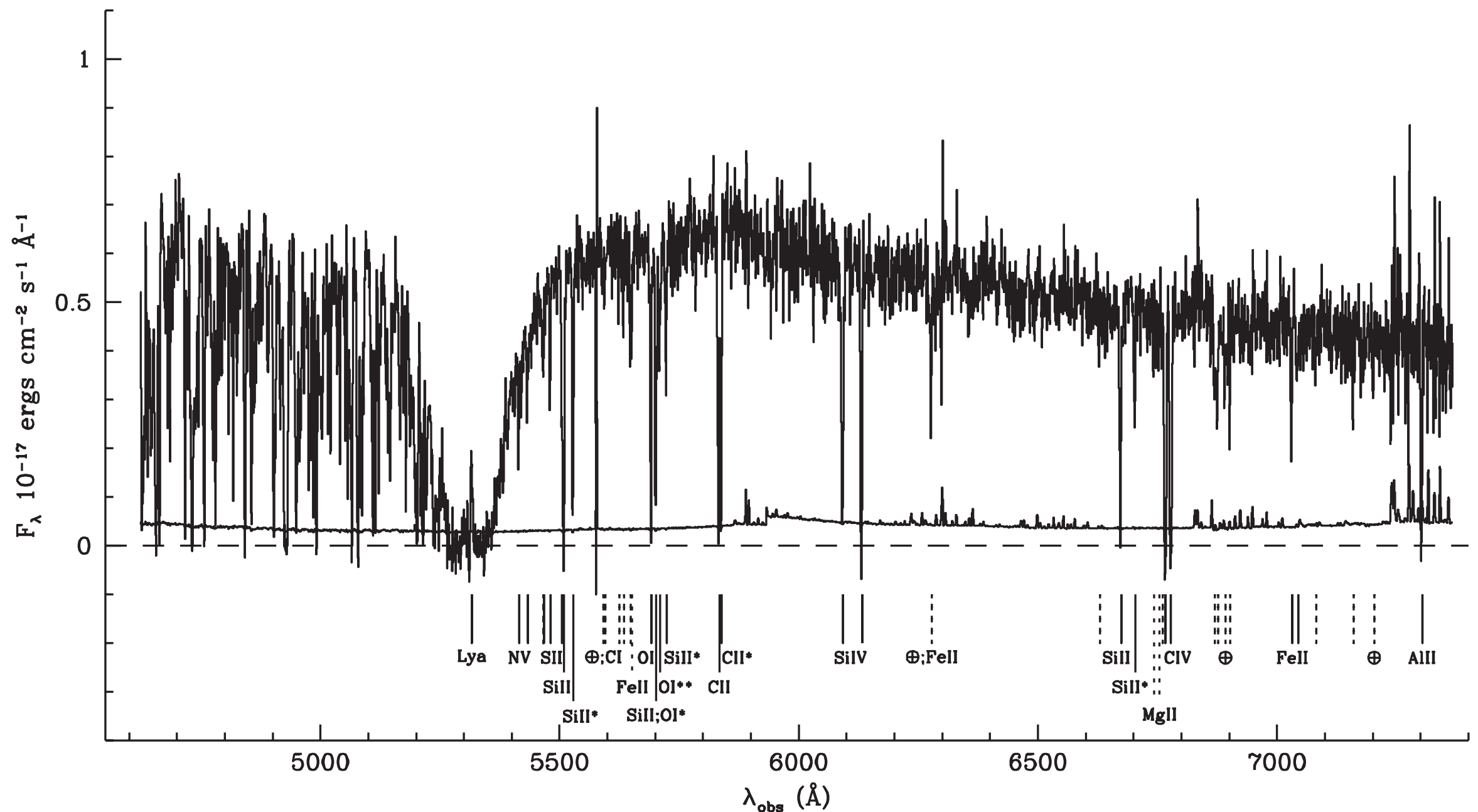
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FWHM ≈ 100 km/s $S/N > 50$



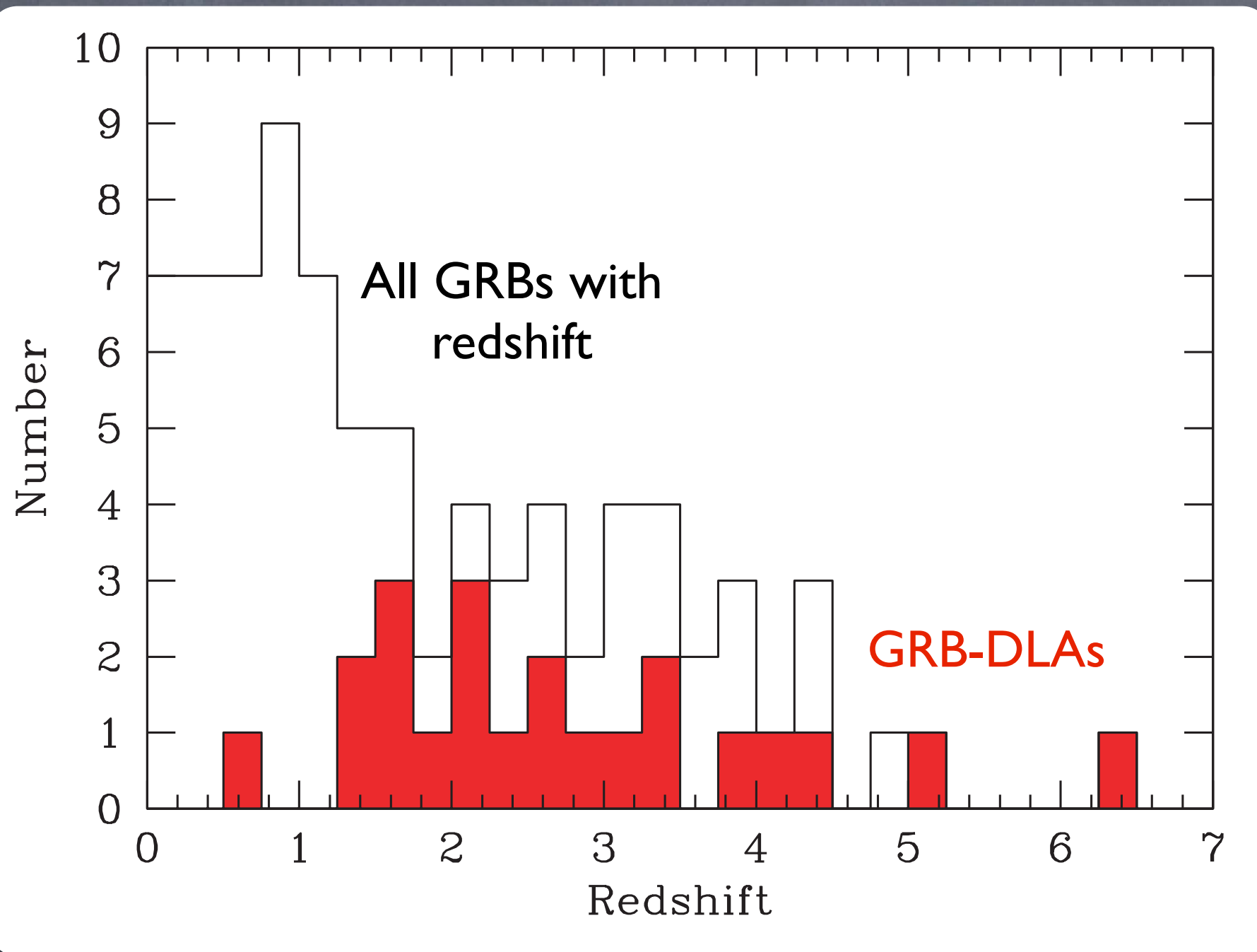
GRB 020813 $z=1.255$ (Barth et al. 2003)

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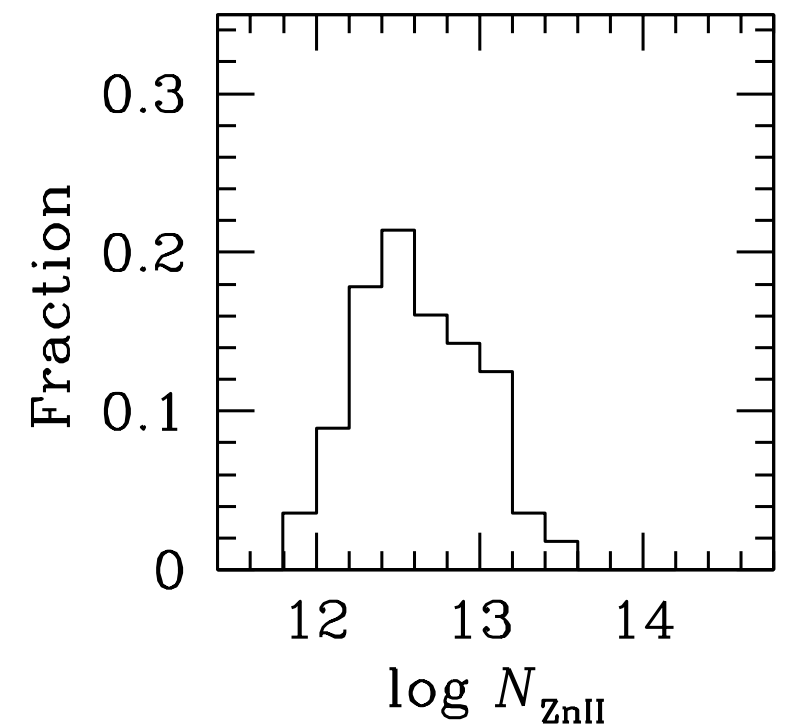
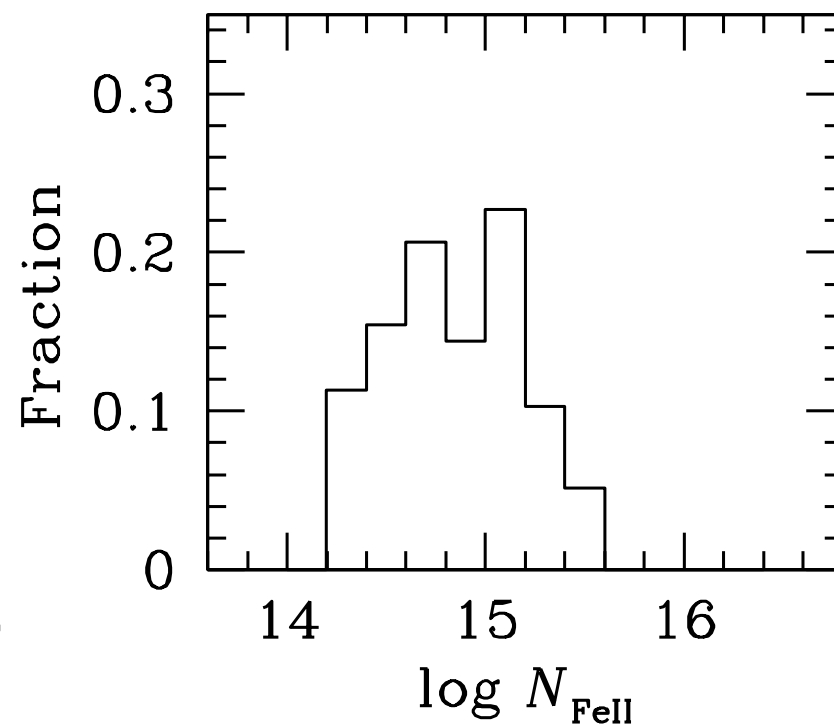
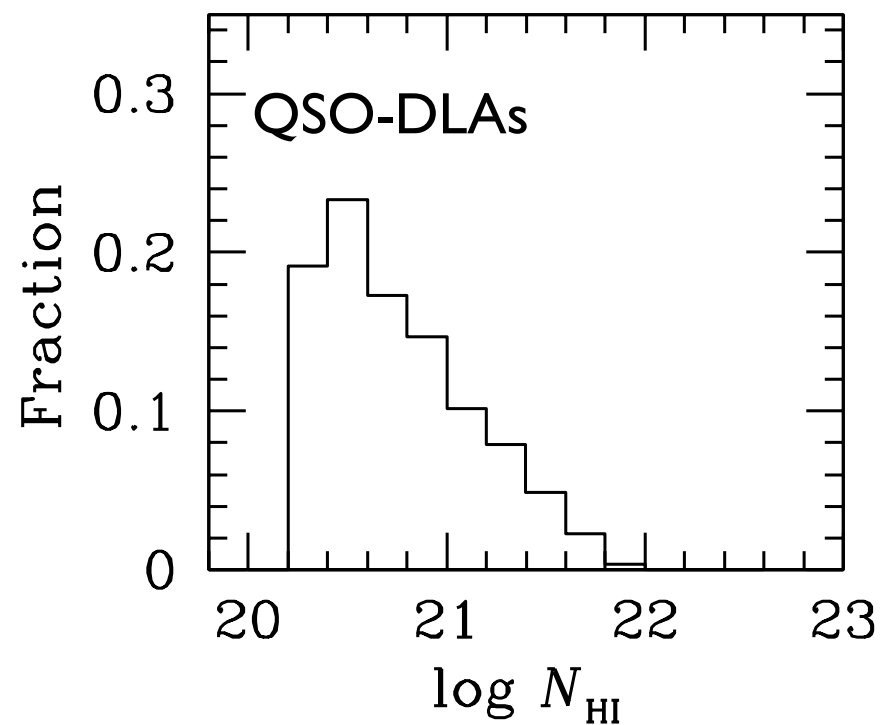


GRB 030323 $z=3.372$ (Vreeswijk et al. 2004)

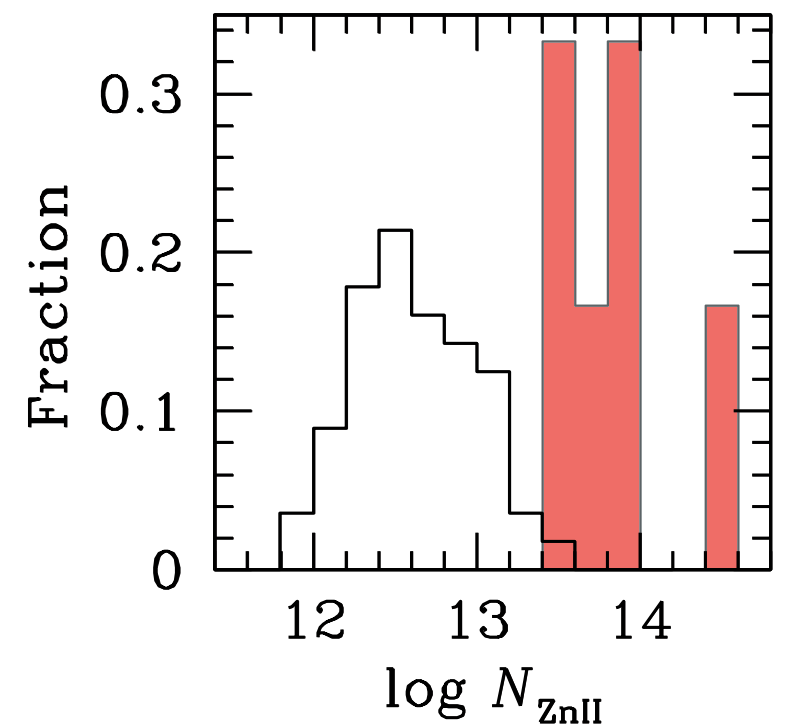
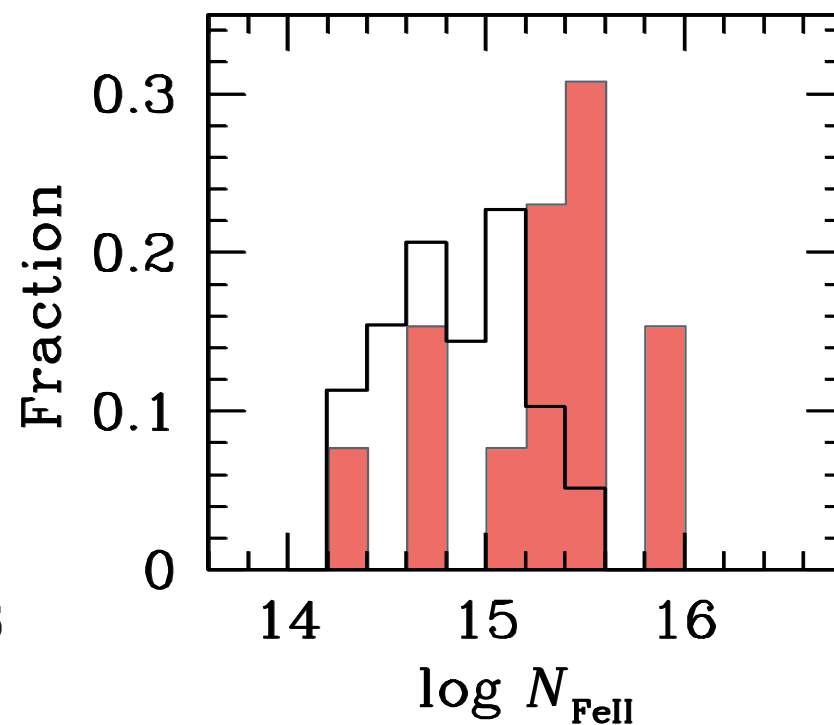
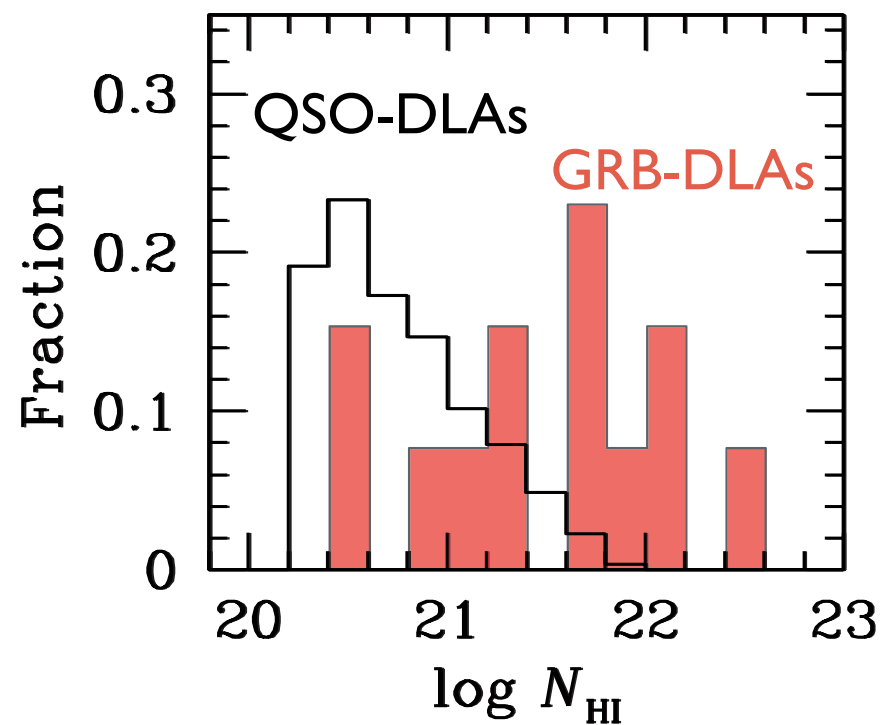
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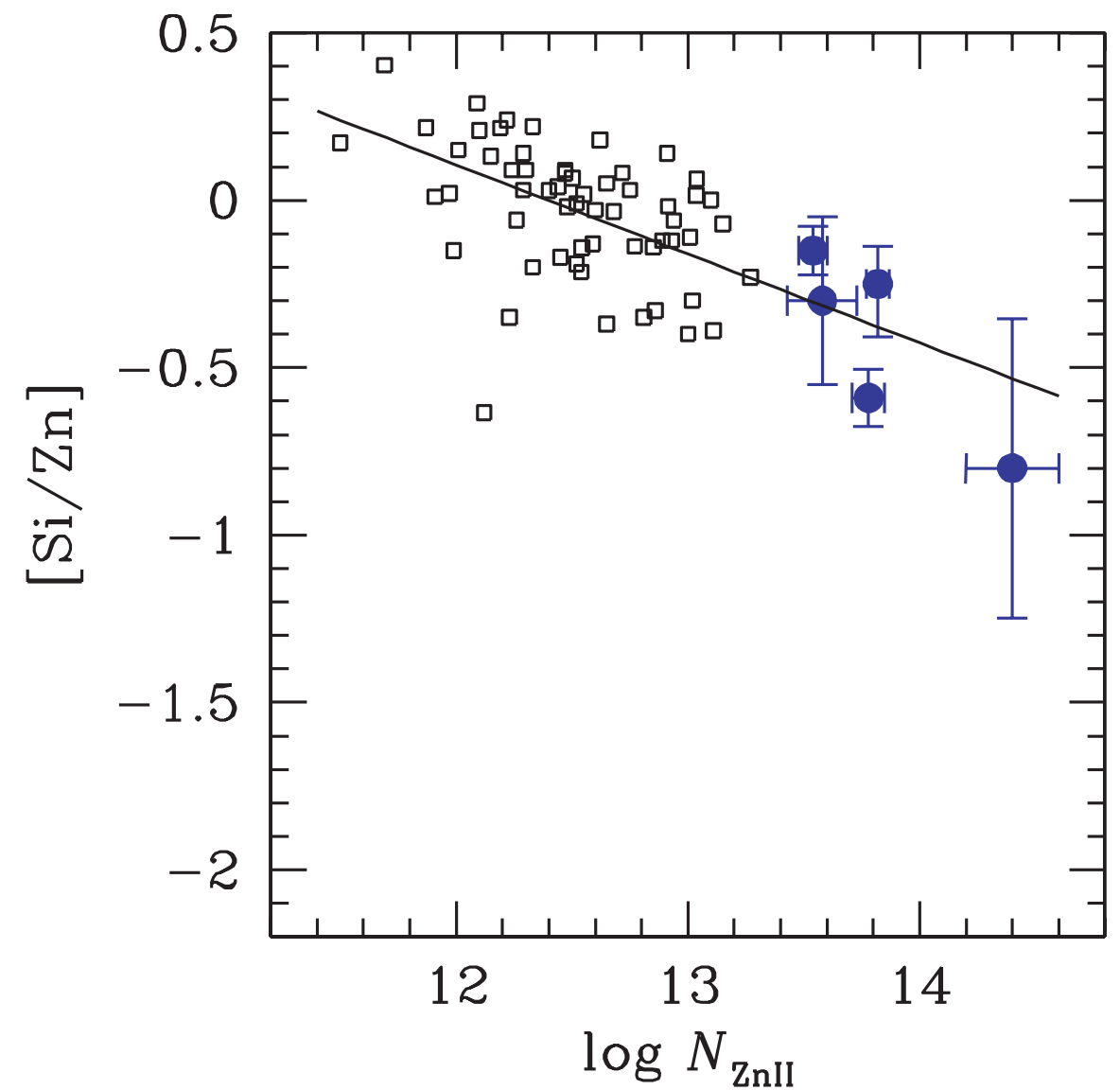
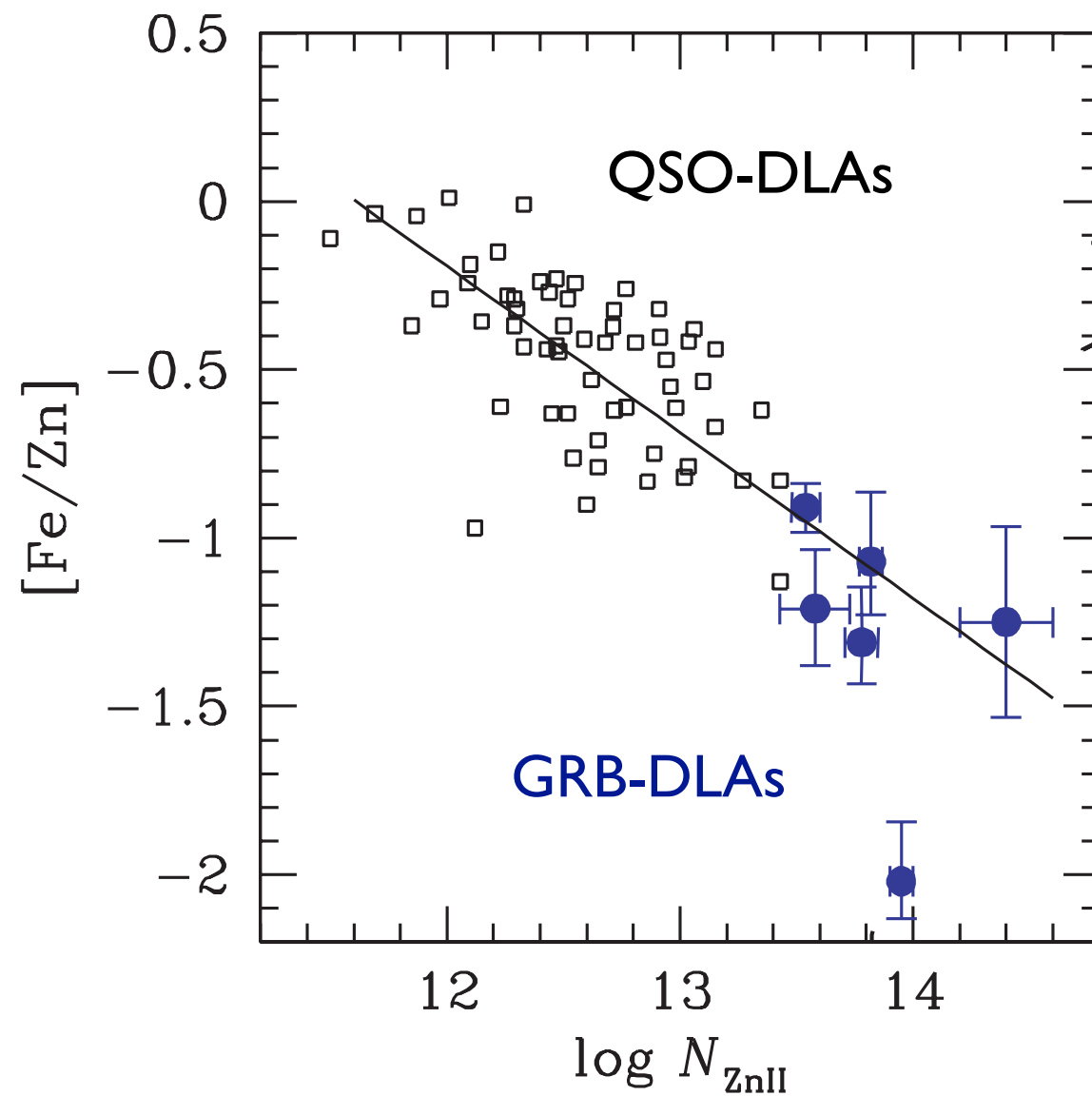
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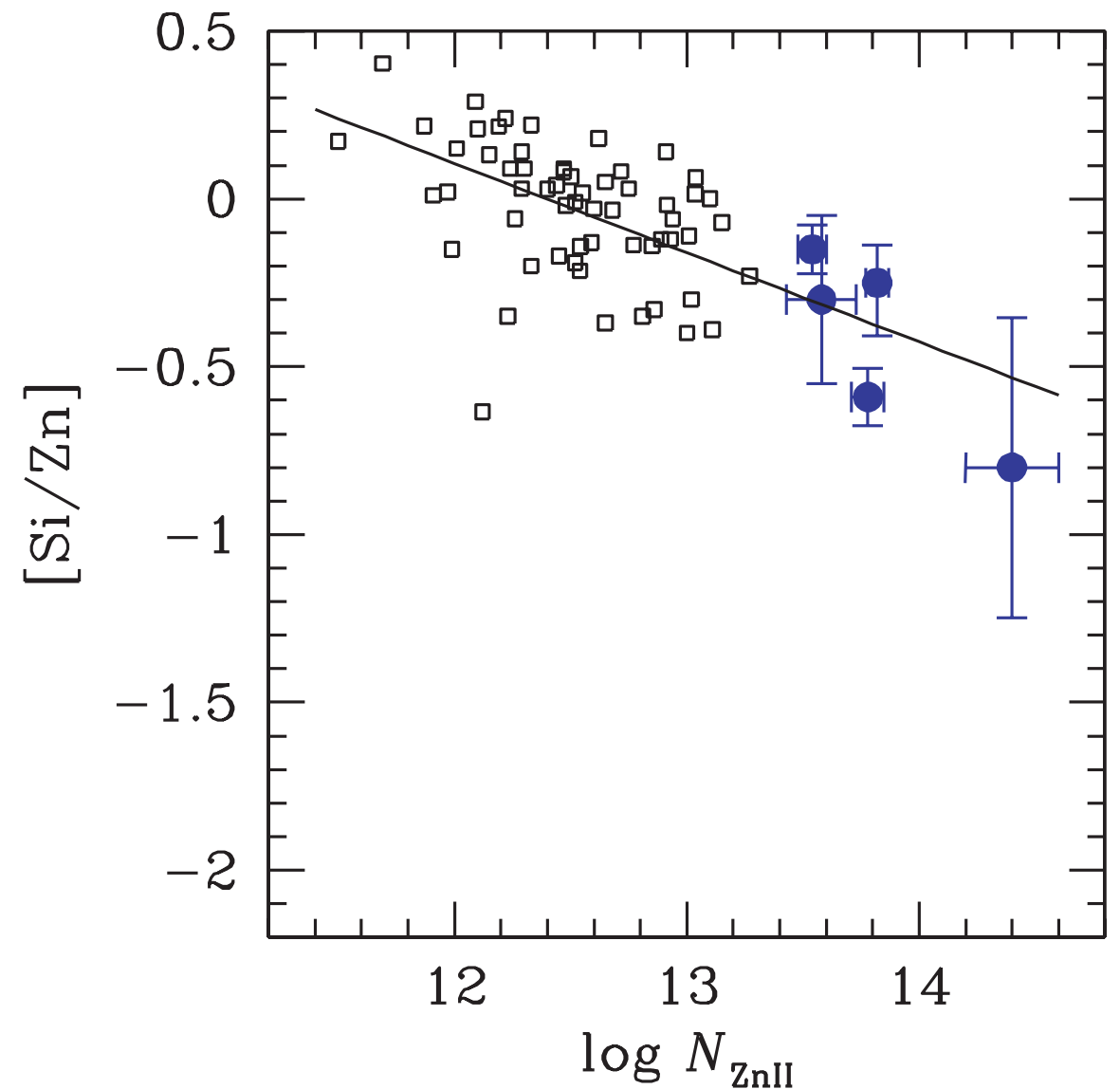
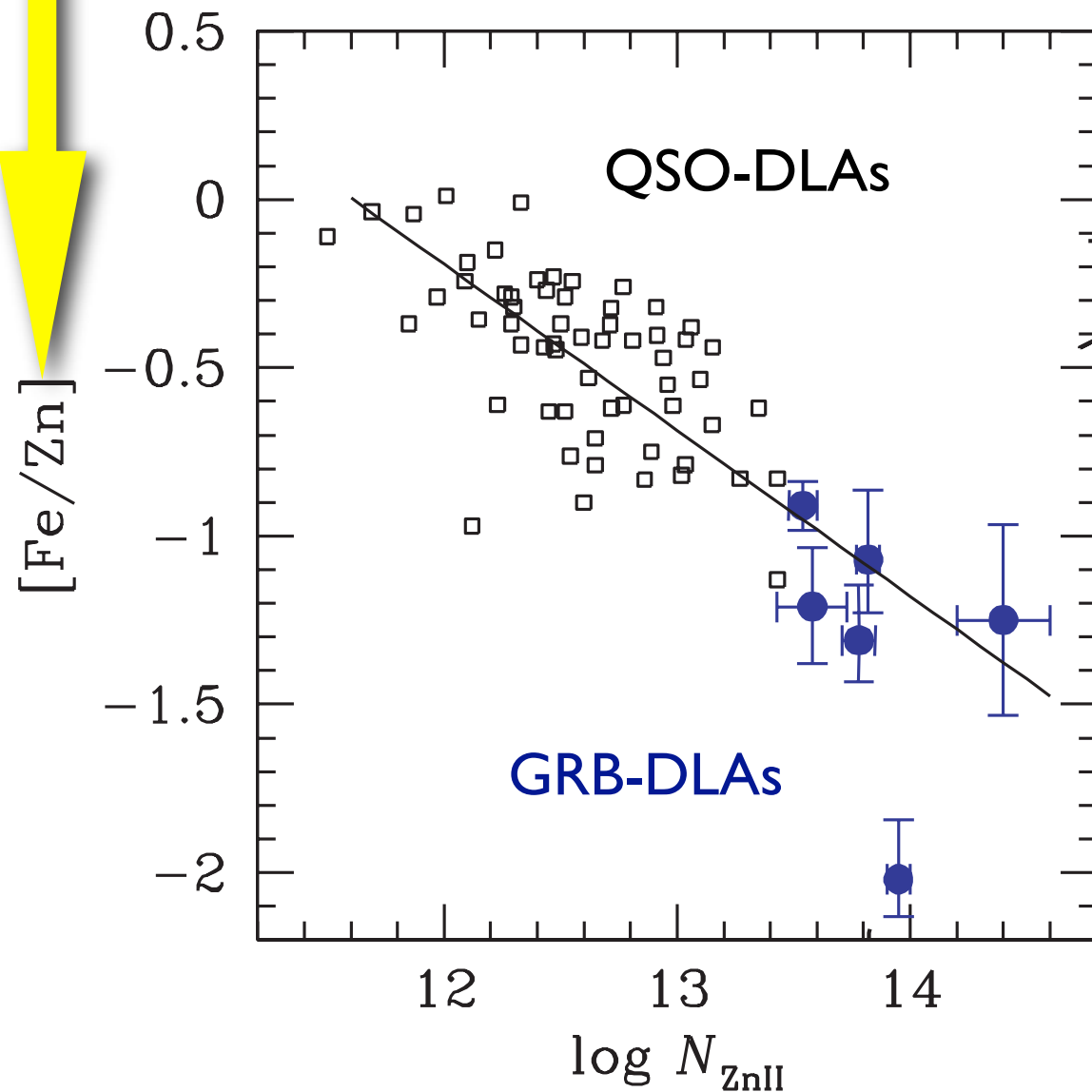
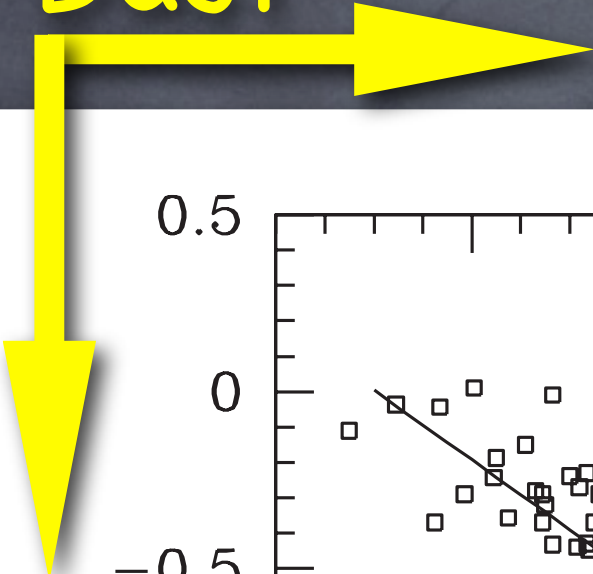
Dust depletion in GRB-DLAs



Savaglio, Fall & Fiore (2003)
Savaglio & Fall (2004)
Savaglio (2006)

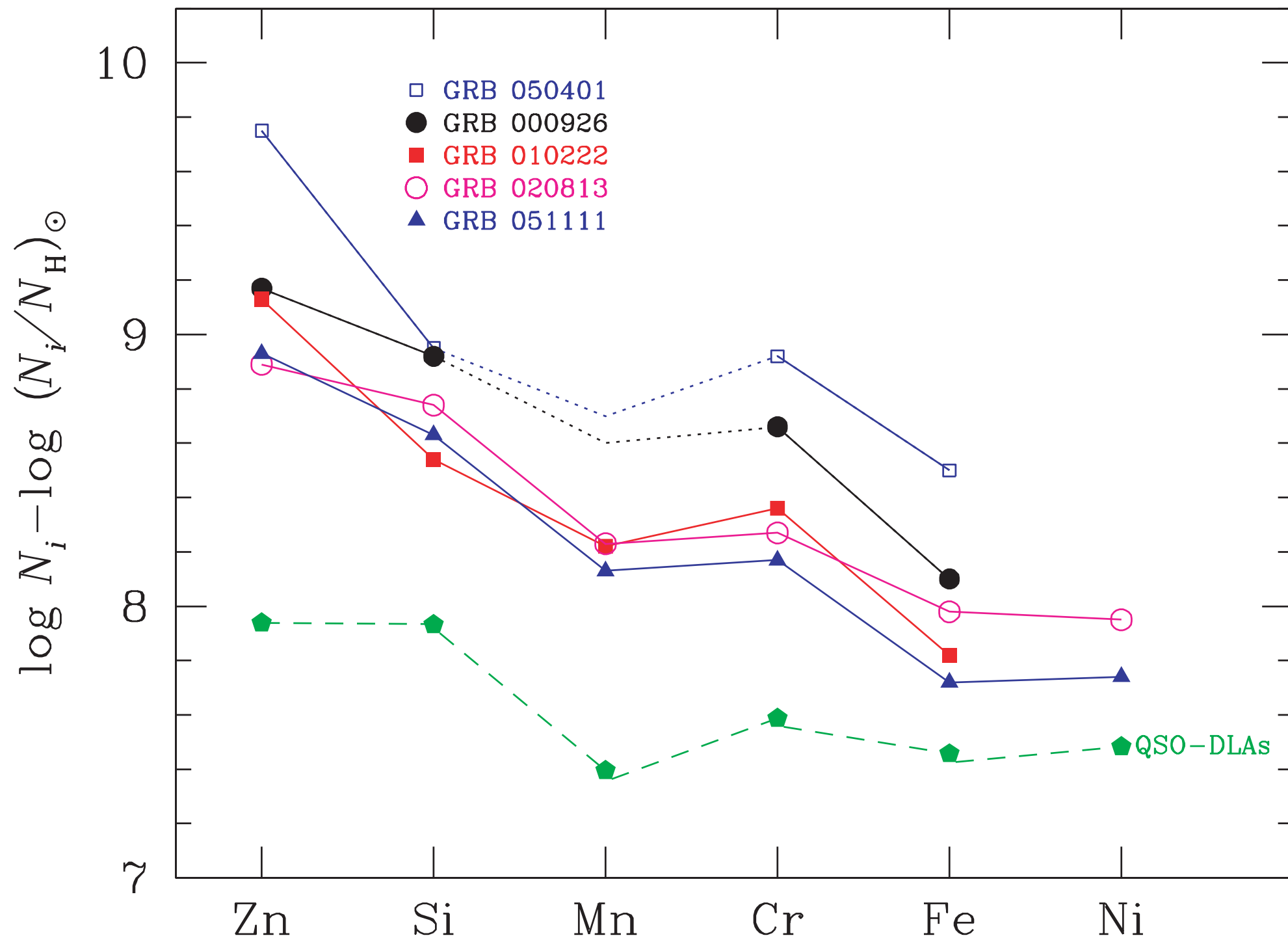
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Dust

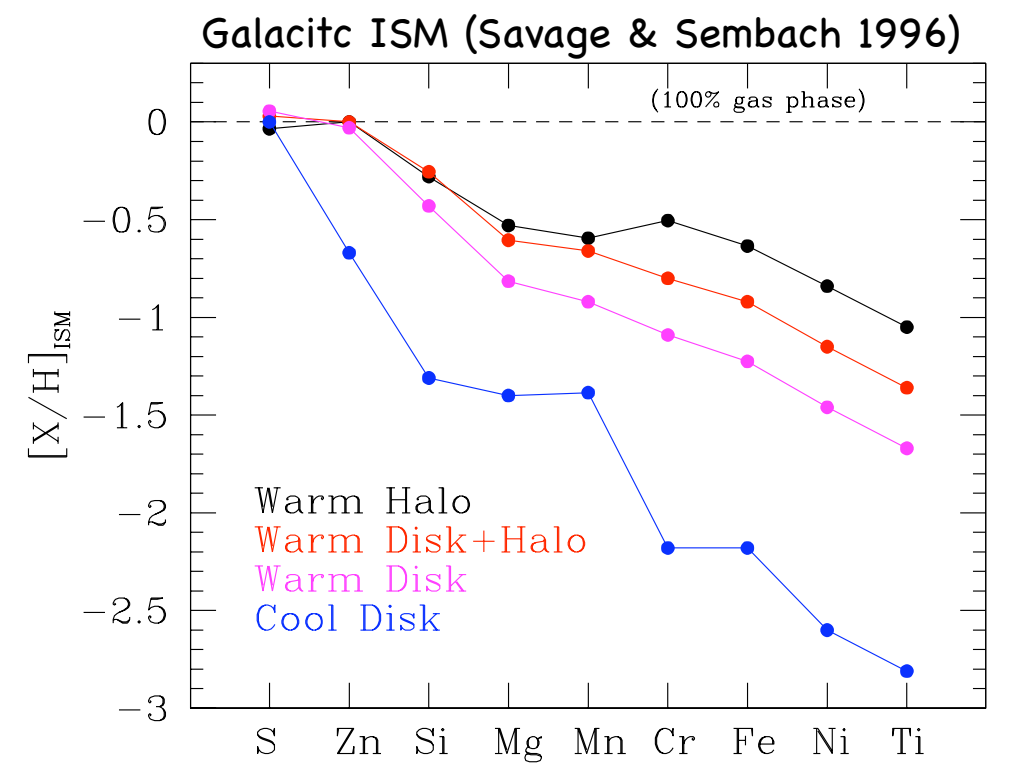
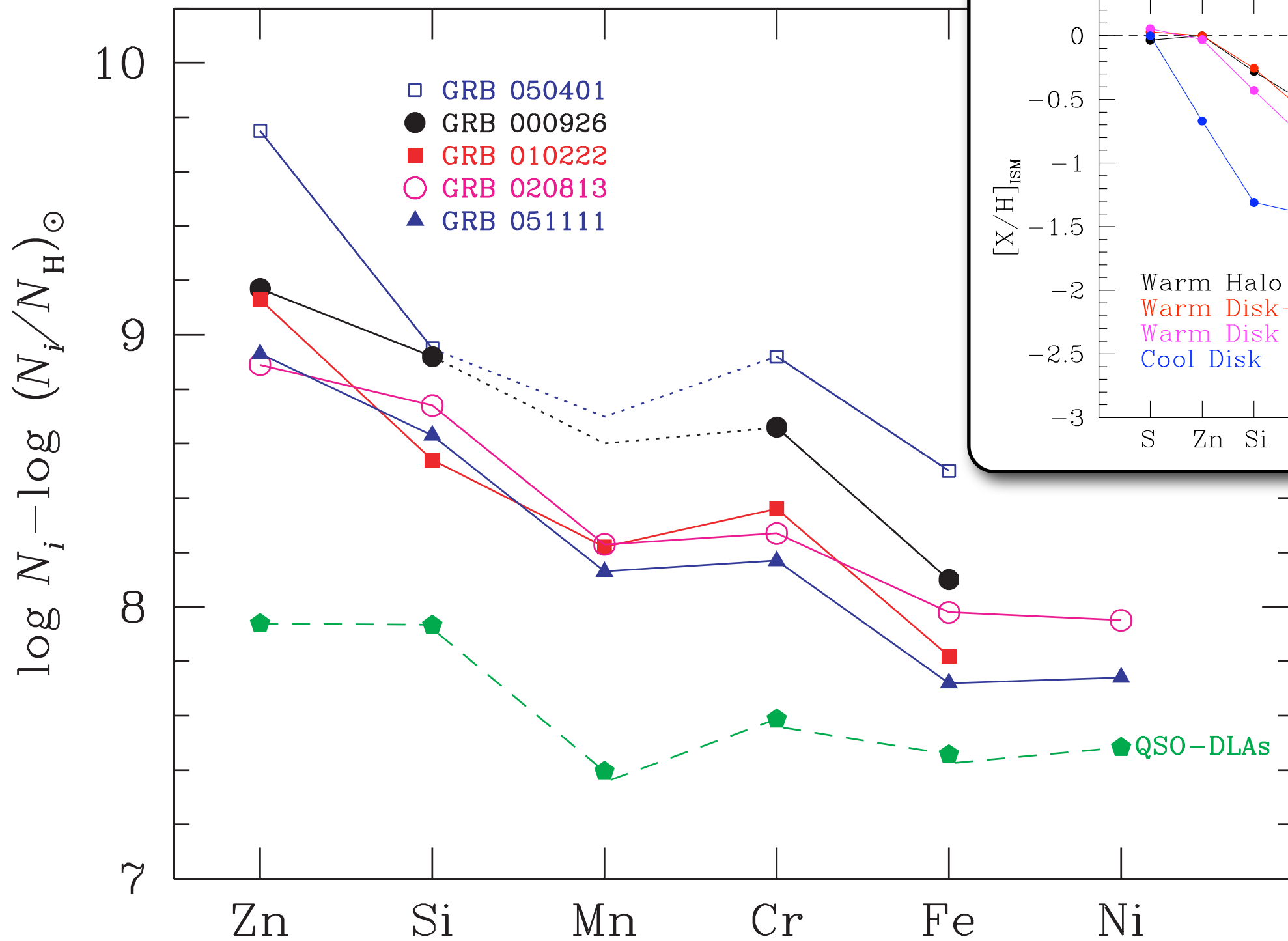


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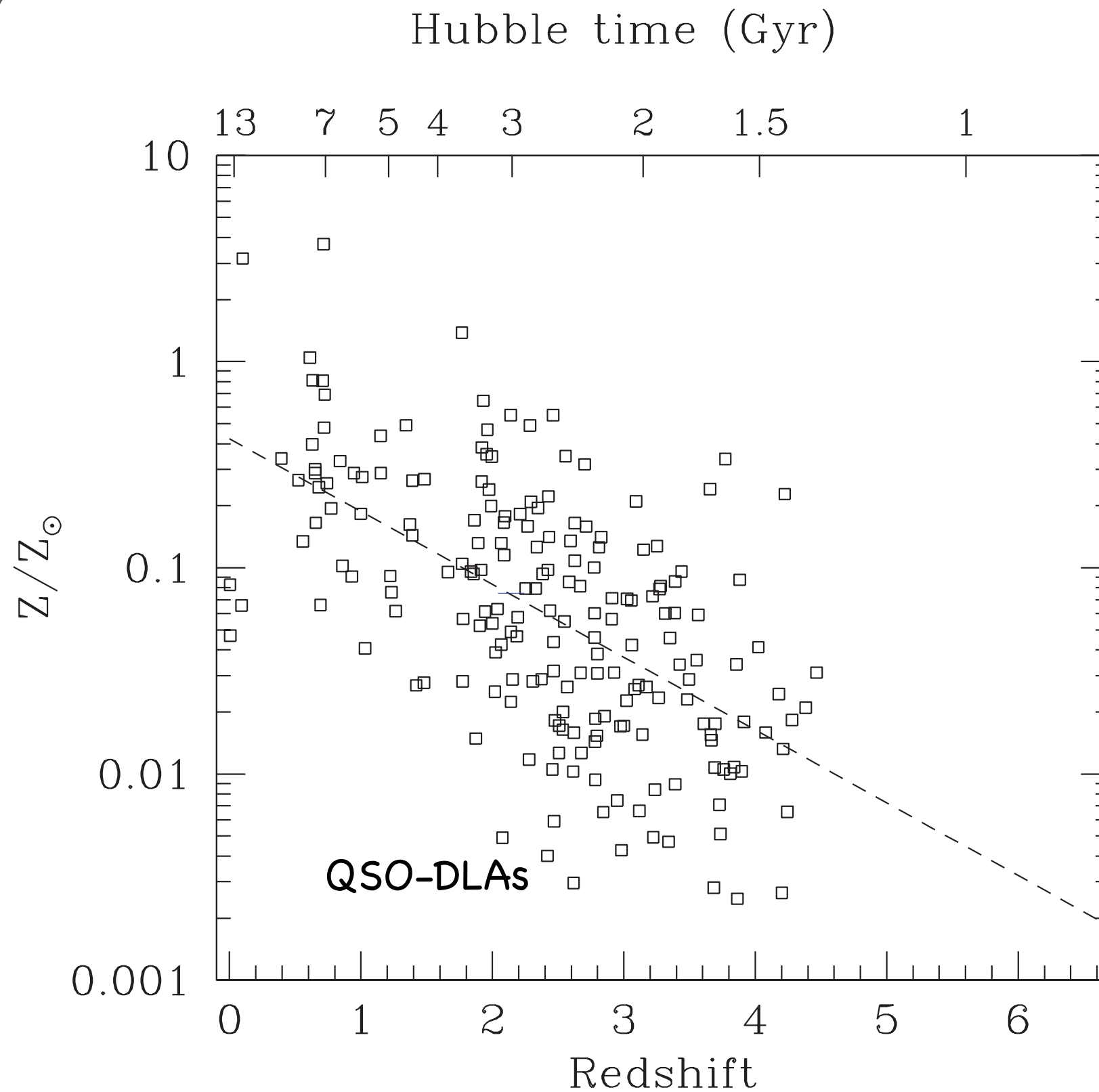
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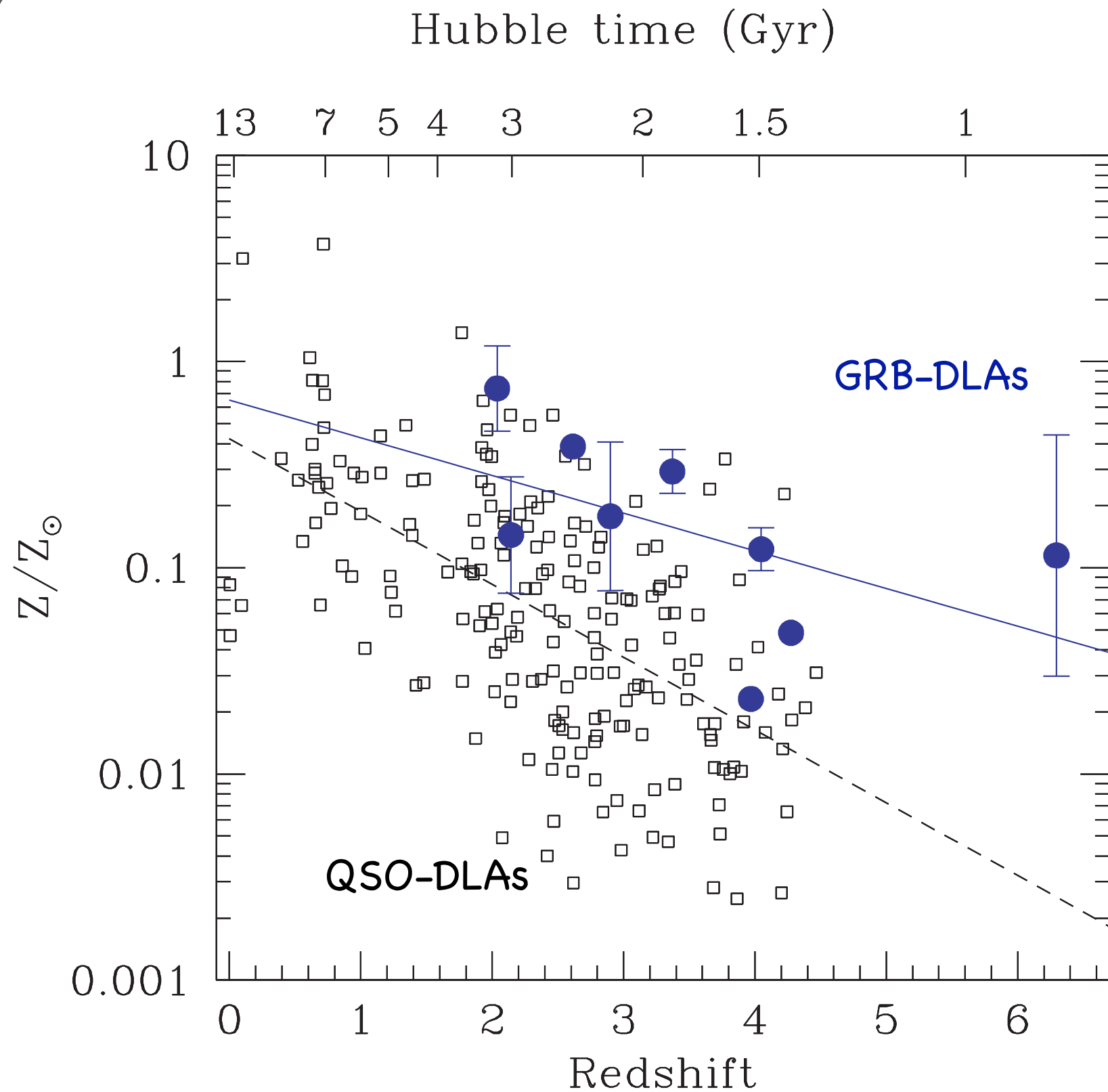
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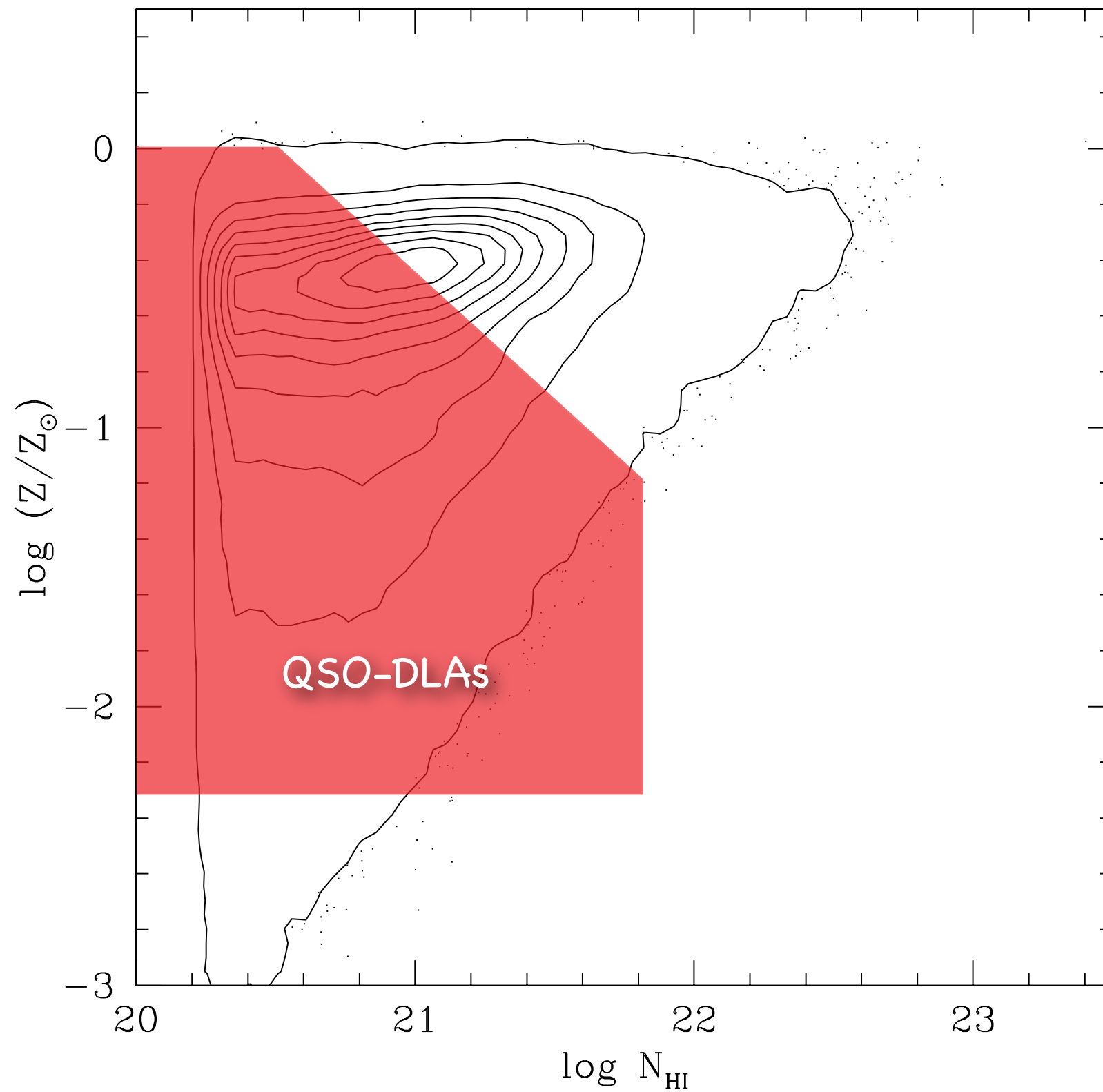
ISM metal enrichment in GRB-DLAs



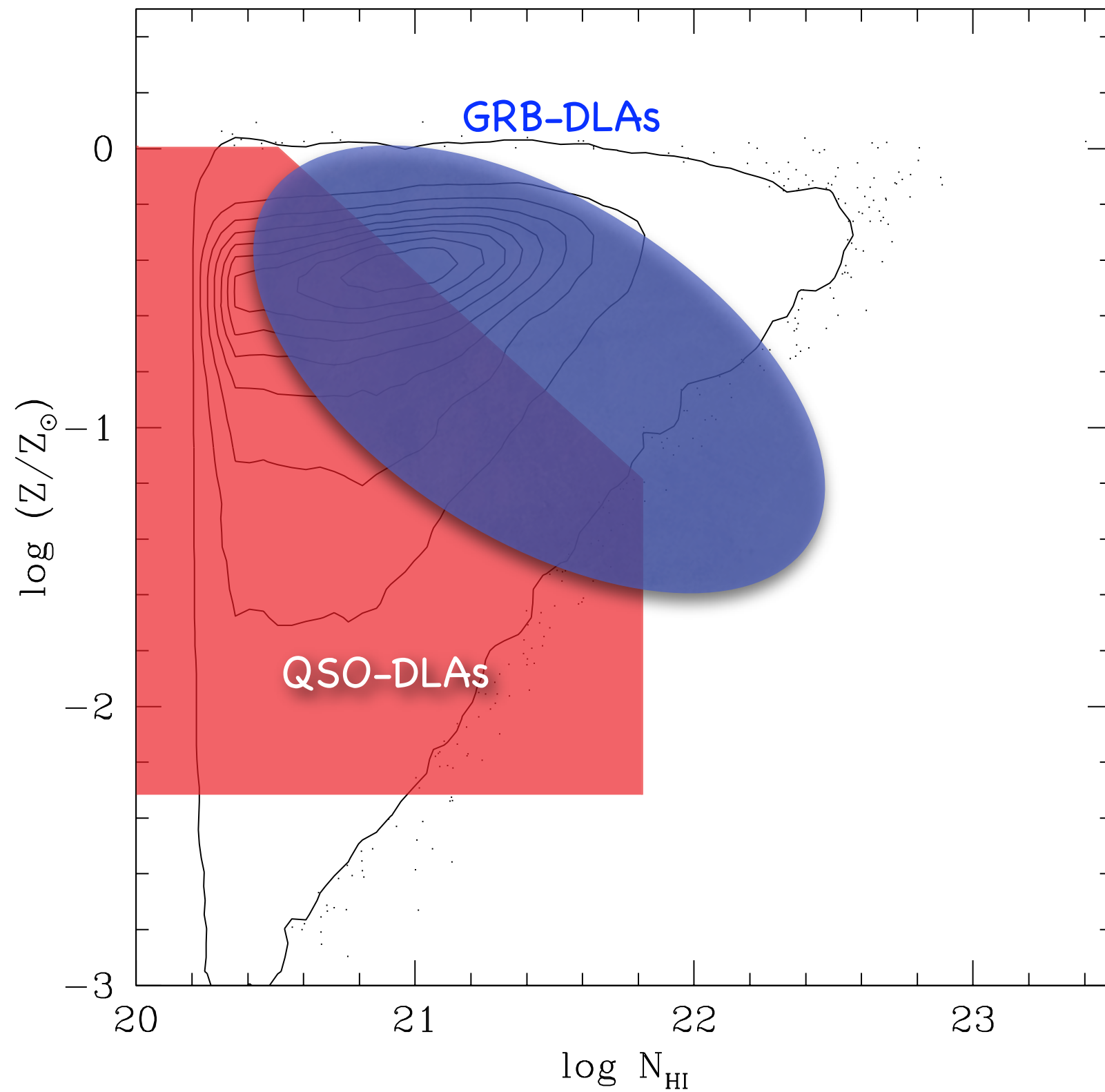
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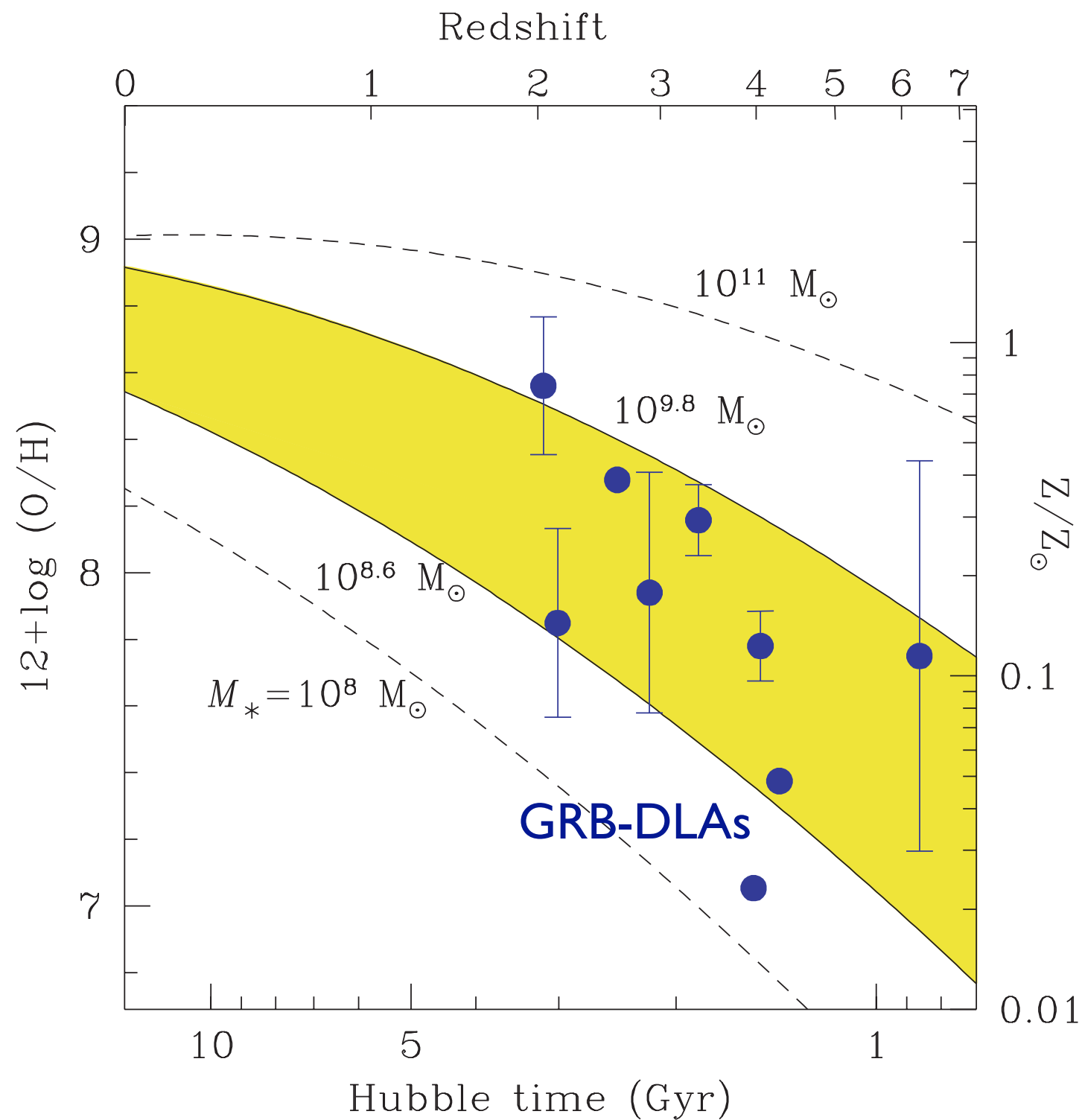
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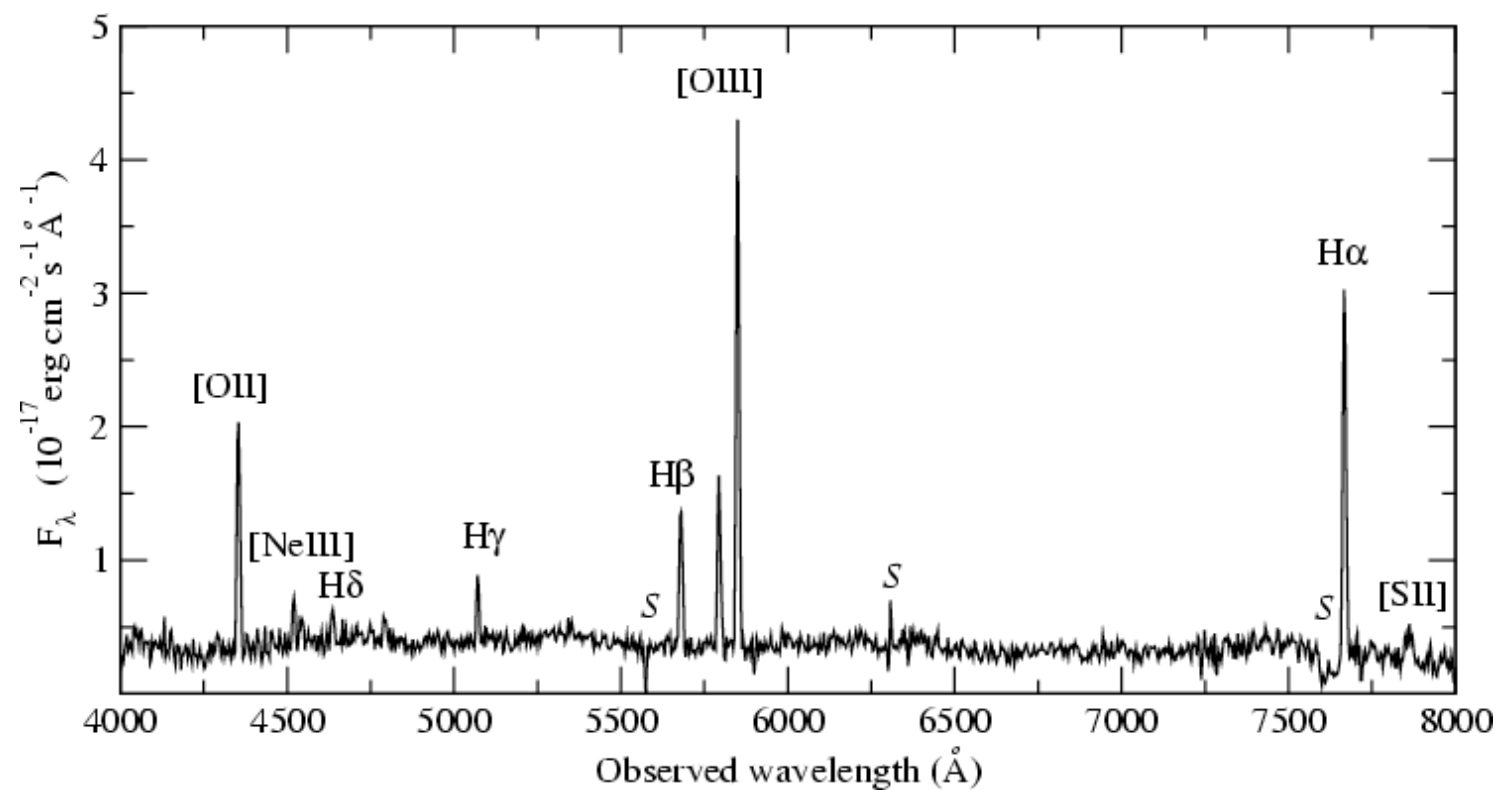
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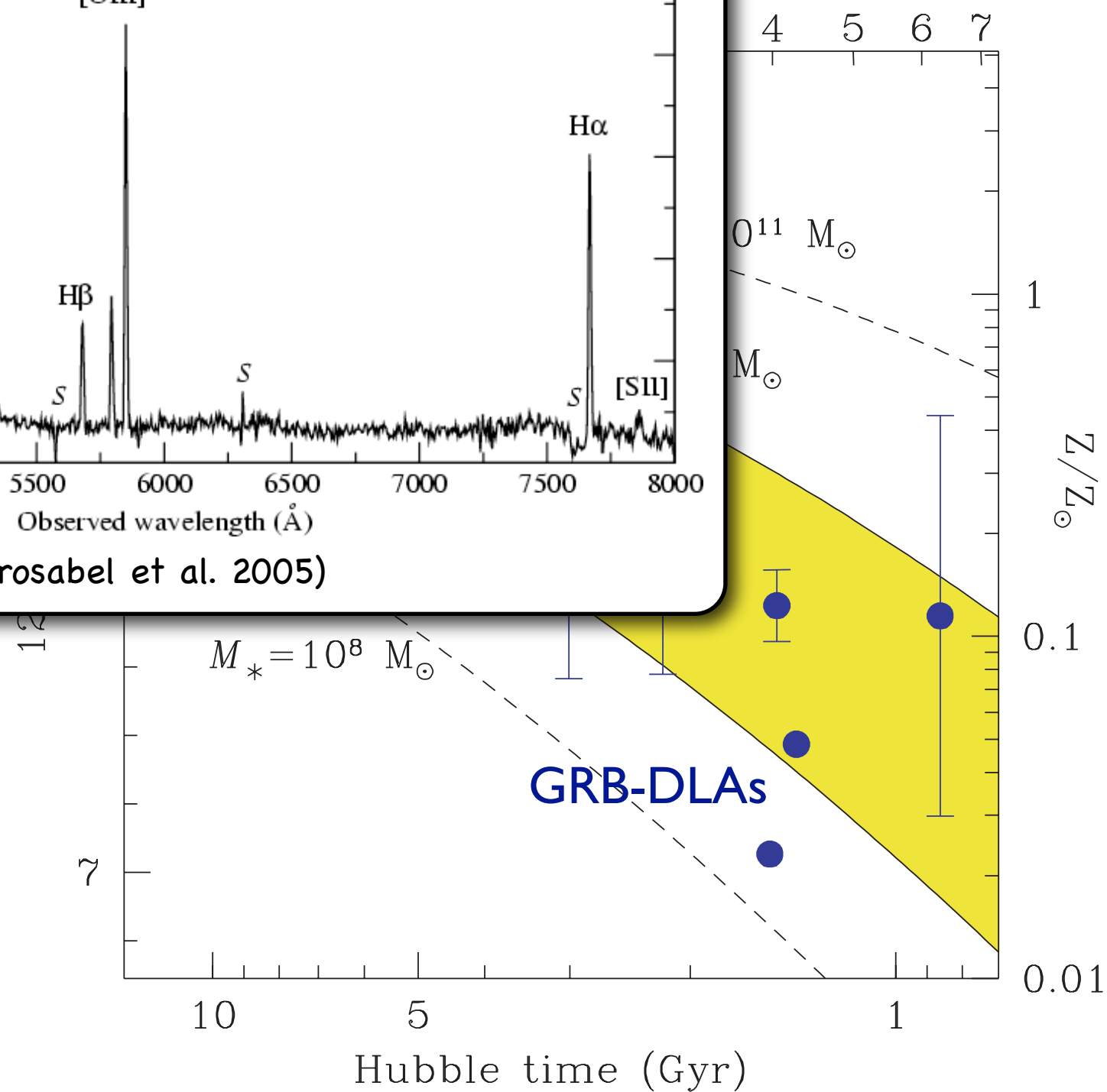
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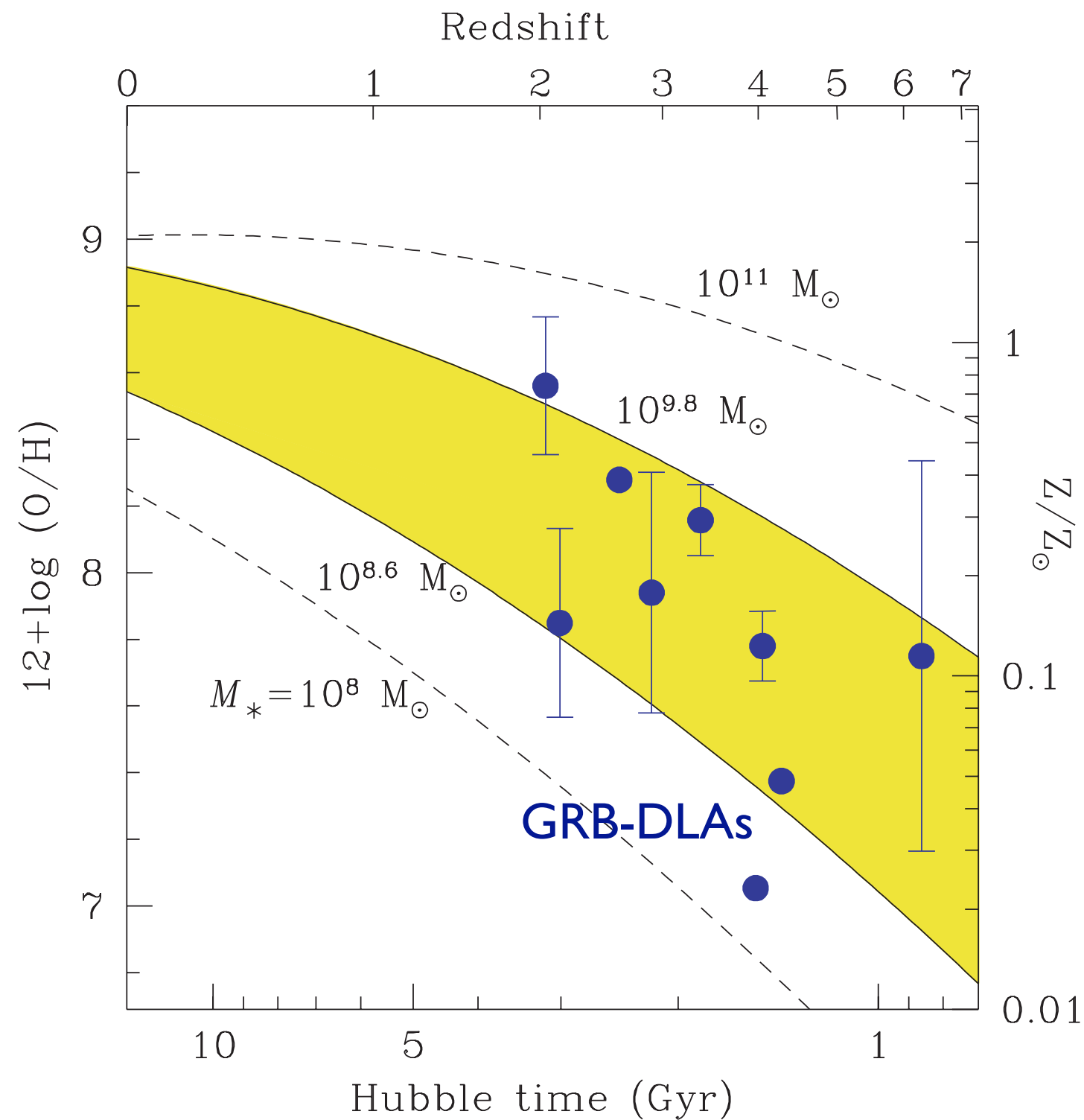
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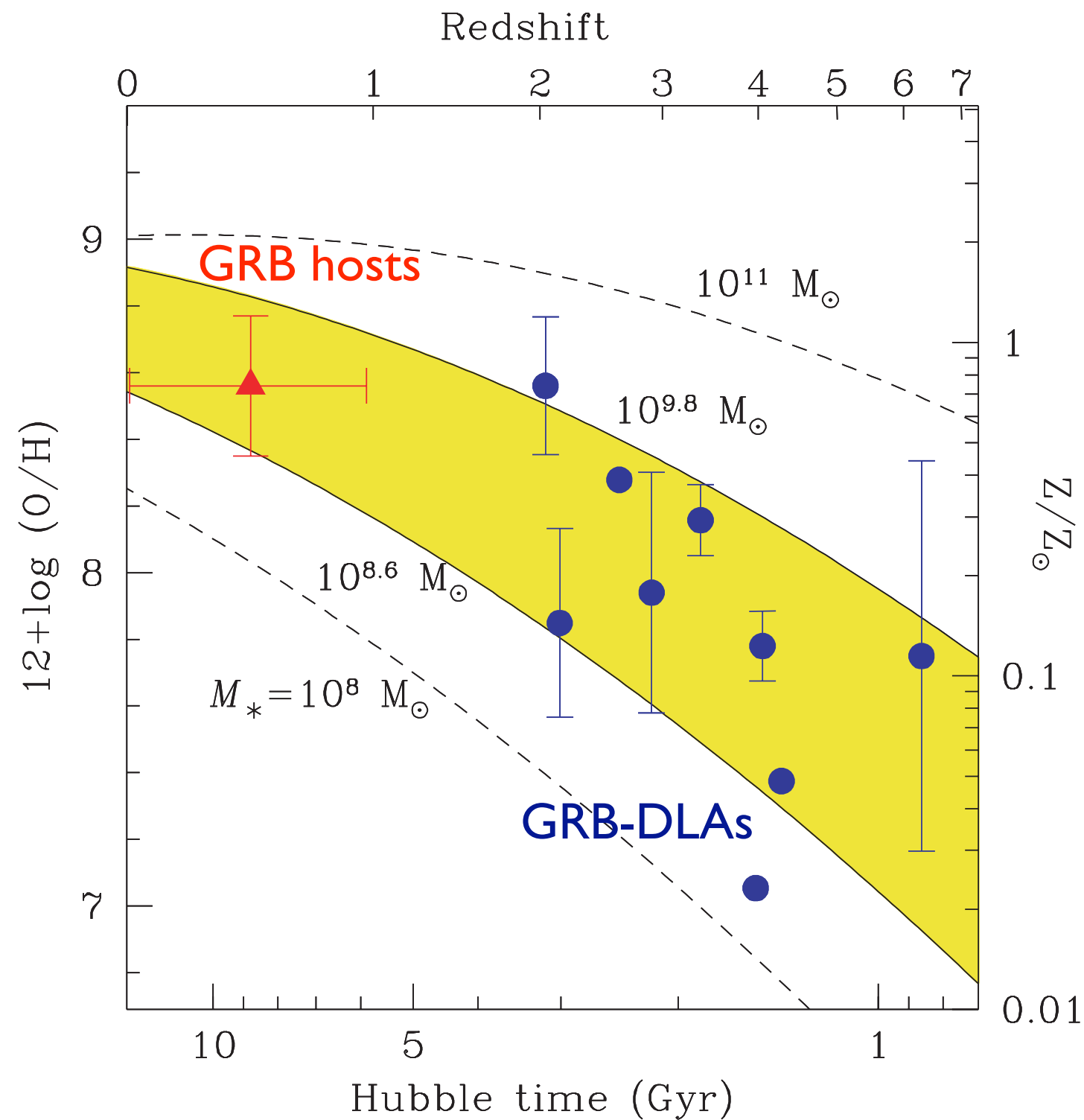
GRB 030328 $z=0.168$ (Gorosabel et al. 2005)



Redshift evolution of mass-metallicity relation



Redshift evolution of mass-metallicity relation



GHOSTS

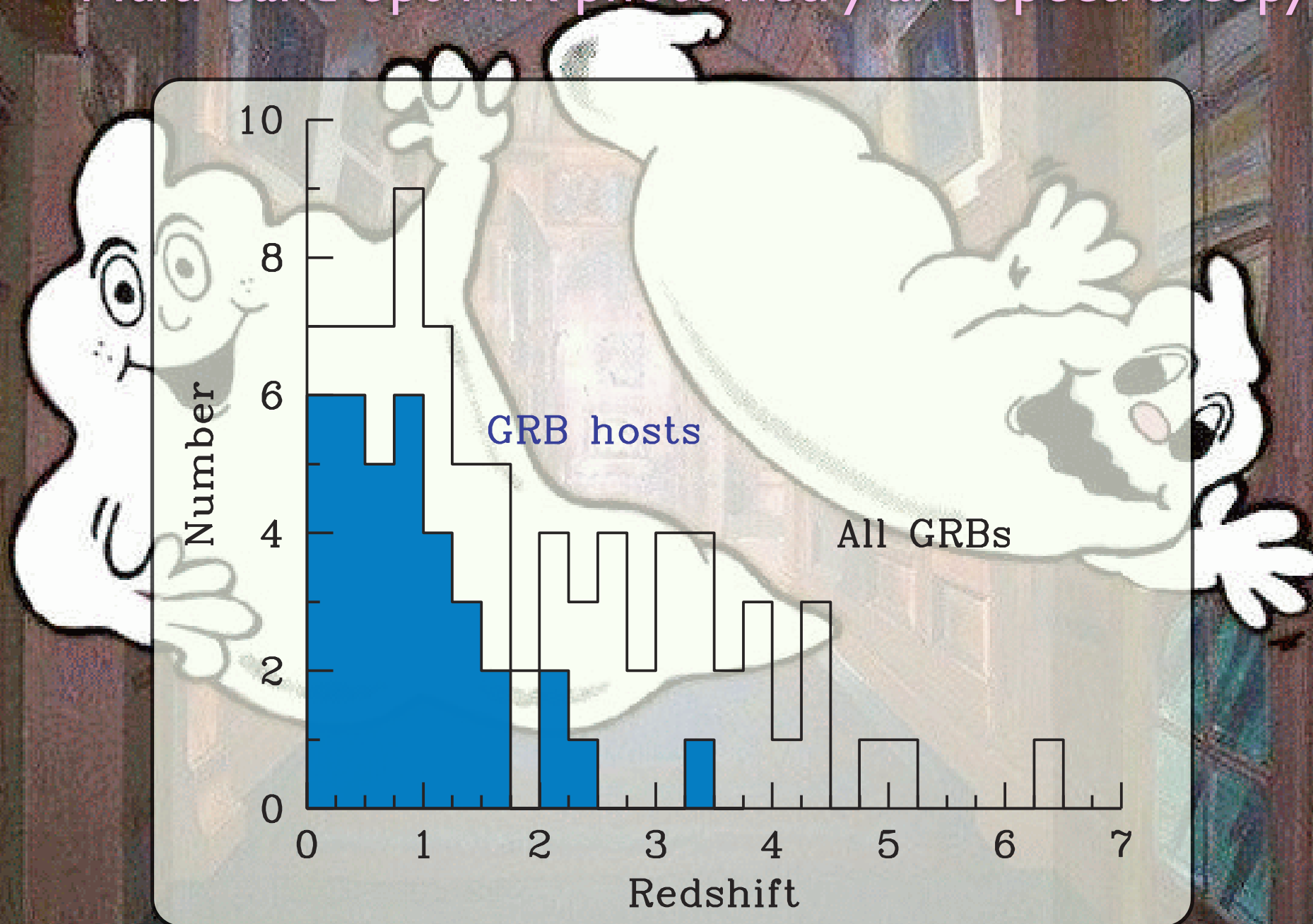


Gamma-Ray Burst Host Studies

S. Savaglio (MPE) K. Glazebrook (JHU) D. Le Borgne (Saclay)

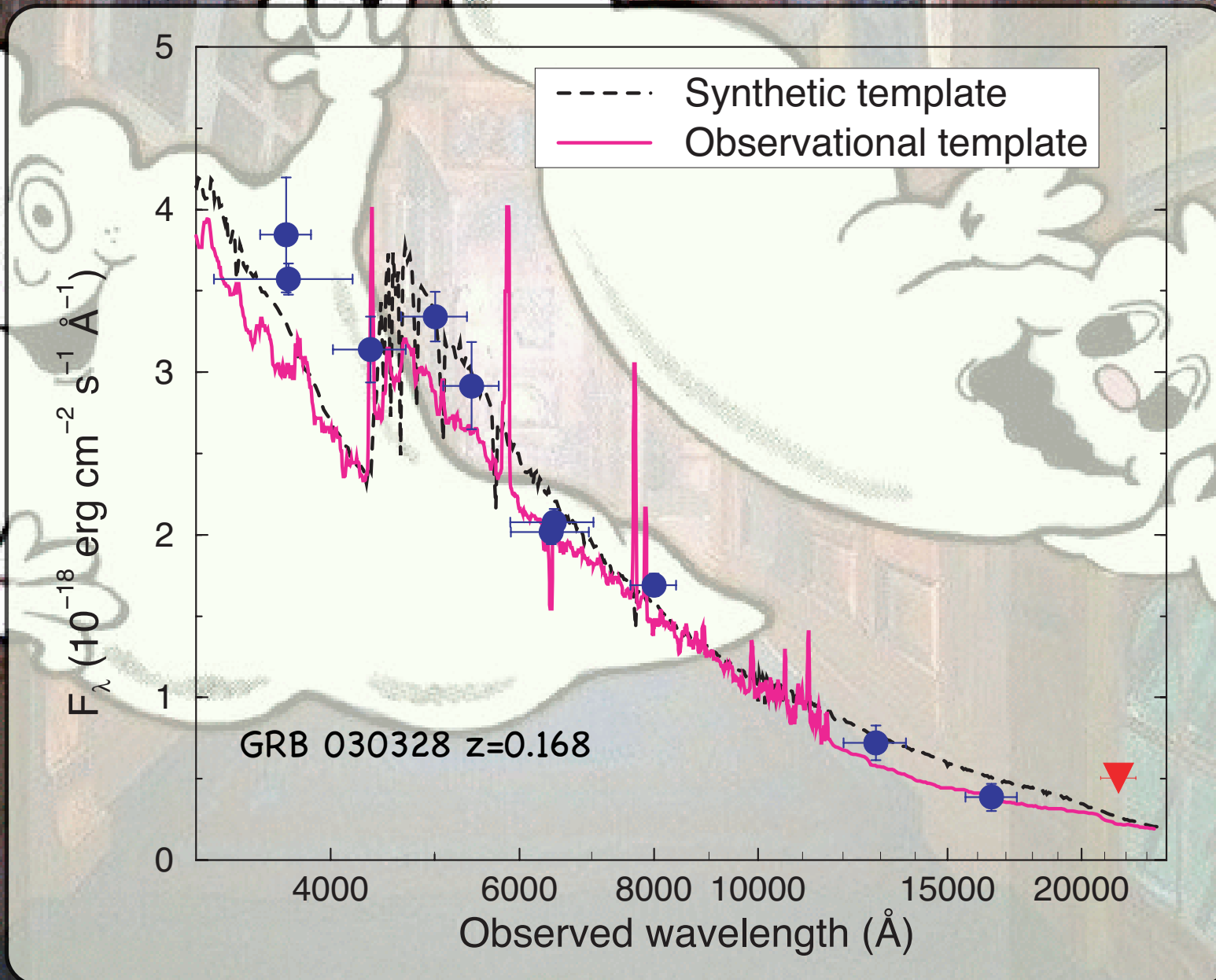
GRB Host Studies (GHostS)

- The largest archive of gamma-ray burst host galaxies
- Multi-band opt-NIR photometry and spectroscopy



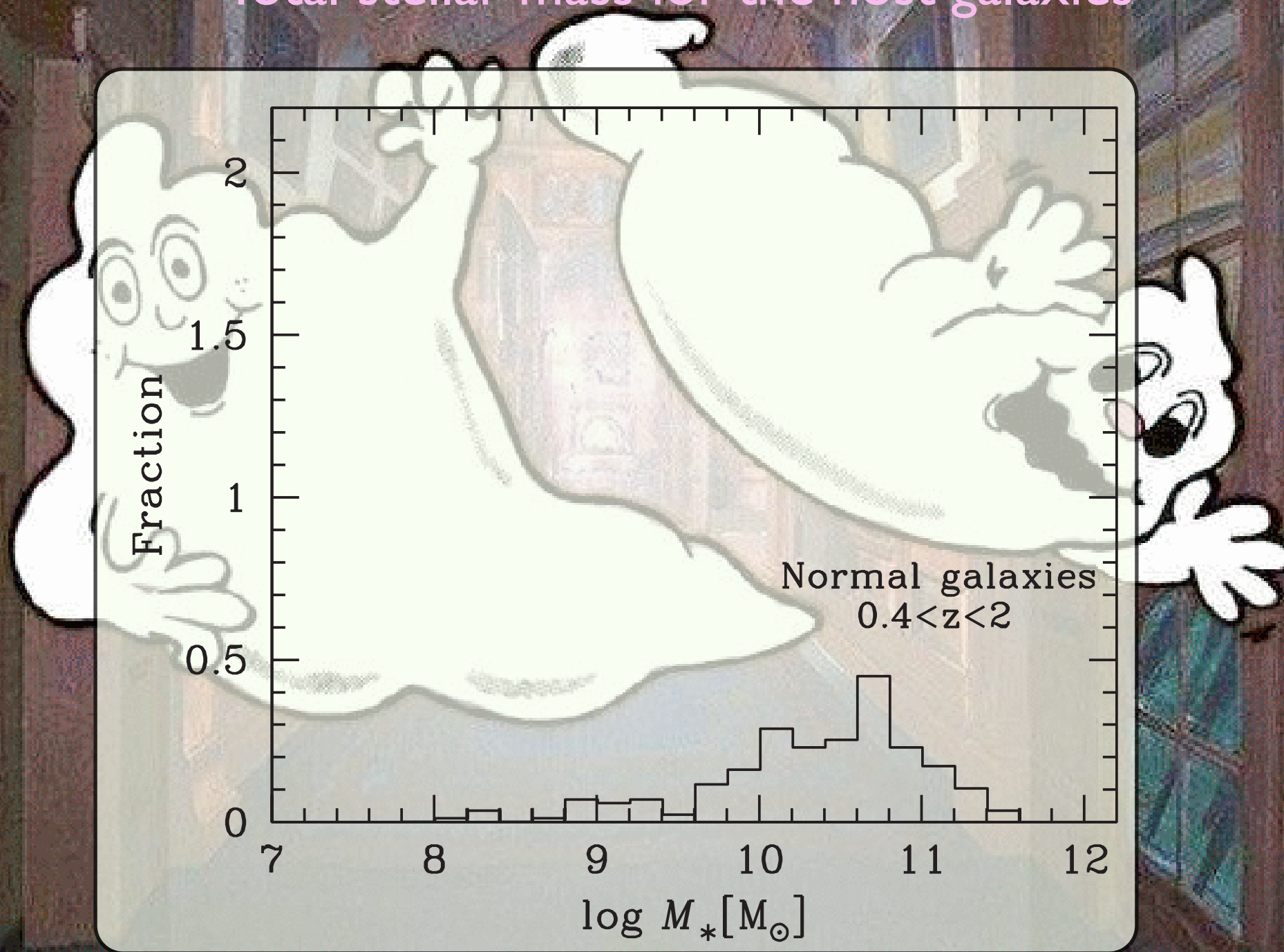
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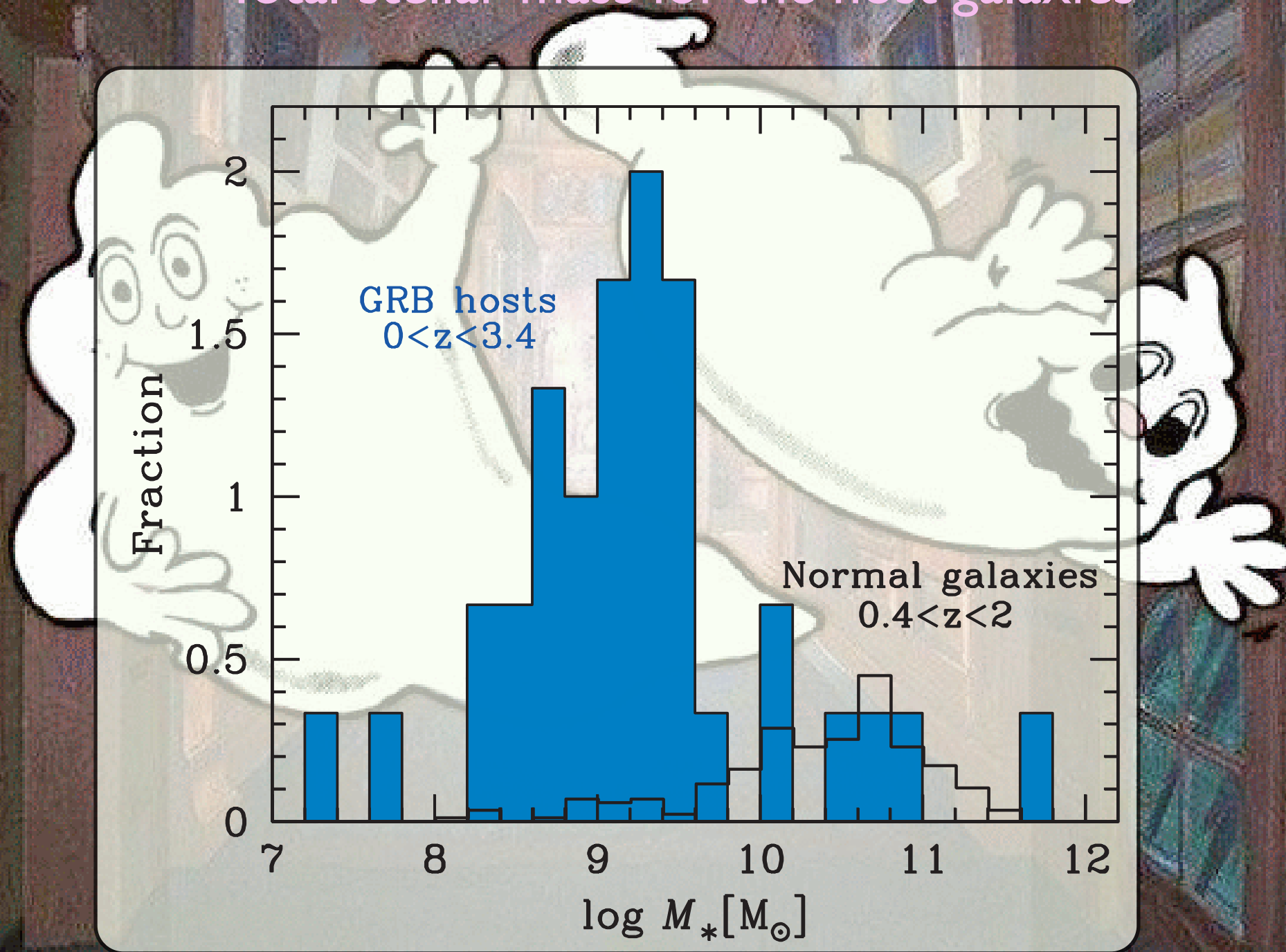
GRB Host Studies (GHostS)

Total stellar mass for the host galaxies



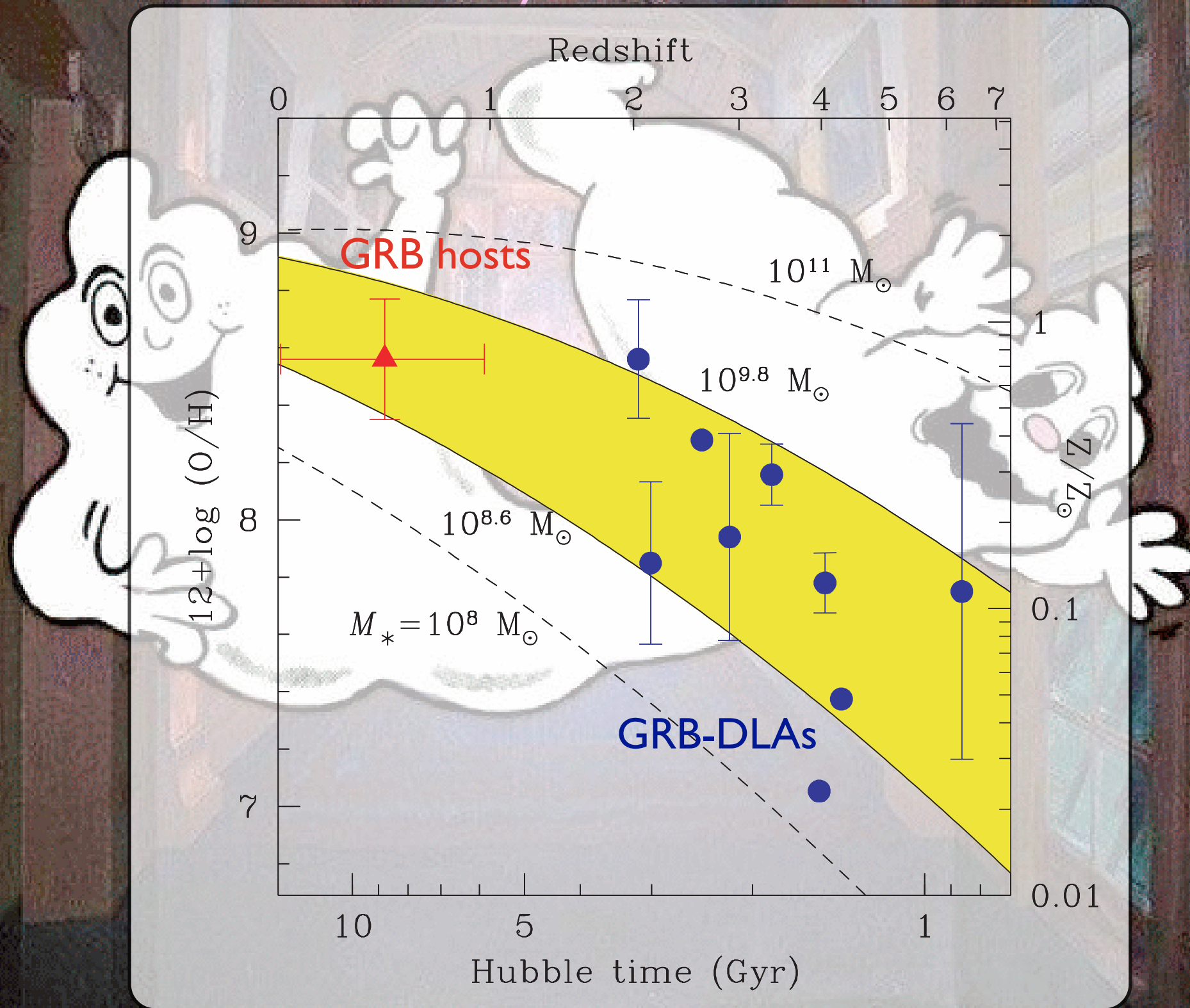
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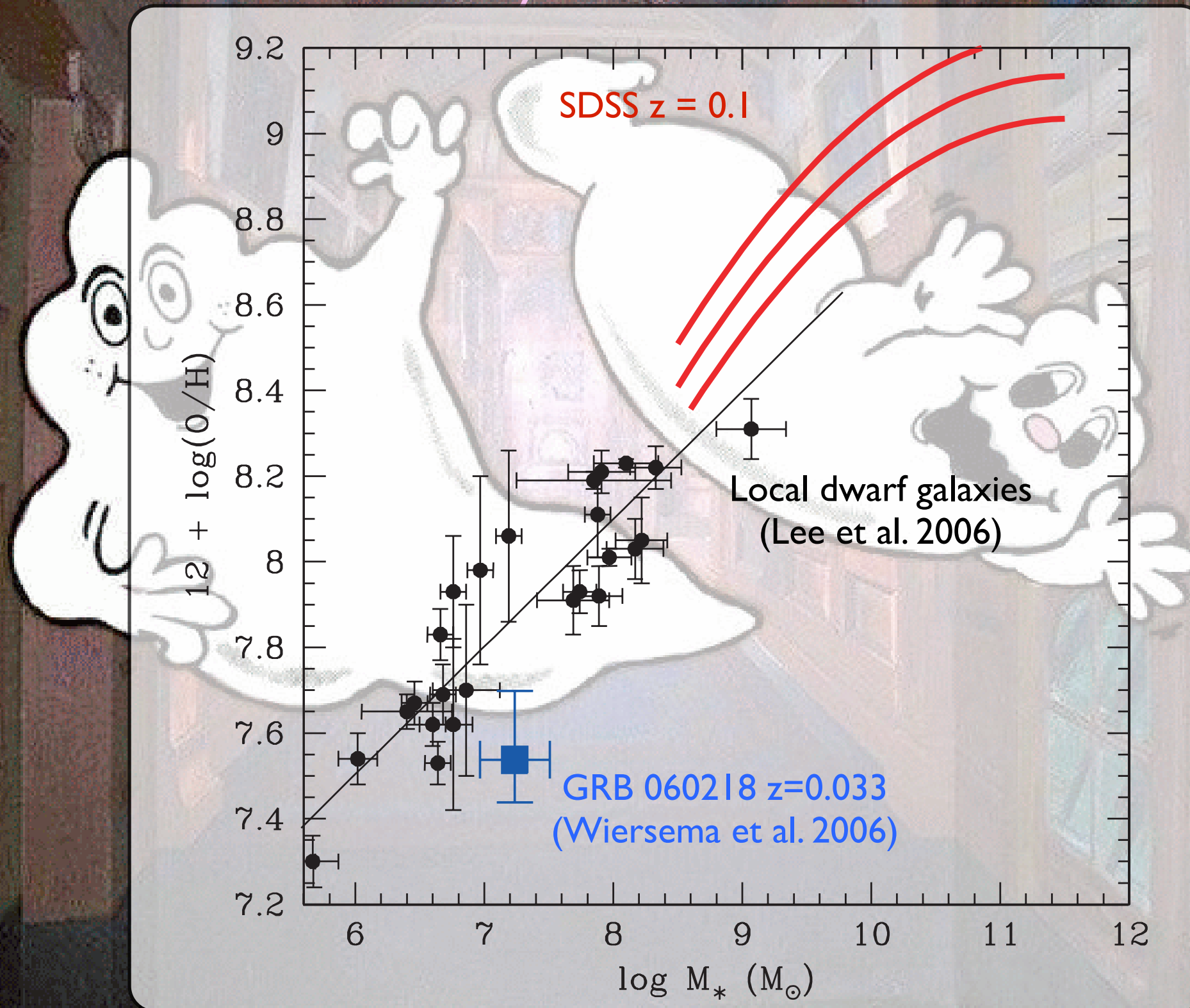
GRB Host Studies (GHostS)

Mass-metallicity relation in GRB hosts



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- ④ Future: GRB host galaxy population